



# UM8272A / UM8272A-4

## Floppy Disk Controller

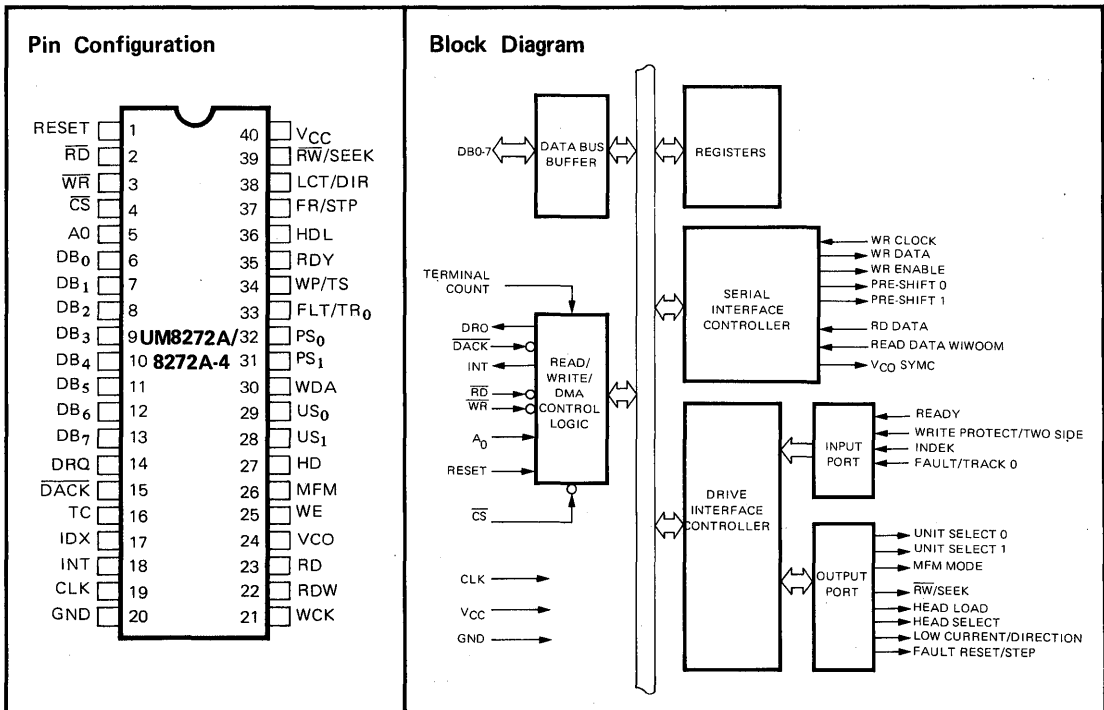
### Features

- IBM Compatible in Both Single and Double Density Recording Formats
- Programmable Data Record Lengths: 128, 256, 512, or 1024 Bytes/Sector
- Multi-Sector and Multi-Track Transfer Capability
- Drives Up to 4 Floppy or Mini-Floppy Disks
- Data Transfers in DMA or Non-DMA Mode
- Parallel Seek Operations on Up to Four Drives
- Compatible with all intel and Most Other Microprocessors
- Single-Phase 8MHz/4MHz Clock for UM8272A/UM8272A-4 respectively
- Single + 5 Volt Power Supply ( $\pm 10\%$ )

### General Description

The UM8272A is an LSI Floppy Disk Controller (FDC) Chip, which contains the circuitry and control functions for interfacing a processor to 4 Floppy Disk Drives. It is

capable of supporting either IBM 3740 single density format (FM), or IBM System 34 Double Density format (MFM) including double sided recording. The UM8272A



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provides control signals which simplify the design of an external phase locked loop and write precompensation circuitry. The FDC simplifies and handles most of the burdens associated with implementing a Floppy Disk Drive interface. The UM8272A is a pin-compatible upgrade to the 8272.

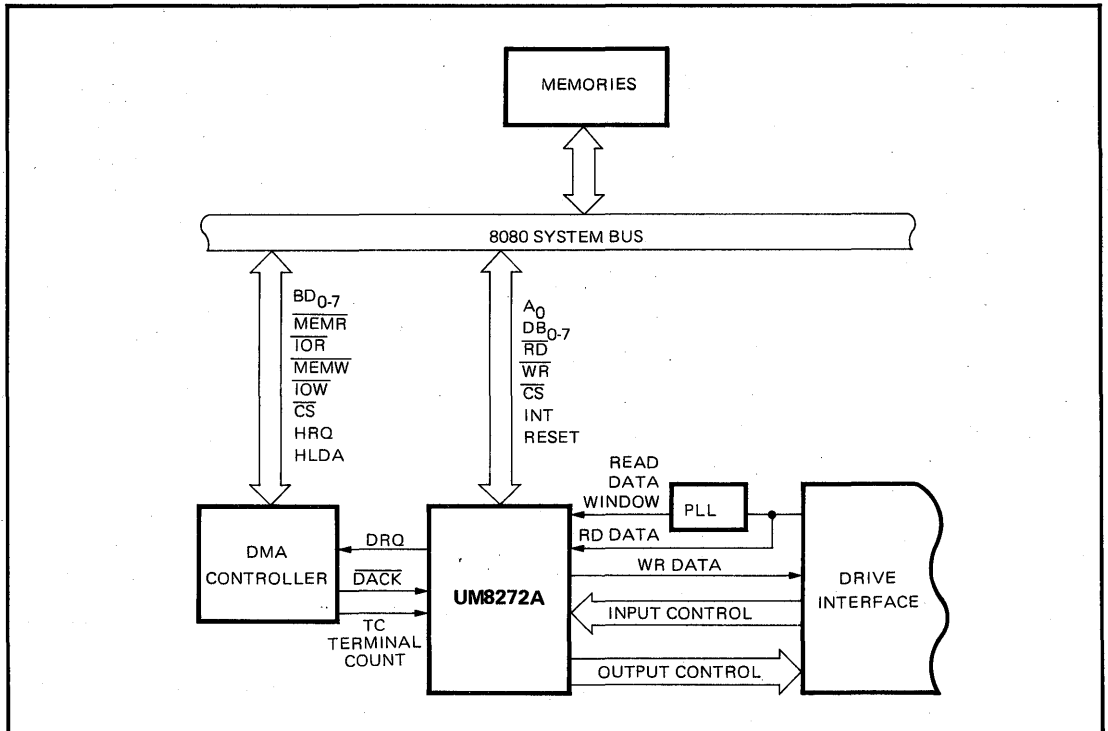
Hand-Shaking signals are provided in the UM8272A which make DMA operation easy to incorporate with the aid of an external DMA Controller chip. The FDC will operate in either DMA or Non-DMA mode. In the Non-DMA mode, the FDC generates interrupts to the processor every time a data byte is available. In the DMA mode, the processor need only load the command into the FDC and all data transfers occur under control of the UM8272A and DMA controller.

There are 15 separate commands which the UM8272A will execute. Each of these commands requires multiple 8-bit bytes to fully specify the operation which the

processor wishes the FDC to perform. The following commands are available:

|                    |                                  |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| Read Data          | Write Data                       |
| Read ID            | Format a Track                   |
| Read Deleted Data  | Write Deleted Data               |
| Read a Track       | Seek                             |
| Scan Equal         | Recalibrate (Restore to Track 0) |
| Scan High or Equal | Sense interrupt Status           |
| Scan Low or Equal  | Sense Drive Status               |
| Specify            |                                  |

Address mark detection circuitry is internal to the FDC which simplifies the phase locked loop and read electronics. The track stepping rate, head load time, and head unload time may be programmed by the user. The UM8272A offers many additional features such as multiple sector transfers in both read and write with a single command, and full IBM compatibility in both single and double density models.



**Figure 1. System Configuration**



**Absolute Maximum Ratings\***

Operating Temperature . . . . . 0°C to +70°C  
 Storage Temperature . . . . . -55°C to +150°C  
 All Output Voltages . . . . . -0.5 to +7 Volts  
 All Input Voltages . . . . . -0.5 to +7 Volts  
 Supply Voltage V<sub>CC</sub> . . . . . -0.5 to +7 Volts  
 Power Dissipation . . . . . 1 Watt

**\*Comments**

Stress above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**D.C. Characteristics**

(T<sub>A</sub> = 0°C to +70°C, V<sub>CC</sub> = +5V ± 10%)

| Symbol           | Parameter                           | Limits |                       | Units    | Conditions   |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------|----------|--|
|                  |                                     | Min.   | Max.                  |          |  |
| V <sub>IL</sub>  | Input Low Voltage                   | -0.5   | 0.8                   | V        |  |
| V <sub>IH</sub>  | Input High Voltage                  | 2.0    | V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 | V        |  |
| V <sub>OL</sub>  | Output Low Voltage                  |        | 0.45                  | V        | I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.0 mA                                   |
| V <sub>OH</sub>  | Output High Voltage                 | 2.4    | V <sub>CC</sub>       | V        | I <sub>OH</sub> = -400 μA                                  |
| I <sub>CC</sub>  | V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current      |        | 120                   | mA       |  |
| I <sub>IL</sub>  | Input Load Current (All Input Pins) |        | 10<br>-10             | μA<br>μA | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub><br>V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V |
| I <sub>LOH</sub> | High Level Output Leakage Current   |        | 10                    | μA       | V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>                         |
| I <sub>OFL</sub> | Output Float Leakage Current        | -10    | +10                   | μA       | 0.45 V ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub>                |

**Capacitance**

(T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f<sub>c</sub> = 1 MHz, V<sub>CC</sub> = 0V)

| Symbol              | Parameter                | Limits |      | Unit | Conditions                                       |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------|------|------|--|
|                     |                          | Min.   | Max. |      |  |
| C <sub>IN</sub> (φ) | Clock Input Capacitance  |        | 20   | pF   | All Pins Except Pin Under Test Tied to AC Ground |
| C <sub>IN</sub>     | Input Capacitance        |        | 10   | pF   |  |
| C <sub>I/O</sub>    | Input/Output Capacitance |        | 20   | pF   |  |

**A.C. Characteristics**

(T<sub>A</sub> = 0°C to +70°C, V<sub>CC</sub> = +5.0V ± 10%)

**CLOCK TIMING**

| Symbol           | Parameter         | Min. | Max. | Units           | Notes     |
|------------------|-------------------|------|------|-----------------|-----------|
| T <sub>CY</sub>  | Clock Period      | 120  | 500  | ns              | Note 5    |
| t <sub>CH</sub>  | Clock High Period | 40   |      | ns              | Note 4, 5 |
| t <sub>RST</sub> | Reset Width       | 14   |      | t <sub>CY</sub> |           |

**READ CYCLE**

|                 |   |     |     |    |  |
|-----------------|---|-----|-----|----|--|
| t <sub>AR</sub> | Select Setup to $\overline{RD}\downarrow$ | 0   |     | ns |  |
| t <sub>RA</sub> | Select Hold from $\overline{RD}\uparrow$  | 0   |     | ns |  |
| t <sub>RR</sub> | $\overline{RD}$ Pulse width               | 250 |     | ns |  |
| t <sub>RD</sub> | Data Delay from $\overline{RD}\downarrow$ |     | 200 | ns |  |
| t <sub>DF</sub> | Output Float Delay                        | 20  | 100 | ns |  |

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**A.C. Characteristics (Continued)** ( $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = +5.0\text{V} \pm 10\%$ )

**WRITE CYCLE**

| Symbol   | Parameter                                  | Typ. | Min. | Max. | Units | Notes |
|----------|--|------|------|------|-------|-------|
| $t_{AW}$ | Select Setup to $\overline{WR} \downarrow$ |      | 0    |      | ns    |       |
| $t_{WA}$ | Select Hold from $\overline{WR} \uparrow$  |      | 0    |      | ns    |       |
| $t_{WW}$ | $\overline{WR}$ Pulse Width                |      | 250  |      | ns    |       |
| $t_{DW}$ | Data Setup to $\overline{WR} \uparrow$     |      | 150  |      | ns    |       |
| $t_{WD}$ | Data Hold from $\overline{WR} \uparrow$    |      | 10   |      | ns    |       |

**INTERRUPTS**

|          |   |  |  |     |    |        |
|----------|---|--|--|-----|----|--------|
| $t_{RI}$ | INT Delay from $\overline{RD} \uparrow$ |  |  | 500 | ns | Note 6 |
| $t_{WI}$ | INT Delay from $\overline{WR} \uparrow$ |  |  | 500 | ns | Note 6 |

**DMA**

|            |   |  |     |     |               |        |
|------------|---|--|-----|-----|---------------|--------|
| $t_{ROCY}$ | DRQ Cycle Period  |  | 13  |     | $\mu\text{s}$ | Note 6 |
| $t_{AKRO}$ | $\overline{DACK} \downarrow$ to $\text{DRQ} \downarrow$                       |  |     | 200 | ns            |        |
| $t_{ROR}$  | $\text{DRQ} \uparrow$ to $\overline{RD} \downarrow$                           |  | 800 |     | ns            | Note 6 |
| $t_{ROW}$  | $\text{DRQ} \uparrow$ to $\overline{WR} \downarrow$                           |  | 250 |     | ns            | Note 6 |
| $t_{RORW}$ | $\text{DRQ} \uparrow$ to $\overline{RD} \uparrow$ or $\overline{WR} \uparrow$ |  |     | 12  | $\mu\text{s}$ | Note 6 |

**FDD INTERFACE**

|            |  |                  |                |     |               |                           |
|------------|--|------------------|----------------|-----|---------------|---------------------------|
| $t_{WCY}$  | WCK Cycle Time   | 2 or 4<br>1 or 2 |                |     | $\mu\text{s}$ | MFM = 0<br>MFM = 1 Note 2 |
| $t_{WCH}$  | WCK High Time  | 250              | 80             | 350 | ns            |                           |
| $t_{CP}$   | Pre-Shift Delay from WCK $\uparrow$  |                  | 20             | 100 | ns            |                           |
| $t_{CD}$   | WDA Delay from WCK $\uparrow$  |                  | 20             | 100 | ns            |                           |
| $t_{WDD}$  | Write Data Width   |                  | $t_{WCH} - 50$ |     | ns            |                           |
| $t_{WE}$   | $\text{WE} \uparrow$ to WCK $\uparrow$ or $\text{WE} \downarrow$ to WCK $\downarrow$ Delay |                  | 20             | 100 | ns            |                           |
| $t_{WWCY}$ | Window Cycle Time  | 2<br>1           |                |     | $\mu\text{s}$ | MFM = 0<br>MFM = 1        |
| $t_{WRD}$  | Window Setup to RDD $\uparrow$   |                  | 15             |     | ns            |                           |
| $t_{RDW}$  | Window Hold from RDD $\downarrow$  |                  | 15             |     | ns            |                           |
| $t_{RDD}$  | RDD Active Time (HIGH)   |                  | 40             |     | ns            |                           |

**FDD SEEK/DIRECTION/STEP**

|           |   |    |    |    |               |           |
|-----------|---|----|----|----|---------------|-----------|
| $t_{US}$  | $\text{US}_{0,1}$ Setup to $\overline{RW}/\text{SEEK} \uparrow$     |    | 12 |    | $\mu\text{s}$ | Note 6    |
| $t_{SU}$  | $\text{US}_{0,1}$ Hold after $\overline{RW}/\text{SEEK} \downarrow$ |    | 15 |    | $\mu\text{s}$ | Note 6    |
| $t_{SD}$  | $\overline{RW}/\text{SEEK}$ Setup to LCT/DIR                        |    | 7  |    | $\mu\text{s}$ | Note 6    |
| $t_{DS}$  | $\overline{RW}/\text{SEEK}$ Hold from LCT/DIR                       |    | 30 |    | $\mu\text{s}$ | Note 6    |
| $t_{DST}$ | LCT/DIR Setup to FR/STEP $\uparrow$                                 |    | 1  |    | $\mu\text{s}$ | Note 6    |
| $t_{STD}$ | LCT/DIR Hold from FR/STEP $\downarrow$                              |    | 24 |    | $\mu\text{s}$ | Note 6    |
| $t_{STU}$ | $\text{DS}_{2,1}$ Hold from FR/STEP $\downarrow$                    |    | 5  |    | $\mu\text{s}$ | Note 6    |
| $t_{STP}$ | STEP Active Time (High)   | 5  |    |    | $\mu\text{s}$ | Note 6    |
| $t_{SC}$  | STEP Cycle Time   |    | 33 |    | $\mu\text{s}$ | Note 3, 6 |
| $t_{FR}$  | FAULT RESET Active Time (High)                                      |    | 8  | 10 | $\mu\text{s}$ | Note 6    |
| $t_{IDX}$ | INDEX Pulse Width   | 10 |    |    | $t_{CY}$      |           |
| $t_{TC}$  | Terminal Count Width  |    | 1  |    | $t_{CY}$      |           |

**Notes:**

1. Typical values for  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  and nominal supply voltage.
2. The former values are used for standard floppy and the latter values are used for mini-floppies.
3.  $t_{SC} = 33 \mu\text{s}$  min, is for different drive units. In the case of same unit,  $t_{SC}$  can be ranged from 1 ms to 16 ms with 8 MHz clock period, and 2 ms to 32 ms with 4 MHz clock, under software control.
4. From 2.0V to +2.0V.
5. At 4 MHz, the clock duty cycle may range from 16% to 76%. Using an 8 MHz clock the duty cycle can range from 32% to 52%. Duty cycle is defined as: D.C. =  $100 (t_{CH} \rightarrow t_{CY})$  with typical rise and fall times of 5 ns.
6. The specified values listed are for an 8 MHz clock period, Multiply timings by 2 when using a 4 MHz clock period.

**Pin Description**

| Pin  |                                  |                        | Input/<br>Output  | Connection<br>to | Functions   |
|------|----------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---|
| No.  | Symbol                           | Name                   |                   |                  |   |
| 1    | RST                              | Reset                  | Input             | Processor        | Places FDC in idle state Resets output lines to FDD to "0" (low). Does not effect SRT, HUT or HLT in Specify command. If RDY pin is held high during Reset, FDC will generate interrupt 1.024 ms later. To clear this interrupt use Sense Interrupt Status command. |
| 2    | $\overline{RD}$                  | Read                   | Input ①           | Processor        | Control signal for transfer of data from FDC to Data Bus, when "0" (low).   |
| 3    | $\overline{WR}$                  | Write                  | Input ①           | Processor        | Control signal for transfer of data to FDC via Data Bus, when "0" (low).  |
| 4    | $\overline{CS}$                  | Chip Select            | Input             | Processor        | IC selected when "0" (low), allowing $\overline{RD}$ and $\overline{WR}$ to be enabled.   |
| 5    | A <sub>0</sub>                   | Data/Status Reg Select | Input ①           | Processor        | Selects Data Reg (A <sub>0</sub> = 1) or Status Reg (A <sub>0</sub> = 0) contents of the FDC to be sent to Data Bus.  |
| 6-13 | DB <sub>0</sub> -DB <sub>7</sub> | Data Bus               | Input ①<br>Output | Processor        | Bi-Directional 8-Bit Data Bus.  |
| 14   | DRQ                              | Data DMA Request       | Output            | DMA              | DMA Request is being made by FDC when DRW = "1".  |
| 15   | $\overline{DACK}$                | DMA Acknowledge        | Input             | DMA              | DMA cycle is active when "0" (low) and Controller is performing DMA transfer.   |
| 16   | TC                               | Terminal Count         | Input             | DMA              | Indicates the termination of a DMA transfer when "1" (high). It terminates data transfer during Read/Write/Scan command in DMA or interrupt mode.   |
| 17   | IDX                              | Index                  | Input             | FDD              | Indicates the beginning of a disk track.  |
| 18   | INT                              | Interrupt              | Output            | Processor        | Interrupt Request Generated by FDC.   |
| 19   | CLK                              | Clock                  | Input             |                  | Single Phase 8 MHz Squarewave Clock.  |
| 20   | GND                              | Ground                 |                   |                  | D.C. Power Return.  |
| 21   | WCK                              | Write Clock            | Input             |                  | Write Data rate to FDD. FM = 500 kHz, MFM = 1 MHz, with a pulse width of 250 ns for both FM and MFM.  |
| 22   | RDW                              | Read Data Window       | Input             | Phase Lock Loop  | Generated by PLL, and used to sample data from FDD.   |

**Pin Description (Continued)**

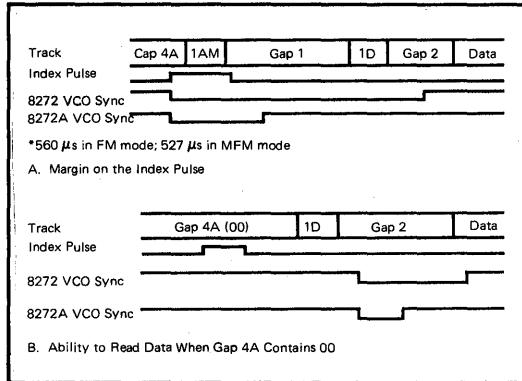
| Pin    |                                   |                             | Input Output | Connection to   | Functions  |
|--------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|-----------------|--|
| No.    | Symbol                            | Name                        |              |                 |  |
| 23     | RDD                               | Read Data                   | Input        | FDD             | Read data from FDD, containing clock and data bits.  |
| 24     | VCO                               | VCO Sync                    | Output       | Phase Lock Loop | Inhibits VCO in PLL when "0" (low), enables VCO when "1".  |
| 25     | WE                                | Write Enable                | Output       | FDD             | Enables write data into FDD.   |
| 26     | MFM                               | MFM Mode                    | Output       | Phase Lock Loop | MFM mode when "1", FM mode when "0".   |
| 27     | HD                                | Head Select                 | Output       | FDD             | Head 1 selected when "1" (high). Head 2 selected when "0" (low).   |
| 28, 29 | US <sub>1</sub> , US <sub>0</sub> | Unit Select                 | Output       | FDD             | FDD Unit Selected.   |
| 30     | WDA                               | Write Data                  | Output       | FDD             | Serial clock and data bits to FDD.   |
| 31, 32 | PS <sub>1</sub> , PS <sub>0</sub> | Precompensation (pre-shift) | Output       | FDD             | Write Precompensation status during MFM mode. Determines early, late, and normal times.  |
| 33     | FLT/TR <sub>0</sub>               | Fault/Track 0               | Input        | FDD             | Senses FDD fault condition, in Read/Write mode; and Track 0 condition in Seek mode.  |
| 34     | WP/TS                             | Write Protect/Two-Side      | Input        | FDD             | Senses Write Protect Status in Read/Write mode; and Two Side Media in Seek mode.   |
| 35     | RDY                               | Ready                       | Input        | FDD             | Indicates FDD is ready to send or receive data.  |
| 36     | HDL                               | Head Load                   | Output       | FDD             | Command which causes read/write head in FDD to contact diskette.   |
| 37     | FR/STP                            | Fit Reset/Stop              | Output       | FDD             | Resets fault F.F. in FDD in Read/Write mode, contains stop pulses to move head to another cylinder in Seek mode.   |
| 38     | LCT/DIR                           | Low Current/Direction       | Output       | FDD             | Lowers Write current on inner tracks in Read/Write mode, determines direction head will stop in Seek mode. A fault reset pulse is issued at the beginning of each Read or Write command prior to the occurrence of the Head Load signal. |
| 39     | RW/SEEK                           | Read Write/SEEK             | Output       | FDD             | When "1" (high) Seek mode selected and when "0" (low) Read/Write mode selected.  |
| 40     | V <sub>CC</sub>                   | +5V                         |              |                 | DC Power.  |

Note: ① Disabled when  $\overline{CS} = 1$ .

**UM8272A Enhancements**

On the UM8272A, after detecting the Index Pulse, the VCO Sync output stays low for a shorter period of time. See Figure 2A.

On the 8272 there can be a problem reading data when Gap 2A is 00 and there is no 1AM. This occurs on some older floppy formats. The UM8272A cures this problem by adjusting the VCO Sync timing so that it is not low during the data field. See Figure 2B.



**Figure 2. UM8272A Enhancements over the 8272**

The Main Status Register bits are defined in Table 2.

**Table 2. Main Status Register bit description.**

| Bit Number      | Name               | Symbol           | Descriptions   |
|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|--|
| DB <sub>0</sub> | FDD 0 Busy         | D <sub>0</sub> B | FDD number 0 is in the Seek mode. If any of the bits is set FDC will not accept read or write command.   |
| DB <sub>1</sub> | FDD 1 Busy         | D <sub>1</sub> B | FDD number 1 is in the Seek mode. If any of the bits is set FDC will not accept read or write command.   |
| DB <sub>2</sub> | FDD 2 Busy         | D <sub>2</sub> B | FDD number 2 is in the Seek mode. If any of the bits is set FDC will not accept read or write command.   |
| DB <sub>3</sub> | FDD 3 Busy         | D <sub>3</sub> B | FDD number 3 is in the Seek mode. If any of the bits is set FDC will not accept read or write command.   |
| DB <sub>4</sub> | FDC Busy           | CB               | A read or write command is in process. FDC will not accept any other command.  |
| DB <sub>5</sub> | Execution Mode     | EXM              | This bit is set only during execution phase in non-DMA mode. When DB <sub>5</sub> goes low, execution phase has ended, and result phase was started. It operates only during NON-DMA modes of operation.   |
| DB <sub>6</sub> | Data Input/Output  | DIO              | Indicates direction of data transfer between FDC and Data Register. If DIO = "1" then transfer is from Data Register to the Processor. If DIO = "0", then transfer is from the Processor to Data Register. |
| DB <sub>7</sub> | Request for Master | RQM              | Indicates Data Register is ready to send or receive data to or from the Processor. Both bits DIO and RQM should be used to perform the hand-shaking functions of "ready" and "direction" to the processor. |

The DIO and RQM bits in the Status Register indicate when Data is ready and in which direction data will be transferred on the Data Bus. The max time between the last  $\overline{RD}$  or  $\overline{WR}$  during command or result phase and DIO and RQM getting set or reset is 12  $\mu$ s. For this reason every time Main Status Register is read the CPU should wait 12  $\mu$ s. The max time from the trailing edge of the last  $\overline{RD}$  in the result phase to when DB<sub>4</sub> (FDC Busy) goes low is 12  $\mu$ s.

Note: There is a 12  $\mu$ s or 24  $\mu$ s ROM flag delay when using an 8 or 4 MHz clock respectively.

**UM8272A Registers – CPU Interface**

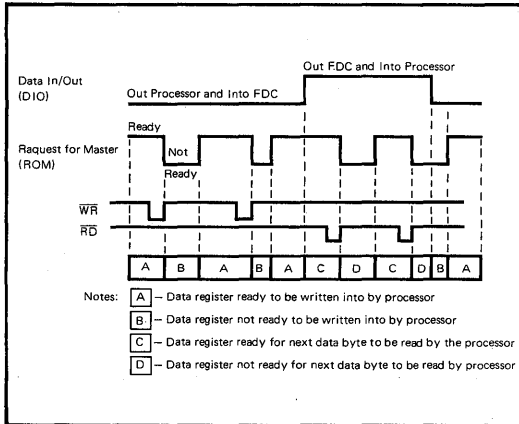
The UM8272A contains two registers which may be accessed by the main system processor, a Status Register and a Data Register. The 8-bit Main Status Register contains the status information of the FDC, and may be accessed at any time. The 8-bit Data Register (actually consists of several registers in a stack with only one register presented to the data bus at a time), stores data, commands, parameters, and FDD status information. Data bytes are read out of, or written into, the Data Register in order to program or obtain the results after execution of a command. The Status Register may only be read and is used to facilitate the transfer of data between the processor and UM8272A.

The relationship between the Status/Data registers and the signals  $\overline{RD}$ ,  $\overline{WR}$ , and A<sub>0</sub> is shown in Table 1.

**Table 1. A<sub>0</sub>,  $\overline{RD}$ ,  $\overline{WR}$  decoding for the selection of Status/Data register functions.**

| A <sub>0</sub> | $\overline{RD}$ | $\overline{WR}$ | Function                  |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| 0              | 0               | 1               | Read Main Status Register |
| 0              | 1               | 0               | Illegal (see note)        |
| 0              | 0               | 0               | Illegal (see note)        |
| 1              | 0               | 0               | Illegal (see note)        |
| 1              | 0               | 1               | Read from Data Register   |
| 1              | 1               | 0               | Write into Data Register  |

Note: Design must guarantee that the UM8272A is not subjected to illegal inputs.



**Figure 3. Status Register Timing**

The UM8272A is capable of executing 15 different commands. Each command is initiated by a multi-byte transfer from the processor, and the result after execution of the command may also be a multi-byte transfer back to the processor. Because of this multi-byte interchange of information between the UM8272A and the processor, it is convenient to consider each command as consisting of three phases:

- Command Phase:** The FDC receives all information required to perform a particular operation from the processor.
- Execution Phase:** The FDC performs the operation it was instructed to do.
- Result Phase:** After completion of the operation, status and other housekeeping information are made available to the processor.

During Command or Result Phases the Main Status Register (described in Table 2) must be read by the processor before each byte of information is written into or read from the Data Register. Bits D6 and D7 in the Main Status Register must be in a 0 and 1 state, respectively, before each byte of the command word may be written into the UM8272A. Many of the commands require multiple bytes, and as a result the Main Status Register must be read prior to each byte transfer to the UM8272A. On the other hand, during the Result Phase, D6 and D7 in the Main Status Register must both be 1's (D6 = 1 and D7 = 1) before reading each byte from the Data Register. Note, this reading of the Main Status Register before each byte transfer to the UM8272A is required in only the Command and Result Phases, and NOT during the Execution Phase.

During the Execution Phase, the Main Status Register need not be read. If the UM8272A is in the non-DMA Mode, then the receipt of each data byte (if UM8272A is reading data from FDD) is indicated by an interrupt signal on pin 18 (INT = 1). The generation of a Read signal (RD = 0)

will reset the interrupt as well as output the Data onto the Data Bus. For example, if the processor cannot handle Interrupts fast enough (every 13  $\mu$ s for MFM mode) then it may poll the Main Status Register and then bit D7 (RQM) functions just like the Interrupt signal. If a Write Command is in process, then the WR signal performs the reset to the Interrupt signal.

The UM8272A always operates in a multi-sector transfer mode. It continues to transfer data until the TC input is active. In Non-DMA Mode, the system must supply the TC input.

If the UM8272A is in the DMA Mode, no Interrupts are generated during the Execution Phase. The UM8272A generates DRQ's (DMA Requests) when each byte of data is available. The DMA Controller responds to this request with both a DACK = 0 (DMA Acknowledge) and a RD = 0 (Read signal). When the DMA Acknowledge signal goes low (DACK = 0) then the DMA Request is reset (DRQ = 0). If a Write Command has been programmed then a WR signal will appear instead of RD. After the Execution Phase has been completed (Terminal Count has occurred) then an Interrupt will occur (INT = 1). This signifies the beginning of the Result Phase. When the first byte of data is read during the Result Phase, the Interrupt is automatically reset (INT = 0).

It is important to note that during the Result Phase all bytes shown in the Command Table must be read. The Read Data Command, for example, has seven bytes of data in the Result Phase. All seven bytes must be read in order to successfully complete the Read Data Command. The UM8272A will not accept a new command until all seven bytes have been read. Other commands may require fewer bytes to be read during the Result Phase.

The UM8272A contains five Status Registers. The Main Status Register mentioned above may be read by the processor at any time. The other four Status Registers (ST0, ST1, ST2, and ST3) are only available during the Result Phase, and may be read only after successfully completing a command. The particular command which has been executed determines how many of the Status Registers will be read.

The bytes of data which are sent to the UM8272A from the Command Phase, and are read out of the UM8272A in the Result Phase, must occur in the order shown in the Table 3 That is, the Command Code must be sent first and the other bytes sent in the prescribed sequence. No foreshortening of the Command or Result Phases are allowed. After the last byte of data in the Command Phase is sent to the UM8272A, the Execution Phase automatically starts. In a similar fashion, when the last byte of data is read out in the Result Phase, the command is automatically ended and the UM8272A is ready for a new command. A command may be aborted by simply sending a Terminal Count signal to pin 16 (TC=1). This is a convenient means of ensuring that the processor may always get the UM8272A's attention even if the disk system hangs up in an abnormal manner.



**Command Symbol Description**

| Symbol                         | Name   | Descriptions   |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| A <sub>0</sub>                 | Address Line 0                               | A <sub>0</sub> controls selection of Main Status Register (A <sub>0</sub> = 0) or Data Register (A <sub>0</sub> = 1).  |
| C                              | Cylinder Number                              | C stands for the current/selected Cylinder (track) number 0 through 76 of the medium.  |
| D                              | Data   | D stands for the data pattern which is going to be written into a sector.  |
| D <sub>7</sub> -D <sub>0</sub> | Data Bus                                     | 8-bit Data Bus, where D <sub>7</sub> stands for a most significant bit, and D <sub>0</sub> stands for a least significant bit.   |
| DTL                            | Data Length                                  | When N is defined as 00, DTL stands for the data length which users are going to read out or write into the Sector.  |
| EOT                            | End of Track                                 | EOT stands for the final Sector number on a Cylinder. During Read or Write operation FDC will stop data transfer after a sector # equal to EOT.  |
| GPL                            | Gap Length                                   | GPL stands for the length of Gap 3. During Read/Write commands this value determines the number of bytes that VCOs will stay low after two CRC bytes. During Format command it determines the size of Gap 3.   |
| H                              | Head Address                                 | H stands for head number 0 or 1, as specified in ID field.   |
| HD                             | Head   | HD stands for a selected head number 0 or 1 and controls the polarity of pin 27. (H = HD in all command words.)  |
| HLT                            | Head Load Time                               | HLT stands for the head load time in the FDD (2 to 254 ms in 2 ms increments).   |
| HUT                            | Head Unload Time                             | HUT stands for the head unload time after a read or write operation has occurred (16 to 240 ms in 16 ms increments).   |
| MF                             | FM or MFM Mode                               | If MF is low, FM mode is selected, and if it is high, MFM mode is selected.  |
| MT                             | Multi-Track                                  | If MT is high, a multi-track operation is to be performed. If MT = 1 after finishing Read/Write operation on side 0 FDC will automatically start searching for sector 1 on side 1.   |
| N                              | Number                                       | N stands for the number of data bytes written in Sector.   |
| NCN                            | New Cylinder Number                          | NCN stands for a new Cylinder number, which is going to be reached as a result of the Seek operation. Desired position of Head.  |
| ND                             | Non-DMA Mode                                 | ND stands for operation in the Non-DMA Mode.   |
| PCN                            | Present Cylinder Number                      | PCN stands for the Cylinder number at the completion of SENSE INTERRUPT STATUS Command. Position of Head at present time.  |
| R                              | Record                                       | R stands for the Sector number, which will be read or written.   |
| R/W                            | Read/Write                                   | R/W stands for either Read (R) or Write (W) signal.  |
| SC                             | Sector                                       | SC indicates the number of Sectors per Cylinder.   |
| SK                             | Skip   | SK stands for Skip Deleted Data Address Mark.  |
| SRT                            | Step Rate Time                               | SRT stands for the Stepping Rate for the FDD. (1 to 16 ms in 1 ms increments.) Stepping Rate applies to all drives, (F = 1 ms, E = 2 ms, etc.)   |
| ST0<br>ST1<br>ST2<br>ST3       | Status 0<br>Status 1<br>Status 2<br>Status 3 | ST 0-3 stand for one of four registers which store the status information after a command has been executed. This information is available during the result phase after command execution. These registers should not be confused with the main status register. (selected by A <sub>0</sub> = 0); ST 0-3 may be read only after a command has been executed and contain information relevant to that particular command. |
| STP                            |  | During a Scan operation, if STP = 1, the data in contiguous sectors is compared byte by byte with data sent from the processor (or DMA); and if STP = 2, then alternate sectors are read and compared.   |
| US0, US1                       | Unit Select                                  | US stands for a selected drive number 0 or 1.  |

**Floppy Disk  
Controller**

**Table 3. UM8272A Command Set**

| PHASE                     | R/W    | DATABUS        |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | REMARKS  | PHASE     | R/W   | DATABUS        |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | REMARKS   |  |  |  |
|---------------------------|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|-----------|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---|--|--|--|
|                           |        | D <sub>7</sub> | D <sub>6</sub> | D <sub>5</sub> | D <sub>4</sub> | D <sub>3</sub> | D <sub>2</sub> | D <sub>1</sub> | D <sub>0</sub> |  |           |   | D <sub>7</sub> | D <sub>6</sub> | D <sub>5</sub> | D <sub>4</sub> | D <sub>3</sub> | D <sub>2</sub> | D <sub>1</sub> | D <sub>0</sub> |   |  |  |  |
| <b>READ DATA</b>          |        |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| Command                   | W      | MT             | MF             | SK             | 0              | 0              | 1              | 1              | 0              | Command Codes  | Command   | W   | 0              | MF             | SK             | 0              | 0              | 0              | 1              | 0              | Command Codes   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      | X              | X              | X              | X              | X              | HD             | US1            | US0            | Sector ID information prior to Command execution. The 4 bytes are commanded against header on Floppy Disk. |           | W   | X              | X              | X              | X              | X              | HD             | US1            | US0            | Sector ID information prior to Command execution  |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | C              |                |                |                |                |  |           | W   |                |                |                | C              |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | H              |                |                |                |                |  |           | W   |                |                |                | H              |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | R              |                |                |                |                |  |           | W   |                |                |                | R              |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | N              |                |                |                |                |  |           | W   |                |                |                | N              |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | EOT            |                |                |                |                |  |           | W   |                |                |                | EOT            |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| W                         |        |                |                | GPL            |                |                |                |                | W              |  |           |   | GPL            |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| W                         |        |                |                | DTL            |                |                |                |                | W              |  |           |   | DTL            |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| Execution                 |        |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | Data-transfer between the FDD and main-system  | Execution |   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | Data-transfer between the FDD and main-system. FDC reads all data fields from index hole to EOT |  |  |  |
|                           | Result | R              |                |                |                | ST 0           |                |                |                |  |           | R   |                |                |                | ST 0           |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           |        | R              |                |                |                | ST 1           |                |                |                |  |           | R   |                |                |                | ST 1           |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           |        | R              |                |                |                | ST 2           |                |                |                |  |           | R   |                |                |                | ST 2           |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           |        | R              |                |                |                | C              |                |                |                |  |           | R   |                |                |                | C              |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           |        | R              |                |                |                | H              |                |                |                |  |           | R   |                |                |                | H              |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           |        | R              |                |                |                | N              |                |                |                |  |           | R   |                |                |                | N              |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| R                         |        |                |                |                |                |                |                | R              |                |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| <b>READ DELETED DATA</b>  |        |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| Command                   | W      | MT             | MF             | SK             | 0              | 1              | 1              | 0              | 0              | Command Codes  | Command   | W   | 0              | MF             | 0              | 0              | 1              | 0              | 1              | 0              | Commands  |  |  |  |
|                           | W      | X              | X              | X              | X              | X              | HD             | US1            | US0            | Sector ID information Prior to Command execution. The 4 bytes are commanded against header on Floppy Disk. |           | W   | X              | X              | X              | X              | X              | HD             | US1            | US0            | The first correct ID information on the Cylinder is stored in Data Register                     |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | C              |                |                |                |                |  |           | Data-transfer between the FDD and main-system | Execution      | R              |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | H              |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                | ST 0           |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | R              |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                | ST 1           |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | N              |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                | ST 2           |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | EOT            |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                | C              |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| W                         |        |                |                | GPL            |                |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                | H              |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| W                         |        |                |                | OTL            |                |                |                |                |                |  |           | N   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| Execution                 |        |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | Data-transfer between the FDD and main-system  | Result    | R   |                |                |                | ST 0           |                |                |                |                | Status information after Command execution  |  |  |  |
|                           | R      |                |                |                | ST 1           |                |                |                | R              |  |           |   |                |                | ST 1           |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | R      |                |                |                | ST 2           |                |                |                | R              |  |           |   |                |                | ST 2           |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | R      |                |                |                | C              |                |                |                | R              |  |           |   |                |                | C              |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | R      |                |                |                | H              |                |                |                | R              |  |           |   |                |                | H              |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | R      |                |                |                | N              |                |                |                | R              |  |           |   |                |                | N              |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | R      |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | R              |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| <b>WRITE DATA</b>         |        |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| Command                   | W      | MT             | MF             | 0              | 0              | 1              | 0              | 0              | 1              | Command Codes  | Command   | W   | 0              | MF             | 0              | 0              | 1              | 0              | 0              | 1              | Command Codes   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      | X              | X              | X              | X              | X              | HD             | US1            | US0            | Sector ID information Prior to Command execution. The 4 bytes are commanded against header on Floppy Disk. |           | W   | X              | X              | X              | X              | X              | HD             | US1            | US0            | Bytes/Sector Sectors/Track Gap 3 Filler Byte FDC formats an entire track                        |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | C              |                |                |                |                |  |           | Data-transfer between the main-system and FDD | Execution      | W              |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | H              |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                | ST 0           |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | R              |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                | ST 1           |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | N              |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                | ST 2           |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | EOT            |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                | C              |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| W                         |        |                |                | GPL            |                |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                | H              |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| W                         |        |                |                | DTL            |                |                |                |                |                |  |           | N   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| Execution                 |        |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | Data-transfer between the main-system and FDD  | Result    | R   |                |                |                | ST 0           |                |                |                |                | Status information after Command execution  |  |  |  |
|                           | R      |                |                |                | ST 1           |                |                |                | R              |  |           |   |                |                | ST 1           |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | R      |                |                |                | ST 2           |                |                |                | R              |  |           |   |                |                | ST 2           |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | R      |                |                |                | C              |                |                |                | R              |  |           |   |                |                | C              |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | R      |                |                |                | H              |                |                |                | R              |  |           |   |                |                | H              |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | R      |                |                |                | N              |                |                |                | R              |  |           |   |                |                | N              |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | R      |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | R              |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| <b>WRITE DELETED DATA</b> |        |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| Command                   | W      | MT             | MF             | 0              | 0              | 1              | 0              | 0              | 1              | Command Codes  | Command   | W   | MT             | MF             | SK             | 1              | 0              | 0              | 0              | 1              | Command Codes   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      | X              | X              | X              | X              | X              | HD             | US1            | US0            | Sector ID information Prior to Command execution. The 4 bytes are commanded against header on Floppy Disk. |           | W   | X              | X              | X              | X              | X              | HD             | US1            | US0            | Sector ID information Prior to Command execution.   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | C              |                |                |                |                |  |           | Data-transfer between the FDD and main-system | Execution      | W              |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | H              |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                | ST 0           |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | R              |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                | ST 1           |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | N              |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                | ST 2           |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | W      |                |                |                | EOT            |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                | C              |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| W                         |        |                |                | GPL            |                |                |                |                |                |  |           |   |                |                | H              |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| W                         |        |                |                | DTL            |                |                |                |                |                |  |           | N   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
| Execution                 |        |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | Data-transfer between the FDD and main-system  | Result    | R   |                |                |                | ST 0           |                |                |                |                | Status information after Command execution  |  |  |  |
|                           | R      |                |                |                | ST 1           |                |                |                | R              |  |           |   |                |                | ST 1           |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | R      |                |                |                | ST 2           |                |                |                | R              |  |           |   |                |                | ST 2           |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | R      |                |                |                | C              |                |                |                | R              |  |           |   |                |                | C              |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | R      |                |                |                | H              |                |                |                | R              |  |           |   |                |                | H              |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | R      |                |                |                | N              |                |                |                | R              |  |           |   |                |                | N              |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |
|                           | R      |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | R              |  |           |   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |  |  |

Note: 1 Symbols used in this table are described at the end of this section.  
 2 A<sub>0</sub> should equal binary 1 for all operations.  
 3 X = Don't care, usually made to equal binary 0.

**Table 3. UM8272A Command Set (Continued)**

| PHASE                     | R/W    | DATABUS        |                |                |                |                |                |                |   | REMARKS  | PHASE   | R/W   | DATABUS                                       |  |                      |                |                |                |                              |                | REMARKS   |               |   |
|---------------------------|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---|--|---|---|---|--|----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------------|----------------|---|---------------|---|
|                           |        | D <sub>7</sub> | D <sub>6</sub> | D <sub>5</sub> | D <sub>4</sub> | D <sub>3</sub> | D <sub>2</sub> | D <sub>1</sub> | D <sub>0</sub>                                |  |   |   | D <sub>7</sub>                                | D <sub>6</sub>                             | D <sub>5</sub>       | D <sub>4</sub> | D <sub>3</sub> | D <sub>2</sub> | D <sub>1</sub>               | D <sub>0</sub> |   |               |   |
| <b>SCAN LOW OR EQUAL</b>  |        |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |   |   |   |  |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
| Command                   | W      | MT             | MF             | SK             | 1              | 1              | 0              | 0              | 1   | Command Codes                                  | Command                                       | W   | 0   | 0  | 0                    | 0              | 0              | 1              | 1                            | 1              | Command Codes                                       |               |   |
|                           | W      | X              | X              | X              | X              | X              | HD             | US1            | US0   |  |   | W   | X   | X  | X                    | X              | X              | 0              | US1                          | US0            |   |               |   |
| Execution                 | W      | C              |                |                |                |                |                |                |   | Sector ID information prior Command execution. | Execution                                     | <b>SENSE INTERRUPT STATUS</b>                 |   |  |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
|                           | W      | H              |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |   | Command                                       | W   | 0  | 0                    | 0              | 0              | 1              | 0                            | 0              | 0   | Command Codes |   |
|                           | W      | R              |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |   |   | R   | ST 0                                       |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               | Status information at the end of seek-operation about the FDC |
|                           | W      | N              |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |   | Data-compared between the FDD and main-system | <b>SPECIFY</b>                                |  |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
|                           | W      | EOT            |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |   |   | Status information after Command execution    | Command                                    | W                    | 0              | 0              | 0              | 0                            | 0              | 0   | 0             | 1   |
|                           | W      | GPL            |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |   | R   |   |  | SRT ← HLT → HUT → ND |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
|                           | W      | STP            |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |   | Sector ID information after Command execution | <b>SENSE DRIVE STATUS</b>                     |  |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
|                           | Result | R              | ST 0           |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |   |   | Command                                       | W  | 0                    | 0              | 0              | 0              | 0                            | 1              | 0   | 0             | Command Codes   |
| R                         | ST 1   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | W   | X  | X   | X   |   | X  | X                    | HD             | US1            | US0            | Status information about FDD |                |   |               |   |
| R                         | ST 2   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | Data-compared between the FDD and main-system | Result   | R   | ST 3  |   |  |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
| R                         | C      |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  | <b>SEEK</b>                                   |   |   |  |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
| R                         | H      |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | Status information after Command execution    | Command  | W   | 0   | 0   | 0  | 0                    | 1              | 1              | 1              | 1                            | Command Codes  |   |               |   |
| R                         | N      |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  | W   | X   | X   | X  | X                    | X              | HD             | US1            | US0                          |                | Head is positioned over proper Cylinder on Diskette |               |   |
| <b>SCAN HIGH OR EQUAL</b> |        |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |   |   |   |  |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
| Command                   | W      | MT             | MF             | SK             | 1              | 1              | 1              | 0              | 1   | Command Codes                                  | Command                                       | <b>INVALID</b>                                |   |  |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
|                           | W      | X              | X              | X              | X              | X              | HD             | US1            | US0   |  |   | W   | Invalid Codes                                 |  |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
| Execution                 | W      | C              |                |                |                |                |                |                |   | Sector ID information prior Command execution  | Command                                       | W   | Invalid Codes                                 |  |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
|                           | W      | H              |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |   | Data-compared between the FDD and main-system | Execution                                     | W  | NCN                  |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               | Head is positioned over proper Cylinder on Diskette           |
|                           | W      | R              |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |   |   |   | Status information after Command execution | Result               | R              | ST 0           |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
|                           | W      | N              |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |   | Sector ID information after Command execution | <b>INVALID</b>                                |  |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
|                           | W      | EOT            |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |   |   | Status information after Command execution    | Command                                    | W                    | Invalid Codes  |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
|                           | W      | GPL            |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |   | Sector ID information after Command execution |   |  | Result               | R              | ST 0           |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
|                           | W      | STP            |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |   |   | Sector ID information after Command execution | <b>INVALID</b>                             |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
|                           | Result | R              | ST 0           |                |                |                |                |                |   |  |   | Command                                       |   | W  | Invalid Codes        |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
| R                         | ST 1   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | Status information after Command execution    | Result   | R   |   | ST 0  |  |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
| R                         | ST 2   |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  | Sector ID information after Command execution | <b>INVALID</b>                                |   |  |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
| R                         | C      |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | Status information after Command execution    | Command  |   | W   | Invalid Codes                                 |  |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
| R                         | H      |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   |  | Sector ID information after Command execution | Result  | R   | ST 0                                       |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
| R                         | N      |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | Sector ID information after Command execution | <b>INVALID</b>                                 |   |   |   |  |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
| R                         | N      |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |   | Sector ID information after Command execution  | Command                                       | W   | Invalid Codes                                 |  |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |
| R                         | N      |                |                |                |                |                |                |                | Sector ID information after Command execution |  |   | Result  | R   | ST 0                                       |                      |                |                |                |                              |                |   |               |   |

### Polling Feature of the UM8272A

After power-up RESET, the Drive Select Lines DS0 and DS1 will automatically go into a polling mode. In between commands (and between step pulses in the SEEK command) the UM8272A polls all four FDDs looking for a change in the Ready line from any of the drives. If the Ready line changes state (usually due to a door opening or closing) then the UM8272A will generate an interrupt. When Status Register 0 (ST0) is read (after Sense Interrupt Status is issued), Not Ready (NR) will be indicated. The polling of the Ready line by the UM8272A occurs continuously between instructions, thus notifying the processor which drives are on or off line. Approximate scan timing is shown in Table 4.

**Table 4. Scan Timing**

| DS1 | DS0 | APPROXIMATE SCAN TIMING |
|-----|-----|-------------------------|
| 0   | 0   | 220μS                   |
| 0   | 1   | 220μS                   |
| 1   | 0   | 220μS                   |
| 1   | 1   | 440μS                   |

### Command Descriptions

During the Command Phase, the Main Status Register must be polled by the CPU before each byte is written into the Data Register. The DIO (DB6) and RQM (DB7) bits in the Main Status Register must be in the "0" and "1" states respectively, before each byte of the command may be written into the UM8272A. The beginning of the execution phase for any of these commands will cause DIO and RQM to switch to "1" and "0" states respectively.

### READ DATA

A set of nine (9) byte words are required to place the FDC into the Read Data Mode. After the Read Data command has been issued the FDC loads the head (if it is in the unloaded state), waits the specified head setting time (defined in the Specify Command), and begins reading ID address Marks and ID fields. When the current sector number ("R") stored in the ID Register (IDR) compares with the sector number read off the diskette, then the FDC outputs data (from the Data field) byte-by-byte to the main system via the data bus.

After completion of the read operation from the current sector, the Sector Number is incremented by one, and the data from the next sector is read and output on the data bus. This continuous read function is called a "Multi-Sector Read Operation." The Read Data Command must

be terminated by the receipt of a Terminal Count signal. Upon receipt of this signal, the FDC stops outputting data to the processor, but will continue to read data from the current sector, check CRC (Cyclic Redundancy Count) bytes, and then at the end of the sector terminate the Read Data Command.

The amount of data which can be handled with a single command to the FDC depends upon MT (multi-track), MFM (MFM/FM), and N (Number of Bytes/Sector). Table 5 on the next page shows the Transfer Capacity. The "multi-track" function (MT) allows the FDC to read data from both sides of the diskette. For a particular cylinder,

**Table 5. Transfer Capacity**

| Multi-Track<br>MT | MFM/FM<br>MF | Bytes/Sector<br>N | Maximum Transfer Capacity<br>(Bytes/Sector) (Number of<br>Sectors) | Final Sector<br>Read<br>from Diskette |
|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| 0<br>0            | 0<br>1       | 00<br>01          | (128) (26) = 3,328<br>(256) (26) = 6,656                           | 26 at Side 0<br>or 26 at Side 1       |
| 1<br>1            | 0<br>1       | 00<br>01          | (128) (52) = 6,656<br>(256) (52) = 13,312                          | 26 at Side 1                          |
| 0<br>0            | 0<br>1       | 01<br>02          | (256) (15) = 3,840<br>(512) (15) = 7,680                           | 15 at Side 0<br>or 15 at Side 1       |
| 1<br>1            | 0<br>1       | 01<br>02          | (256) (30) = 7,680<br>(512) (30) = 15,360                          | 15 at Side 1                          |
| 0<br>0            | 0<br>1       | 02<br>03          | (512) (8) = 4,096<br>(1024) (8) = 8,192                            | 8 at Side 0<br>or 8 at Side 1         |
| 1<br>1            | 0<br>1       | 02<br>03          | (512) (16) = 8,192<br>(1024) (16) = 16,384                         | 8 at Side 1                           |

data will be transferred starting at Sector 1. Side 0 and completing at Sector L. Side 1 (Sector L = last sector on the side). Note, this function pertains to only one cylinder (the same track) on each side of the diskette.

When N = 0, then DTL defines the data length which the FDC must treat as a sector. If DTL is smaller than the actual data length in a Sector, the data beyond DTL in the Sector is not sent to the Data Bus. The FDC reads (internally) the complete Sector performing the CRC check, and depending upon the manner of command termination, may perform a Multi-Sector Read Operation. When N is non-zero, then DTL has no meaning and should be set to OFFH.

At the completion of the Read Data Command, the head is not unloaded until after Head Unload Time Interval (specified in the Specify Command) has elapsed. If the processor issues another command before the head unloads then the head settling time may be saved between subsequent reads. This time out is particularly valuable when a diskette is copied from one drive to another. If the FDC detects the Index Hole twice without finding the right sector, (indicated in "R"), then the FDC sets the

ND (No Data) flag in Status Register 1 to a 1 (high), and terminates the Read Data Command. (Status Register 0 also has bits 7 and 6 set to 0 and 1 respectively.)

After reading the ID and Data Fields in each sector, the FDC checks the CRC bytes. If a read error is detected (incorrect CRC in ID field), the FDC sets the DE (Data Error) flag in Status Register 1 to a 1 (high), and if a CRC error occurs in the Data Field the FDC also sets the DD (Data Error in Data Field) flag in Status Register 2 to a 1 (high), and terminates the Read Data Command. (Status Register 0 also has bits 7 and 6 set to 0 and 1 respectively.)

If the FDC reads a Deleted Data Address Mark off the diskette, and the SK bit (bit D5 in the first Command Word) is not set (SK=0), then the FDC sets the CM (Control Mark) flag in Status Register 2 to a 1 (high), and terminates the Read Data Command, after reading all the data in the Sector. If SK = 1, the FDC skips the sector with the Deleted Data Address Mark and reads the next sector.

During disk data transfers between the FDC and the processor, via the data bus, the FDC must be served by the processor every 27  $\mu$ s in the FM Mode, and every

13  $\mu$ s in the MFM Mode, or the FDC sets the OR (Over Run) flag in Status Register 1 to a 1 (high), and terminates the Read Data Command.

If the processor terminates a read (or write) operation in

the FDC, then the ID Information in the Result Phase is dependent upon the state of the MT bit and EOT byte.

Table 3 shows the values for C, H, R, and N, when the processor terminates the Command.

**Table 6. ID Information When Processor Terminates Command**

| MT | EOT            | Final Sector Transferred to Processor   | ID Information at Result Phase |     |        |    |
|----|----------------|---|--------------------------------|-----|--------|----|
|    |                |   | C                              | H   | R      | N  |
| 0  | 1A<br>0F<br>08 | Sector 1 to 25 at Side 0<br>Sector 1 to 14 at Side 0<br>Sector 1 to 7 at Side 0 | NC                             | NC  | R + 1  | NC |
|    | 1A<br>0F<br>08 | Sector 26 at Side 0<br>Sector 15 at Side 0<br>Sector 8 at Side 0                | C + 1                          | NC  | R = 01 | NC |
|    | 1A<br>0F<br>08 | Sector 1 to 25 at Side 1<br>Sector 1 to 14 at Side 1<br>Sector 1 to 7 at Side 1 | NC                             | NC  | R + 1  | NC |
|    | 1A<br>0F<br>08 | Sector 26 at Side 1<br>Sector 15 at Side 1<br>Sector 8 at Side 1                | C + 1                          | NC  | R = 01 | NC |
| 1  | 1A<br>0F<br>08 | Sector 1 to 25 at Side 0<br>Sector 1 to 14 at Side 0<br>Sector 1 to 7 at Side 0 | NC                             | NC  | R + 1  | NC |
|    | 1A<br>0F<br>08 | Sector 26 at Side 0<br>Sector 15 at Side 0<br>Sector 8 at Side 0                | NC                             | LSB | R = 01 | NC |
|    | 1A<br>0F<br>08 | Sector 1 to 25 at Side 1<br>Sector 1 to 14 at Side 1<br>Sector 1 to 7 at Side 1 | NC                             | NC  | R + 1  | NC |
|    | 1A<br>0F<br>08 | Sector 26 at Side 1<br>Sector 15 at Side 1<br>Sector 8 at Side 1                | C + 1                          | LSB | R = 01 | NC |

Note: 1. NC (no Change): The same value as the one at the beginning of command execution.

2. LSB (Least Significant Bit): The least significant bit of H is complemented.

## WRITE DATA

A set of nine (9) bytes are required to set the FDC into the Write Data mode. After the Write Data command has been issued the FDC loads the head (if it is in the unloaded state), waits the specified, head settling time (defined in the Specify Command), and begins reading ID Fields. When the current sector number ("R"), stored in the ID Register. (IDR) compares with the sector number read off the diskette, then the FDC takes data from the processor

byte-by-byte via the data bus, and outputs it to the FDD. After writing data into the current sector, the Sector Number stored in "R" is incremented by one, and the next data field is written into. The FDC continues this "Multi-Sector Write Operation" until the issuance of a Terminal Count-signal. If a Terminal Count signal is sent to the FDC it continues writing into the current sector to complete the data field. If the Terminal Count signal is received while a data field is being written then the remainder of the data field is filled with 00 (zeros).

The FDC reads the ID field of each sector and checks the CRC bytes. If the FDC detects a read error (Incorrect CRC) in one of the ID Fields, it sets the DE (Data Error) flag of Status Register 1 to a 1 (high), and terminates the Write Data Command. (Status Register 0 also has bits 7 and 6 set to 0 and 1 respectively.)

The Write Command operates in much the same manner as the Read Command. The Following items are the same; refer to the Read Data Command for details:

- Transfer Capacity
- EN (End of Cylinder) Flag
- ND (No Data) Flag
- Head Huload Time Interval
- ID Information when the processor terminates command (see Table 1)
- Definition of DTL when  $N = 0$  and when  $N \neq 0$

In the Write Data mode, data transfers between the processor and FDC must occur every 31  $\mu\text{s}$  in the FM mode, and every 15  $\mu\text{s}$  in the MFM mode. If the time interval between data transfers is longer than this then the FDC sets the OR (Over Run) flag in Status Register 1 to a 1 (high), and terminates the Write Data Command.

For Mini-floppies, multiple track writes are usually not permitted. This is because of the turn-off time of the erase head coils—the head switches tracks before the erase head turns off. Therefore the system should typically wait 1.3 mS before attempting to step or change sides.

#### WRITE DELETED DATA

This command is the same as the Write Data Command except a Deleted Data Address Mark is written at the beginning of the Data Field instead of the normal Data Address Mark.

#### READ DELETED DATA

This command is the same as the Read Data Command except that when the FDC detects a Data Address Mark at the beginning of a Data Field (and  $SK = 0$  (low), it will read all the data in the sector and set the CM flag in Status Register 2 to a 1 (high), and then terminate the command. If  $SK = 1$ , then the FDC skips the sector with the Data Address Mark and reads the next sector.

#### READ A TRACK

This command is similar to READ DATA Command except that the entire data field is read continuously from each of the sectors of a track. Immediately after encountering the INDEX HOLE the FDC starts reading all data fields on the track as continuous blocks of data. If the FDC finds an error in the ID or DATA CRC check

bytes, it continues to read data from the track. The FDC compares the ID information read from each sector with the value stored in the IDR, and sets the ND flag of Status Register 1 to a 1 (high) if there is no comparison. Status Register 1 to a 1 (high) if there is no comparison. Multi-track or skip operations are not allowed with this command.

This command terminates when EOT number of sectors have been read. If the FDC does not find an ID Address Mark on the diskette after it encounters the INDEX HOLE for the second time, then it sets the MA (missing address mark) flag in Status Register 1 to a 1 (high), and terminates the command. (Status Register 0 has bits 7 and 6 set to 0 and 1 respectively.)

#### READ ID

The READ ID Command is used to give the present position of the recording head. The FDC stores the values from the first ID Field it is able to read. If no proper ID Address Mark is found on the diskette, before the INDEX HOLE is encountered for the second time then the MA (Missing Address Mark) flag in Status Register 1 is set to a 1 (high), and if no data is found then the ND (No Data) flag is also set in Status Register 1 to a 1 (high) and the command is terminated.

#### FORMAT A TRACK

The Format Command allows an entire track to be formatted. After the INDEX HOLE is detected, Data is written on the Diskette: Gaps, Address Marks, ID Fields and Data Fields, all per the IBM System 34 (Double Density) or System 3740 (Single Density). Format are recorded. The particular format which will be written is controlled by the values programmed into N (number of bytes/sector), SC (sectors/cylinder), GPL (Gap Length), and D (Data Pattern) which are supplied by the processor during the Command Phase. The Data Field is filled with the Byte of data stored in D. The ID Field for each sector is supplied by the processor, that is, four data requests per sector are made by the FDC for C (Cylinder Number), H (Head Number), R (Sector Number) and N (Number of Bytes/Sector). This allows the diskette to be formatted with nonsequential sector numbers, if desired.

After formatting each sector, the processor must send new values for C, H, R, and N to the UM8272A for each sector on the track. The contents of the R Register is incremented by one after each sector is formatted, thus, the R register contains a value of  $R + 1$  when it is read during the Result Phase. This incrementing and formatting continues for the whole track until the FDC encounters the INDEX HOLE for the second time, whereupon it terminates the command.

If a FAULT signal is received from the FDD at the end of a write operation, then the FDC sets the EC flag of status Register 0 to a 1 (high), and terminates the command after setting bits 7 and 6 of Status Register 0 to 0 and 1 respectively. Also the loss of a READY signal at

the beginning of a command execution phase causes command termination.

Table 7 shows the relationship between N, SC, and GPL for various sector sizes:

**Table 9. Sector Size Relationships**

| 8" STANDARD FLOPPY |                  |    |    |                  |                  | 5¼" MINI FLOPPY |                  |    |    |                  |                  |
|--------------------|------------------|----|----|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|----|----|------------------|------------------|
| Format*            | Sector Size      | N  | SC | GPL <sup>1</sup> | GPL <sup>2</sup> | Remarks         | Sector Size      | N  | SC | GPL <sup>1</sup> | GPL <sup>2</sup> |
| FM Mode            | 128 bytes/Sector | 00 | 1A | 07               | 1B               | IBM Diskette 1  | 128 bytes/Sector | 00 | 12 | 07               | 09               |
|                    | 256              | 01 | 0F | 0E               | 2A               | IBM Diskette 2  | 128              | 00 | 10 | 10               | 19               |
|                    | 512              | 02 | 06 | 1B               | 3A               |                 | 256              | 01 | 06 | 18               | 30               |
|                    | 1024             | 03 | 04 | 47               | 8A               |                 | 512              | 02 | 04 | 46               | 87               |
|                    | 2048             | 04 | 02 | C8               | FF               |                 | 1024             | 03 | 02 | D8               | FF               |
|                    | 4096             | 05 | 01 | C8               | FF               |                 | 2048             | 04 | 01 | C8               | FF               |
| MFM Mode           | 256              | 01 | 1A | 0E               | 36               | IBM Diskette 2D | 256              | 01 | 12 | 0A               | 0C               |
|                    | 512              | 02 | 0F | 1B               | 54               |                 | 256              | 01 | 10 | 20               | 32               |
|                    | 1024             | 03 | 08 | 35               | 74               | IBM Diskette 2D | 512              | 02 | 08 | 2A               | 50               |
|                    | 2048             | 04 | 04 | 99               | FF               |                 | 1024             | 03 | 04 | 80               | F0               |
|                    | 4096             | 05 | 02 | C8               | FF               |                 | 2048             | 04 | 02 | CB               | FF               |
|                    | 8192             | 06 | 01 | C8               | FF               |                 | 4096             | 05 | 01 | C8               | FF               |

Notes: 1. Suggested values of GPL in Read or write Commands to avoid splice point between data field and ID field of contiguous sections.

2. Suggested values of GPL in formal command.

During the Command Phase of the Seek operation the FDC is in the FDC BUSY state, but during the Execution Phase it is in the NON BUSY state. While the FDC is in the NON BUSY state, another Seek Command may be issued, and in this manner parallel seek operations may be done on up to 4 Drives at once.

If an FDD is in a NOT READY state at the beginning of the command execution phase or during the seek operation, then the NR (NOT READY) flag is set in Status Register 0 to a 1 (high), and the command is terminated.

Note that the UM8272A Read and Write Commands do not have implied Seeks. Any R/W command should be preceded by: 1) Seek Command; 2) sense Interrupt Status; and 3) Read ID.

### RECALIBRATE

This command causes the read/write head within the FDD to retract to the Track 0 position. The FDC clears

the contents of the PCN counter, and checks the status of the Track 0 signal from the FDD. As long as the Track 0 signal is low, the Direction signal remains 1 (high) and Step Pulses are issued. When the Track 0 signal goes high, the SE (SEEK END) flag in Status Register 0 is set to a 1 (high) and the command is terminated. If the Track 0 signal is still low after 77 Step Pulses, have been issued, the FDC sets the SE (SEEK END) and EC (EQUIPMENT CHECK) flags of Status Register 0 to both 1s (highs), and terminates the command.

The ability to overlap RECALIBRATE Commands to multiple FDDs, and the loss of the READY signal, as described in the SEEK Command, also applies to the RECALIBRATE Command.

### SENSE INTERRUPT STATUS

An Interrupt signal is generated by the FDC for one of the following reasons:

1. Upon entering the Result Phase of:
  - a. Read Data Command
  - b. Read a Track Command
  - c. Read ID Command
  - d. Read Deleted Data Command
  - e. Write Data Command
  - f. Format a Cylinder Command
  - g. Write Deleted Data Command
  - h. Scan Commands
2. Ready Line of FDD changes state
3. End of Seek or Recalibrate Command
4. During Execution Phase in the NON-DMA Mode

Interrupts caused by reasons 1 and 4 above occur during

normal command operations and are easily discernible by the processor. However, interrupts caused by reasons 2 and 3 above may be uniquely identified with the aid of the Sense Interrupt Status Command. This command when issued resets the interrupt signal and via bits 5, 6, and 7 of Status Register 0 identifies the cause of the interrupt.

Neither the Seek or Recalibrate Command have a Result Phase. Therefore, it is mandatory to use the Sense interrupt Status Command after these commands to effectively terminate them and to provide verification of the head position (PCN).

**Table 8. Seek, Interrupt Codes**

| Seek End<br>Bit 5 | Interrupt Code |       | CAUSE   |
|-------------------|----------------|-------|---|
|                   | Bit 6          | Bit 7 |   |
| 0                 | 1              | 1     | Ready Line changed state, either polarity           |
| 1                 | 0              | 0     | Normal Termination of Seek or Recalibrate Command   |
| 1                 | 1              | 0     | Abnormal Termination of Seek or Recalibrate Command |

### SPECIFY

The Specify Command sets the initial values for each of the three internal timers. The HUT (Head Unload Time) defines the time from the end of the Execution Phase of one of the Read/Write Commands to the head unload state. This timer is programmable from 16 to 240 ms in increments of 16 ms (01 = 16 ms, 02 = 32 ms . . . OF = 240 ms). The SRT (Step Rate Time) defines the time interval between adjacent step pulses. This timer is programmable from 1 to 16 ms in increments of 1 ms (F = 1 ms, E = 2 ms, D = 3 ms, etc.). The HLT (Head Load Time) defines the time between when the Head Load signal goes high and when the Read/Write operation starts. This timer is programmable from 2 to 254 ms in increments of 2 ms (01 = 2 ms, 02 = 4 ms, 03 = 6 ms . . . FE = 254 ms).

The step rate should be programmed 1 ms longer than the minimum time required by the drive.

The time intervals mentioned above are a direct function of the clock (CLK on pin 19). Times indicated above are for an 8 MHz clock, if the clock was reduced to 4 MHz (mini-floppy application) then all time intervals are increased by a factor of 2.

The choice of DMA or NON-DMA operation is made by the ND (NON-DMA) bit. When this bit is high (ND = 1)

the NON-DMA mode is selected, and when ND = 0 the DMA mode is selected.

### SENSE DRIVE STATUS

This command may be used by the processor whenever it wishes to obtain the status of the FDDs. Status Register 3 contains the Drive Status information.

### INVALID

If an invalid command is sent to the FDC (a command not defined above), then the FDC will terminate the command. No interrupt is generated by the UM8272A during this condition. Bit 6 and bit 7 (DIO and RQM) in the Main Status Register are both high ("1") indicating to the processor that the UM8272A is in the Result Phase and the contents of Status Register 0 (STO) must be read. When the processor reads Status Register 0 it will find an 80H Indicating and invalid command was received.

A Sense interrupt Status Command must be sent after a Seek or Recalibrate interrupt, otherwise the FDC will consider the next command to be an invalid Command.

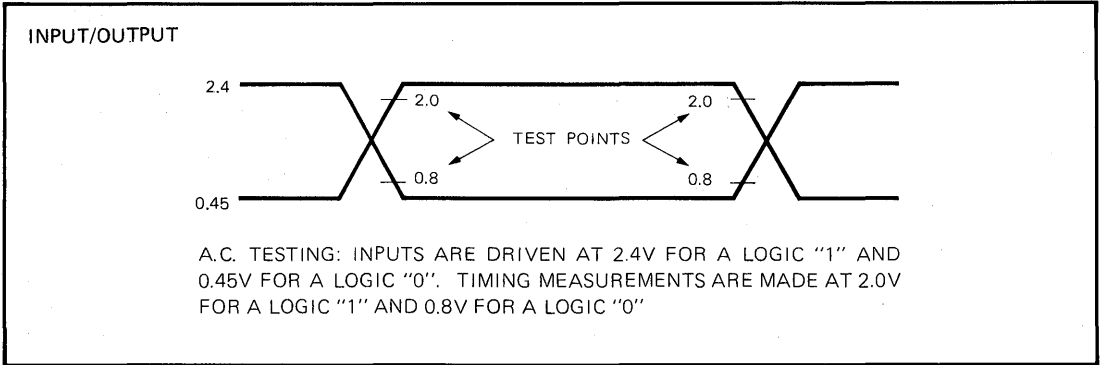
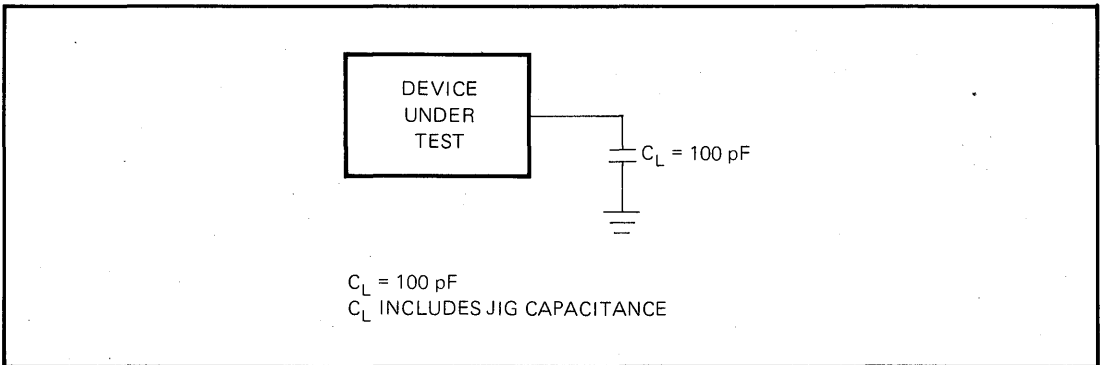
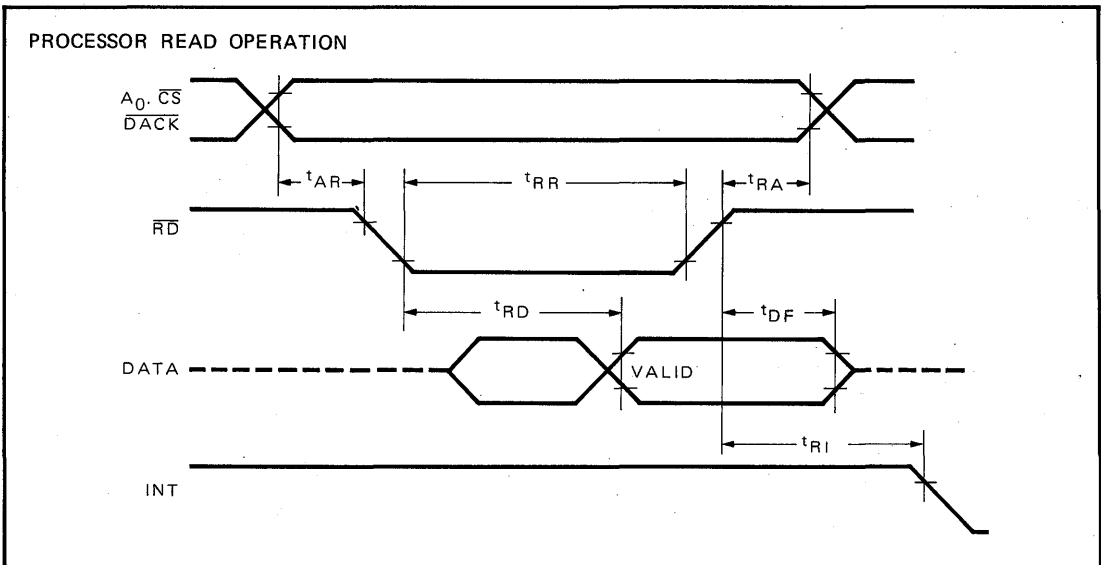
In some applications the user may wish to use this command as a No-Op command, to place the FDC in a stand by or no operation state.

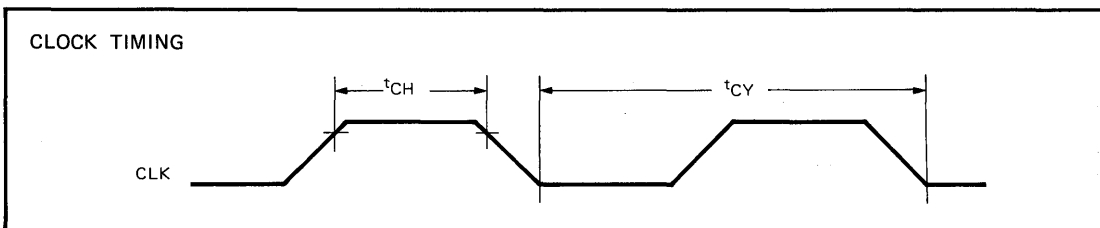
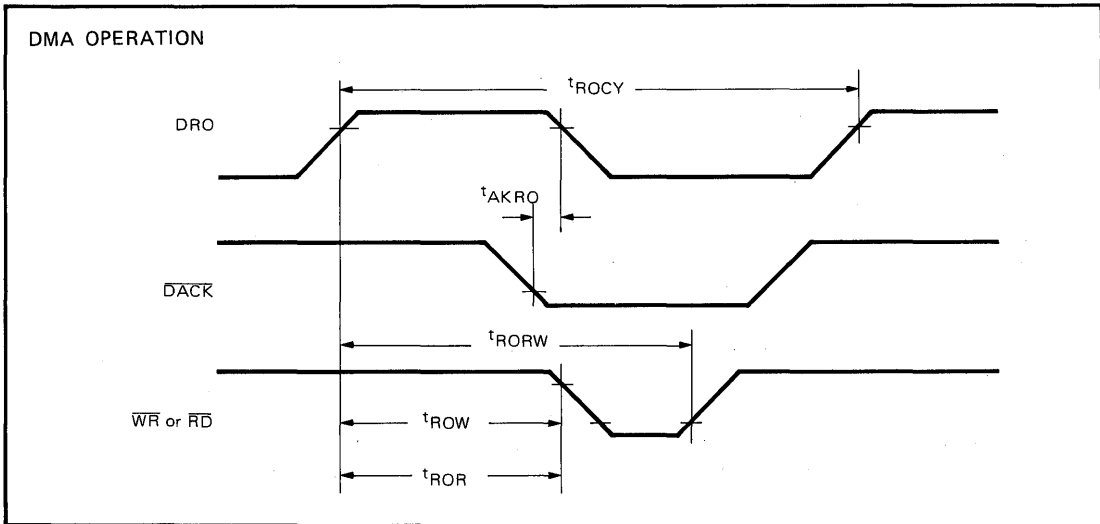
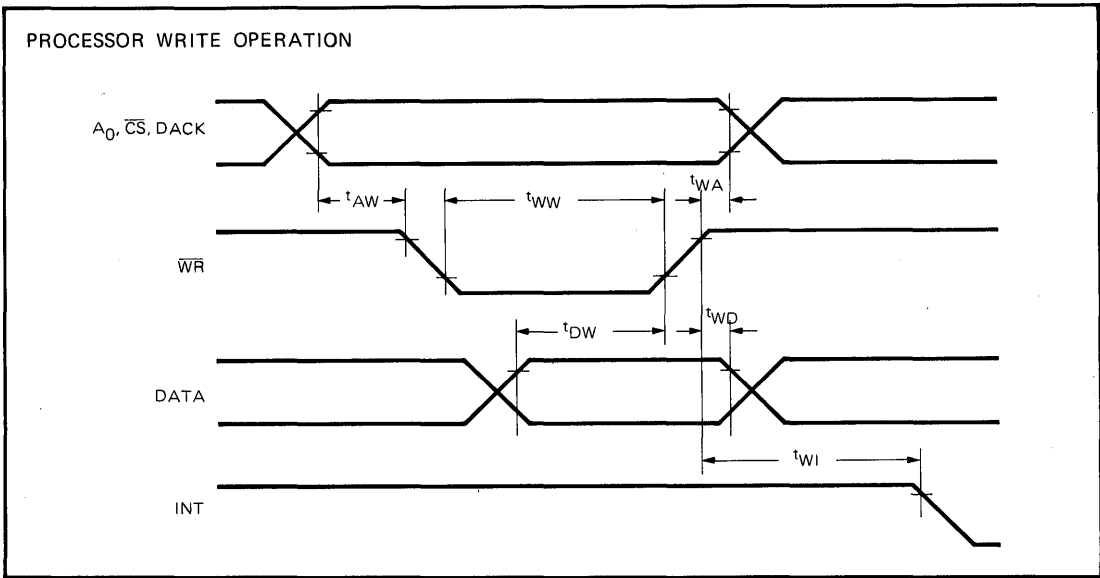


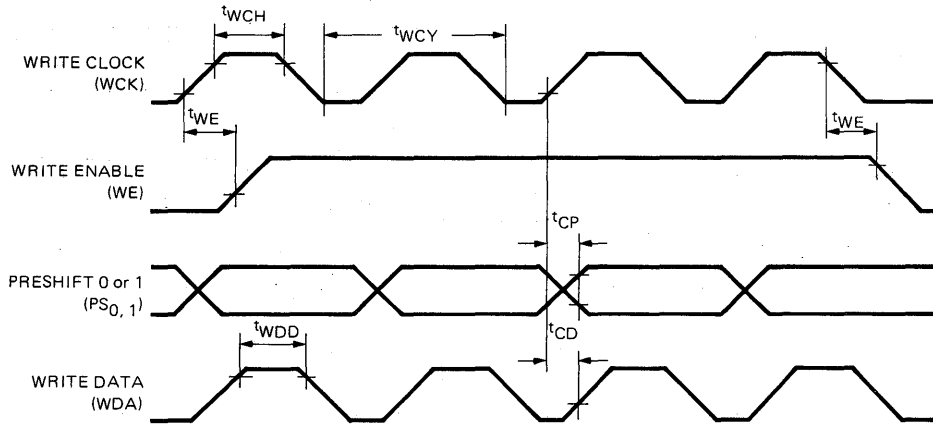
**Table 9. Status Registers**

| Bit                      |                 |        | Descriptions   |
|--------------------------|-----------------|--------|--|
| No.                      | Name            | Symbol |  |
| <b>STATUS REGISTER 0</b> |                 |        |  |
| D7                       | Interrupt Code  | IC     | D <sub>7</sub> = 0 and D <sub>6</sub> = 0<br>Normal Termination of Command, (NT). Command was completed and properly executed.   |
| D6                       |                 |        | D <sub>7</sub> = 0 and D <sub>6</sub> = 1<br>Abnormal Termination of Command, (AT). Execution of Command was started, but was not successfully completed.                                      |
|                          |                 |        | D <sub>7</sub> = 1 and D <sub>6</sub> = 0<br>Invalid Command issue, (IC). Command which was issued was never started.  |
|                          |                 |        | D <sub>7</sub> = 1 and D <sub>6</sub> = 1<br>Abnormal Termination because during command execution the ready signal from FDD changed state.  |
| D5                       | Seek End        | SE     | When the FDC completes the SEEK Command, this flag is set to (high).   |
| D4                       | Equipment Check | EC     | If a fault Signal is received from the FDD, or if the Track 0 Signal fails to occur after 77 Step Pulses (Recalibrate Command) then this flag is set.  |
| D3                       | Not Ready       | NR     | When the FDD is in the not-ready state and a read or write command is issued, this flag is set. If a read or write command is issued to Side 1 of a single sided drive, then this flag is set. |
| D2                       | Head Address    | HD     | This flag is used to indicate the state of the head at Interrupt.  |
| D1                       | Unit Select 1   | US 1   | These flags are used to indicate a   |
| D0                       | Unit Select 0   | US 0   | Drive Unit Number at Interrupt   |
| <b>STATUS REGISTER 1</b> |                 |        |  |
| D7                       | End of Cylinder | EN     | When the FDC tries to access a Sector beyond the final Sector of a Cylinder, this flag is set.   |
| D6                       |                 |        | Not used. This bit is always 0 (low).  |
| D5                       | Data Error      | DE     | When the FDC detects a CRC error in either the ID field or the data field, this flag is set.   |
| D4                       | Over Run        | OR     | If the FDC is not serviced by the main-systems during data transfers, within a certain time interval, this flag is set.  |
| D3                       |                 |        | Not used. This bit always 0 (low).   |
| D2                       | No Data         | ND     | During execution of READ DATA, WRITE DELETED DATA or SCAN Command, if the FDC cannot find the Sector specified in the IDR Register, this flag is set.  |
|                          |                 |        | During executing the READ ID Command, if the FDC cannot read the ID field without an error, then this flag is set.   |
|                          |                 |        | During the execution of the READ A Cylinder Command, if the starting sector cannot be found, then this flag is set.  |

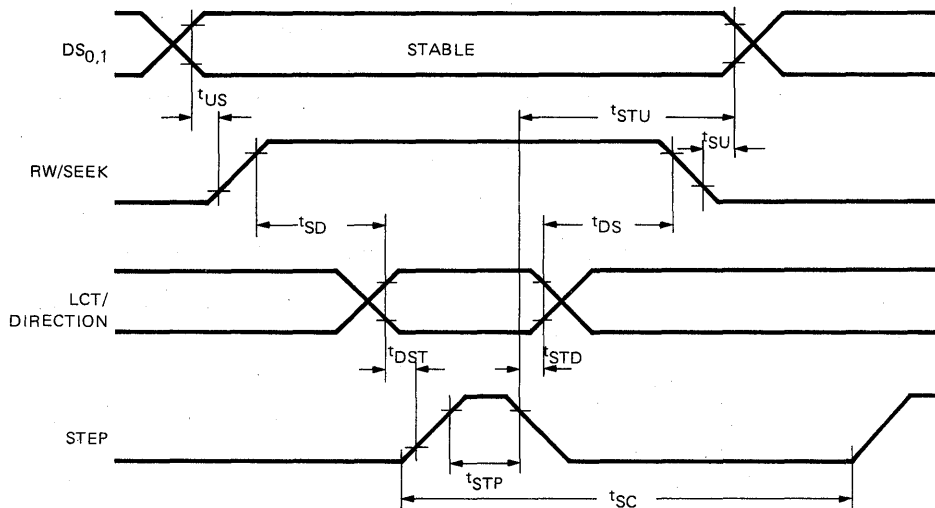
| Bit                              |                                    |        | Descriptions   |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|--|
| No.                              | Name                               | Symbol |  |
| <b>STATUS REGISTER 1 (CONT.)</b> |                                    |        |  |
| D1                               | Not Writable                       | NW     | During execution of WRITE DATA WRITE DELETED DATA or Format A Cylinder Command, if the FDC detects a write protect signal from the FDD, then this flag is set.                                 |
| D0                               | Missing Address Mark               | MA     | If the FDC cannot detect the ID Address Mark after encountering the Index hole twice, then this flag is set.   |
|                                  |                                    |        | If the FDC cannot detect the Data Address Mark or Deleted Data Address Mark, this flag is set. Also at the same time, the MD (Missing Address Mark in Data Field) of Status Register 2 is set. |
| <b>STATUS REGISTER 2</b>         |                                    |        |  |
| D7                               |                                    |        | Not used. This bit is always 0 (low.)  |
| D6                               | Control Mark                       | CM     | During executing the READ DATA or SCAN Command, if the FDC encounters a Sector which contains a Deleted Data Address Mark, this flag is set.   |
| D5                               | Data Error in Data Field           | DD     | If the FDC detect a CRC error in the data field then this flag is set.   |
| D4                               | Wrong Cylinder                     | WC     | This bit is related with the ND bit. and when the contents of C on the medium is different from that stored in the IDR, this flag is set.  |
| D3                               | Scan Equal Hit                     | SH     | During execution, the SCAN Command, if the condition of "equal" is satisfied, this flag is set.  |
| D2                               | Scan Not Satisfied                 | SN     | During executing the SCAN Command, if the FDC cannot find a Sector on the cylinder which meets the condition, then this flag is set.   |
| D1                               | Bad Cylinder                       | BC     | This bit is related with the ND bit, and when the content of C on the medium is different from that stored in the IDR and the content of C is FF, then this flag is set.                       |
| D0                               | Missing Address Mark in Data Field | MD     | When data is read from the medium, if the FDC cannot find a Data Address Mark or Deleted Data Address Mark, then this flag is set.   |
| <b>STATUS REGISTER 3</b>         |                                    |        |  |
| D7                               | Fault                              | FT     | This bit is used to indicate the status of the Fault signal from the FDD.  |
| D6                               | Write Protected                    | WP     | This bit is used to indicate the status of the Write Protected signal from the FDD.  |
| D5                               | Ready                              | RDY    | This bit is used to indicate the status of the Ready signal from the FDD.  |
| D4                               | Track 0                            | T0     | This bit is used to indicate the status of the Track 0 signal from the FDD.  |
| D3                               | Two Side                           | TS     | This bit is used to indicate the status of the Two Side signal from the FDD.   |
| D2                               | Head Address                       | HD     | This bit is used to indicate the status of Side Select signal to the FDD.  |
| D1                               | Unit Select 1                      | US 1   | This bit is used to indicate the status of the Unit Select 1 signal to the FDD.  |
| D0                               | Unit Select 0                      | US 0   | This bit is used to indicate the status of the Unit Select 0 signal to the FDD.  |

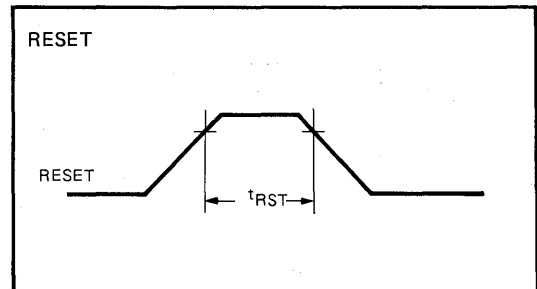
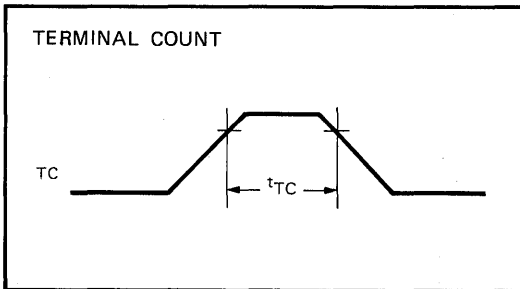
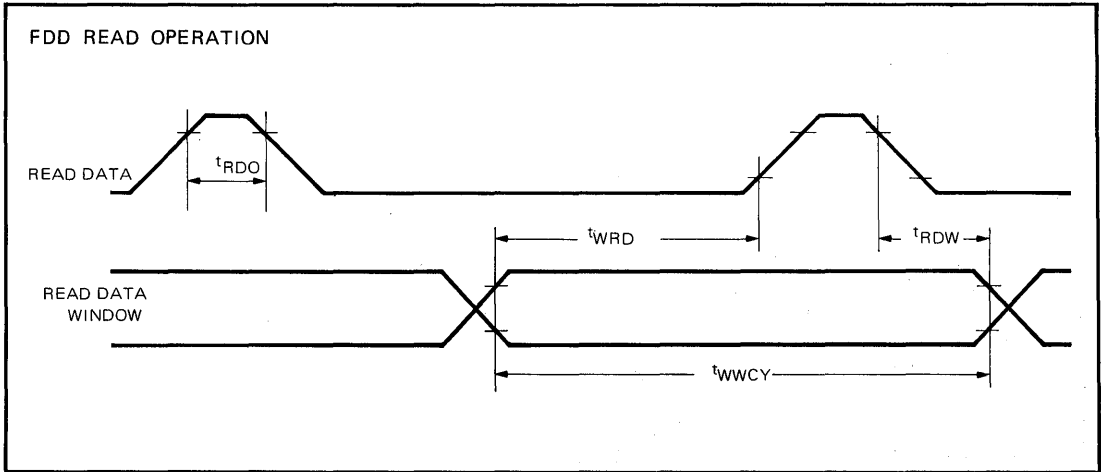
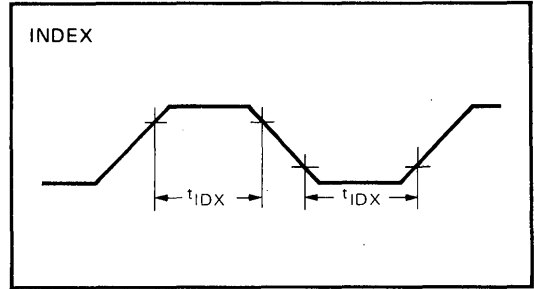
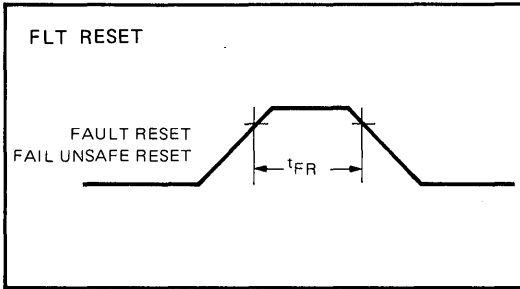
**A.C. Testing Input, Output Waveform**

**A.C. Testing Load Circuit**

**Waveforms**


**Waveforms (Continued)**


**Waveforms (Continued)**
**FDD WRITE OPERATION**


|         | PRESHIFT 0 | PRESHIFT 1 |
|---------|------------|------------|
| NORMAL  | 0          | 0          |
| LATE    | 0          | 1          |
| EARLY   | 1          | 0          |
| INVALID | 1          | 1          |

**SEEK OPERATION**


**Waveforms (Continued)**

**Ordering Information**

| Part Number | Operation Clock | Package |
|-------------|-----------------|---------|
| UM8272A - 4 | 4 MHz           | Plastic |
| UM8272A     | 8 MHz           | Plastic |