COMPULAR POPULAR POPUL

35p 6 January 1983 Vol 2 No 1

This Week

Spectrum software

John Scriven takes another look at some of the latest games for the ZX Spectrum. See page 12.

Data transfer

Kevin Griffiths presents a routine to transfer data from one program to another on the 16K ZX81 on page 23.

Software library

David Kelly talks to Alec Fry, founder of the Sinclair Owners' Software Library. See page 11.

Dragon graph

G Morton explains how to represent data on an x,y scale using a simple graph plotting routine on page 25.

STAR

Missile Command on Spectrum by Chris

GAME*

News Desk



Timex-Sinclair 1000 - already selling well in the US.

Spectrum to go on sale in US?

A US version of the Sinclair ZX Spectrum is due to go on sale in Amèrica in the first quarter of 1983, possibly as early as January.

The machine will be marketed and sold exclusively by Timex in the US.

The American company's first product — the TS1000 (a 2K version of the ZX81) — has been a runaway success

A US version of the Sinclair · since it was first launched in ZX Spectrum is due to go on August.

Timex has now exceeded the necessary sales threshold beyond which it gains an exclusive licence to sell computer products based on Sinclair technology in North America. Under the agreement between Timex and Sinclair Research, Sinclair is now required to

Continued on page 5

Bug-Byte goes retail

BUG-BYTE is set to become the first major software house to cease trading by mail-order.

As of March the company will only be selling its range of software cassettes through retail computer shops and chainstores.

Bug-Byte's decision to phase out mail-order selling emphasises the extent to which the micro-computer industry is now looking to the High Street for most of its trade.

"At the same time as sales to the retail trade are increasing we are seeing a dwindling mail-order demand" explained Bug-Byte co-founder Tony Milner.

"Dealing with postal sales uses up 60 percent of our workforce but only brings in about 20 percent of the turnover.

"Our last mail-order advertisement is due to appear in March and from then on we shall phase out postal selling. We are hoping that this will help our dealers — knowing that they will become our sole outlet."

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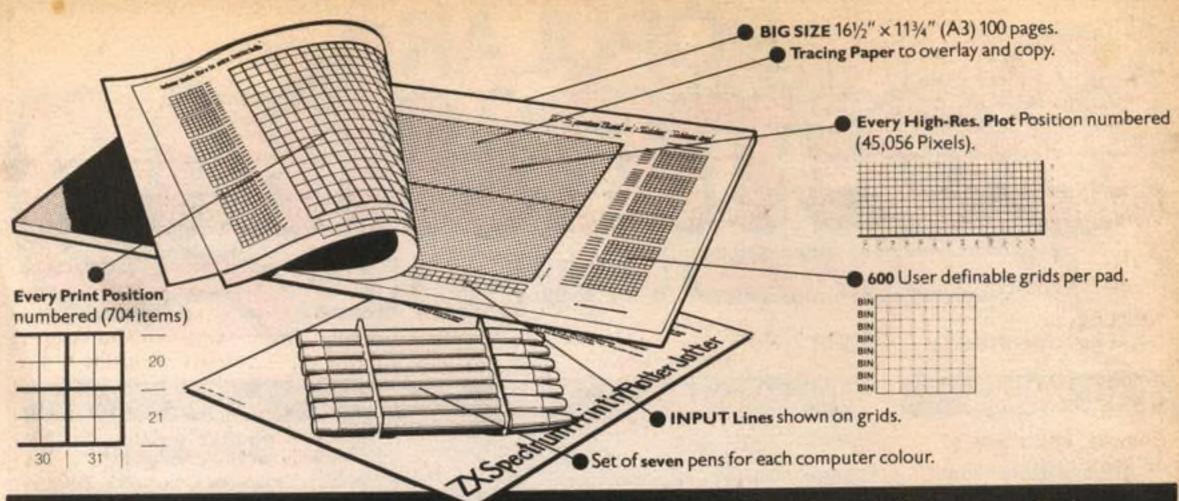
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Continued on page 28

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6 January 1983 Vol 2 No 1

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This Week

News

US Spectrum, Imagine software.

Letters

The Monkey Puzzle.

Missile Command

A new game for ZX Spectrum by Chris Wood.

Street Life

David Kelly talks to Alec Fry of the Sinclair Owners Software Library.

John Scriven looks at some of the latest

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Spectrum software.



Open Forum

Six pages of readers programs.

Programming

Kevin Griffiths explains how to transfer data on a ZX81.

Spectrum

David Nowotnik peeks at the display file.

Dragon

G. Morton's graph plotting routine.

Machine Code

End of the Line.

Peek & poke

Your questions answered.

Competitions

Puzzle, Ziggurat, Top 10, Losers.

Editorial

Anyone who has ever looked inside a Sinclair printer will know that it is more complex than it appears from the outside. Anyone who has ever taken a Sinclair printer apart will testify to the difficulty of putting it back together.

The Sinclair printer is a mass of little white plastic wheels and cogs, bestrewn with wires and connectors. The electric stylus, which burns through Sinclair's aluminised paper to form letters and characters, is attached to a whirling rubber band.

But, for all the intricacy of the Sinclair printer's design, the end result is at best barely adequate. Burnt carbon from the aluminised paper tends to clog up the works, causing already faint listings to become completely illegible.

Mind you, even at £59.95 the Sinclair printer is still considerably cheaper than its rivals, so it is perhaps a little unfair to expect pristine copy every time.

But everyone who has suffered from the vagaries of the Sinclair printer will be glad to know that Sinclair is rumoured to be working on a four colour printer that will sell for around £70. I should emphasise that this is only a rumour, though Sinclair is known to be developing a printer of some sort. I shall await its appearance with anticipation.

Next Thursday

At last the mystery can be revealed. Battlestar, a unique computer-moderated, play-by-mail game, starts next week. To enter Battlestar, a game which is exclusive to readers of Popular Computing Weekly, simply buy next week's copy.

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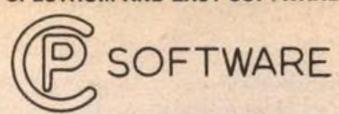
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Soon to be available in W. H. Smith

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Can you slay the fire-breathing dragon? Can you cross the slippery bridge and smite the magic stone to lift the curse from the castle and its beautiful maidens? Don't get roasted by the dragon and mind the river and pond. If you fall in, your armour will send you to a watery martyrdom. Two versions for Joystick and keys are contained on the tape. Using sound, the program also pushes the Dragon High Resolution to its full capabilities.

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01-930 3271 **News Desk**

US Spectrum

Continued from page 1

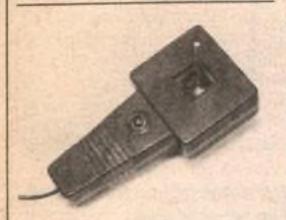
wind up its US computer selling operation.

The American division of Sinclair placed its last computer advertisement in September and was then given 90 days to conclude all outstanding business. But Sinclair's US office will be retained to market the company's flat-screen tv, when it becomes available.

A spokesman for Sinclair Research commented: "The Timex licence is now fully exclusive in the North American market and sales of Sinclair's own-brand computers there are now prohibited.

"The decision to sell a version of the Spectrum over there is ultimately Timex's but it must happen in the first quarter of 1983, possibly early

in January."



Midwich joystick.

Joysticks from Midwich

MIDWICH Computers has introduced a range of joystick units to its add-on collection.

For use with the Dragon 32, Acorn, BBC, ZX81 and Spectrum machines, the analogue joystick potentiometers have a life expectancy in excess of 200,000 operations.

Since neither of the Sinclair machines are provided with a built-in analogue/digital converter, Midwich has also produced a high-speed joystick controller board.

The units are available from Midwich Computers, Rickinghall House, Hinderclay Road, Rickinghall, Suffolk and are priced as follows (including VAT): Dragon 32, £15.98 per pair; Acorn BBC, £13.00 per pair; ZX81/Spectrum, £15.98 per pair.

Dragon lament

A SMALL bug crept into the Dragon Singalong program in our December 16/23 issue. Line 40 should have read: 40 CLS:XS=" ABCDEFG"

Imagine software

SENIOR staff at the Liverpool-based software company Bug-Byte have broken away to set up their own firm.

Dave Lawson, former software manager at Bug-Byte, and Mark Butler, until recently sales manager at Bug-Byte, have formed a new company - Imagine Software. Also involved in the new venture is Bug-Byte's former head programmer, Eugene Evans.

The first fruits of Imagine Software have appeared in the form of Arcadia, a new game for the Spectrum and Vic20. Two more games will follow on January 14.

"What we are doing now is entirely different from Bug-Byte," said Dave Lawson. "We hope to be able to produce at least two new games each month - and all our software will be original rather than versions of existing arcade games."

At the moment Imagine software is available only by mail order. By the end of January, however, the program will be available in the high street chain stores and



specialised computer shops.

Bug-Byte remains undaunted by the departures.

"I gather some of our old people have set up an outfit just up the road," said Bug-Byte's Tony Milner, "We are not at all worried - if anything we have become more efficient since they left.

"We're still good friends. They are not any competition yet but it will keep us on our

toes," he said.

Young Computer Brain 1982



Derek Reynolds (left) and Peter

A FOURTEEN-year-old schoolboy from Newcastleupon-Tyne has been chosen as Young Computer Brain of 1982.

Derek Reynolds' winning program - designed to help handicapped people to teach themselves to use a computer - was selected from over 320 entries. As the winner he receives £2,000-worth of computer equipment from Commodore Business Machines and a trophy from the Sunday Times Magazine, joint sponsors of the event. The trophy was presented by Peter Hall, Chairman of the Council of the British Computer Society at a ceremony held on December 13.

The competition was divided into three classes. Derek Reynolds was also chosen as winner in the 13-14 age sec-

Rachael Gooberman from Oldham won first prize in the under 13s category for her entry on how computer-aided design could be applied to police Identikit methods. Lionel Tun from Mitcham won the 16-18 section with a program to provide computerised sleep therapy.

The aim of the competition, held every year, is to encourage young people to use computers to benefit society.

Scottish show

THE Personal Computer World Show is travelling north.

The Scottish Personal Computer World Show is to be held on April 16-18 (Saturday to Monday) at the MacRobert Pavilion, Ingliston, Edinburgh. More details from Jenny King on 01-486 1951.

High Street training is 'essential'

DEREK Moon, managing director of Currys Micro Systems has hit out against selling microcomputers without specialist sales staff and aftersales support.

"The market is not ready for cash and carry computers," he said. "Uncontrolled selling of home computers will cause retailers problems they haven't begun to imagine. If the shop staff are ill-informed or misinformed there will be a queue of customers dissatisfied with the retailer and disenchanted with the idea of home computing."

In line with this thinking Currys will only at present be selling microcomputers in high street branches in proximity to their nine Micro-C specialist computer shops. This will ensure that customers will not have to go far to sort out any problems they may have. By the New Year 37 of Curry's 512 branches will be selling micros.

 Dixons is to send over 300 of its staff on a two-day intensive microcomputer training course. The 20-hour scheme will teach computer selling and also simple program writing. Dixons already sell the Commodore Vic20 computer and will shortly begin sale of the Camputers Lynx.

Dragon schools' software

DRAGON Data plans a move into the educational software market early in the new year.

Initially the company is to produce a range of programs aimed at 4- to 11-year-olds. The software will be split into two groups devoted to teaching numeracy and litera-

Later the catalogue will be extended with material for the 12- to 15-year-old range.

This expansion into educational software is to compliment the company's plans to produce a schools version of its Dragon32 microcomputer. The model, which will have a built-in RGB monitor and cassette player, is currently under development.

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You can switch from ZX81 to Spectrum membership at any time by paying the balance, and hire up to three tapes at a time. Our regular illustrated magazine "Computerchat" is posted free to all members, with its product and software reviews plus our unique "Top Twenty" ZX tapes chart based on members' scores, and some special offers.

"An exceptionally professional and thriving organisation with, even, a most readable newsletter"—review in Eric Deeson's "Guide to ZX Spectrum Resources."



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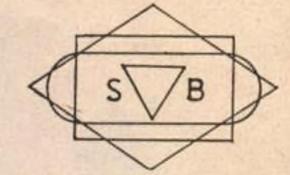
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16K ZX81 £4.45 - Spectrum £4.95

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Joining the majority

Re 'The Monkey Puzzle', November 18, page 35: If the question was formulated by Seymour Papert exactly as quoted by your contributor, then it is not surprising that three-quarters of the students asked by Papert gave 'wrong' answers. As the question stands, the answer given as correct (that the rock goes up), is actually incorrect.

You stated that the monkey and the rock are of equal weight. In this case, in order to balance one another, as also stated, both must be resting partly on the ground; or both must be completely clear of the ground. The question asks whether the rock moves up, or down, or stays still, thus implying that it is free to move down, which means that it cannot be resting, even partly, on the ground. This means, in turn, that the monkey also must be completely clear of the ground, with the whole of its weight already on the rope.

Starting to climb up the rope will have no effect on the weight of either monkey or rock, so the rock will stay where it is.

> S Kane 66 Haw Road Co Antrim

Boris Allan replies: by pulling on the rock (to raise himself) the monkey effectively applies a turning force to the pully (ie a "couple") and thus the rock rises. The solution is a case of action/reaction, and the monkey rises at exactly the same rate as the rock.

On a winning ticket

May I express through your columns, my thanks to David Lawrence for his Working Spectrum, a copy of which arrived this morning (November 17). As I ordered it on November 12, this must set something of a record in the world of micro-computers.

On a first swift look through the book it would appear to be invaluable and credit must also go to the designer for the very clear way in which the information is presented. No large chunks of indigestible text.

Thank you and the team for Popular Computing Weekly,

I'm a committed fan and look forward to each issue.

Marion Taylor 504 Ben Jonson House Barbican London EC2Y 8DL

Niggardly bug examples

Dare I say that the examples of Spectrum bugs offered by your correspondents (so far) have been niggardly, almost insignificant examples.

This one produces an entire incomprehensible screen display. First enter:

10 PRINT "xxxx"; GOTO 10 and RUN it.

The screen will fill up and the computer stops to ask Scroll? Press both shift keys together and then Enter.

Can anyone tell me what's going on?

John Bloxham 18 Lea Close Stratford-upon-Avon Warwickshire CV37 9JS

When a bug is not a bug

David Edwards's Spectrum
"bug" reported in your
December 9 issue is not only
not a bug, it is actually
documented on page 114 of
the Spectrum manual, which
fully explains the phenomenon.

For the uninitiated, 6 in extended mode generates a "paper yellow" control code sequence, ie Chr\$17 + Chr\$6. Pressing Delete once deletes the Chr\$17 leaving Chr\$6, which reference to the character code chart on page 183 will show is the control character corresponding to a comma in a Print statement, hence the cursor moves to column 16.

None of the other colour codes (0-5 and 7) have any meaning to the tv display, hence they are displayed as a question mark.

All this does is illustrate the interesting fact that Delete works on control code sequences starting with the first code and working through to the last, rather than the other way round as with normal displayed characters. Incidentally 9 in extended mode sets the Bright attribute, not colour white as stated by Mr Edwards.

There seem to be very few "real" bugs in the Spectrum, most of those reported are interesting quirks with little or no practical significance. My contribution to the "real but avoidable" category is that Clear does not do a Restore, contrary to the manual. This problem is overcome by the good practice of putting a Restore before any critical Read statements.

Kevin Gordon 41 Fennel Crescent Broadfield Crawley West Sussex

Bugged up and interesting

I think I have found another bug in the Spectrum — an interesting one. Normally when the computer gives an error code, the cursor disappears. Then, when a key is pressed, the message disappears and the cursor returns. But the following program gives a different result:

10 INPUT 3; a\$

When the program is run, the error message "J Invalid I/O device, 10:1" is given — but the cursor appears at the end! Any typing done then will appear on screen at the same time as the error report, which cannot be deleted. This does not disappear until Enter is pressed, when the message is removed before syntax checking starts.

Has anyone else noticed this fault? It seems to arise from the fact that you are telling it to accept data from the printer rather than the keyboard.

Bill Longley 388 Ipswich Road Colchester Essex CO4 4EX

In a minority with only 16K

A s a reader of your magazine since No 1, I wonder if you (or anyone else) can explain to me why the authors of programs, and especially software companies who retail the various program cassettes, always assume that the maximum capacity of the ZX81 is only 16K.

I have a ZX81 32K. There must be many thousands like me, and also many thousands with 64K Ram packs, yet there

do not seem to be any cassettes on the market to take advantage of this.

The real reason I am writing is that recently I purchased a ZX81 machine code compiler only to find out that it just had variables A-Z, no strings and no arrays unless you used *Peek* and *Poke*.

As I wanted it to process the loops in programs using strings and arrays, but am not too familiar with the *Poke* command, the compiler couldn't help me a lot. The reason given in the instruction leaflet was lack of space as the ZX81 only had 16K Ram.

I would like to gamble that if a check could be made on all ZX81 users throughout the country that the 16K Rammers would be in the minority.

J Ashbourne 212 Cherry Sutton Hough Green Widnes

A moot point. It is a gamble I would like to take, but the thought of conducting a nation-wide survey of ZX81 owners is a little daunting.

If you feel 16K owners are a majority/minority, please let us know.

Request for Vic adventures

After seeing the letter in your September 23 issue about Vic adventure games, my friends and I decided to write to you asking for some.

We all own Vics and enjoy buying your magazine a lot.

A M Smith E Midwinter P Eastman N Oakly 21 Willingdon Park Drive Eastbourne East Sussex

There was not a massive response to our request for Vic adventures, but there was enough interest to justify futher action. We hope to run an adventure feature some time in the New Year.

If you have an opinion you want to express, or have spotted an error that needs correcting, write to: Letters, Popular Computing Weekly, Hobhouse Court, 19 Whitcomb Street, London WC2.

Missile command

A new game for the 16K Spectrum by Chris Wood

After a visit down my local arcade for ideas for games for my ZX Spectrum, I decided that *Missile Command* would be fast enough in basic. Below is an outline of the program.

Lines

10 to 23 Set colours, and print instructions. Line 20 makes the cursor into the word Continue to look neater.

24 to 38 Creates the user definable graphics. Run when you get this far so that you know which ones to put in lines later.

40 to 85 Defines the remaining variables and sets up the screen. Line 47 enables you to print on line 22.

90 to 140 The main game routine. Line 130 sends the program to the subroutine at 200 to check if a missile has been shot down if the 1(one) key has been pressed and there is still some ammunition.

150 Scans the Attributes of the cities on line 20 to see if they have been hit by missiles.

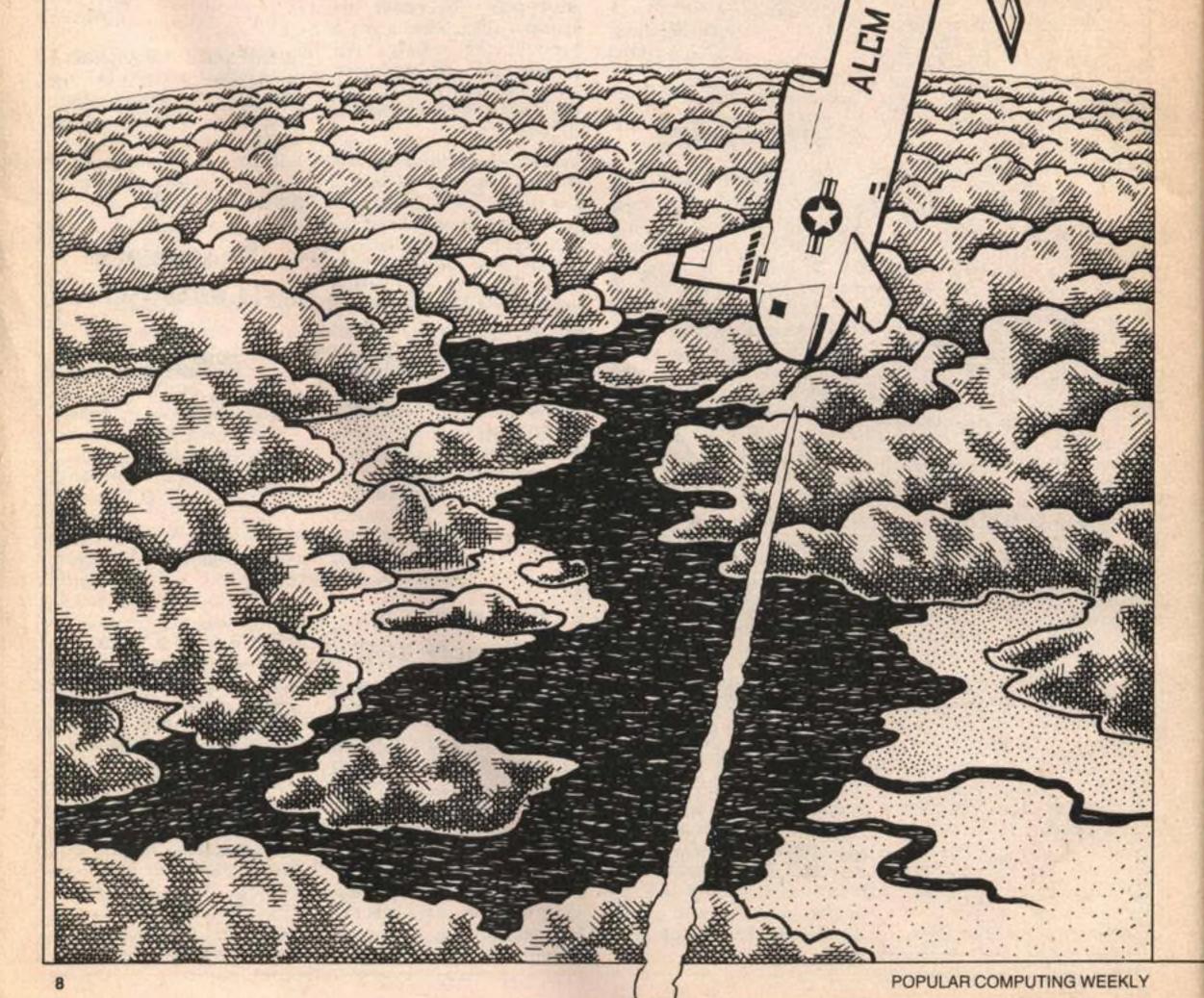
170 Sends the program to the 'enemy satellite' routine at 400.

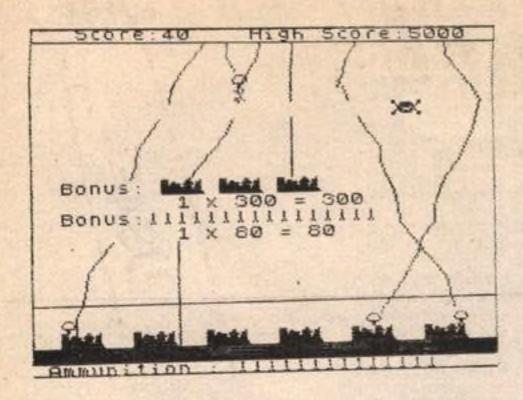
171 to 194 Works out the bonus for the remaining ammunition and cities according to the wave attack number.

Checks to see if a missile has been correctly hit; if it has it decreases the number of missiles by one and to ensure the correct missile is stopped the position of the last missile replaces the destroyed one. A mushroom cloud is printed at the end of the missile trace.

400 to 480 This is in effect a game on its own. It has had to be written like this to make it very fast and difficult, and to avoid clutter by putting it earlier. It is fast because the bonus is very large and there would be no point in making it too easy.

Full instructions for playing are included in the program.





Missile Command

10 RESTORE 0: PAPER 1, INK 7: BORDER 6: CLS : PRINT TAB 7; "Mis site Command" TAB 7;

12 PRINT " An enemy power is sending it's" Intercontinen tal Ballistic "'"Missiles to des 14 PRINT " It is up to you t 14 PRINT o intercept"'" them with your la ser cannon "" defense system, be fore they" " level your cities.

16 PRINT !" The controls are a s follows: " " Up Down Left Right Fire" 7 6 5

18 PRINT '" You get a bonus for the cities"'" you save and your unused"'" ammunition." 19 FOR B=1 TO 40: BEEP .1, RND+ 20: NEXT B

20 POKE 23517,210: INPUT FLASH ;"PRESS 'ENTER' TO "; LINE as: 22 CLS : PRINT "YOU canno t go below the line " and if you try you cannot" raise yo ur sights again." So be POKE 23617,0

careful and " At the end of ea

ch wave an "" enemy satelite wi the go across "" the screen. if you can aim at" " it your automa-tic jamming "" transmitter will destroy it. "" TAB 9; "GOOD LUCK" 24 PAUSE 500: LET HS=5000 25 POKE 23658,6: LET s3=0: LET

30 FOR q=144 TO 150: FOR n=0 T 7: READ a: POKE USR CHR\$ 9+0, a NEXT 0: NEXT 9 35 DATA 0,16,16,16,16,16,40,0,

240,243,247,255,255,255,255,255 36 DATA 3,7,239,231,255,25 5,255,4,156,220,156,166,252,254, 255,0,60,66,129,129,125,24,24 255,0,60,66,129,129,126,56,160,2 27,3,192,199,47,27,28,45,199,192

43 PAPER 5: INK 2: BORDER 6: C LS : PRINT AT 21.0; PAPER 4; TAB

44 PRINT, AT 0,0; PAPER 0;" High Score core: 45 PRINT AT 0,9; PAPER 0; INK 7; sc; AT 0,26; hs

46 LET bn=bn+.5: LET r=3*(6-s) LET e=5 47 POKE 23659,1: POKE 23689,2: PRINT AT 22,0; INK 7; PAPER 0;T AB 31; " "; AT 22,0; " Ammunition:" FOR W = 1 TO r: PRINT PAPER 1;"

1: NEXT W: POKE 23559,2 48 PLOT 0.30: DRAW 255,0 50 LET x=10: LET y=10: LET x1= LET 91=9 55 PRINT AT X, 4; OVER 1; INK @

60 DIM b(6): FOR i=1 TO 6: LET b(i) =-1+INT (RND *3): IF NOT b(i AND i 3 THEN LET b(i) =-1 65 IF NOT b(i) AND i (3 THEN LE T b(i) =1

70 NEXT i

71 PRINT AT 20.0; " "; 75 FOR N=1 TO 6-5: PRINT INK 0 " BCD "; NEXT N 80 DIM a(6); DIM d(6): FOR i=1 TO 6: LET d(i)=8: LET a(i)=167: NEXT 85 DIM f(6): FOR i=1 TO 6: LET f(i) = INT (RND +40) + (6-5/2) +12: N EXT i 90 FOR i=1 TO 20 95 FOR i=1 TO e: PLOT f(i),a(i DRAW b(i)*(INT (RND*8)),-d(i). LET f(i)=PEEK 23677: LET a(i)= PEEK 23678 100 PRINT AT X1, 41; OVER 1; INK 105 IF PEEK 23677(9 AND b(i) (0 THEN LET b(i) = -b(i): GO TO 115 106 IF PEEK 23677 > 245 AND b(i) > 0 THEN LET b(i) = -b(i): GO TO 115 110 IF INT (RND*4) =4 THEN LET b (i) = -b(i)115 IF X <17 THEN LET X =X + (INKEY \$="6") - (INKEY\$="7") 120 LET y=y+(INKEY\$="8")-(INKEY \$="5") 125 PRINT AT x,4; OVER 1; INK 0
"X": LET x1=x: LET y1=y
130 IF INKEY\$="1" AND (>0 THEN GO SUB 200 135 BEEP .001,45-j/2 140 NEXT i: NEXT J 150 FOR n=2 TO 27-(5*s) STEP 5: FOR g=0 TO 2: IF ATTR (20,n+g)= 42 THEN LET s=s+1: PRINT AT 19,n +g; INK 7; FLASH 1; "E": NEXT n: IF n>27-(5*(s-1)) THEN GO TO 170 160 NEXT g: NEXT n 170 GO SUB 400 170 GO SUB 400
171 PRINT AT 10,2; "BONUS: "; FO
R U=1 TO 6-S: PRINT; INK 0; " BC
D"; BEEP .25,6-v: LET s2=s2+100
*INT (bn): NEXT U
172 PRINT TAB 10; INT (bn); " X
"; v-1; "00 = "; s2
175 PRINT AT 12,2; "BONUS: "; FO
R U=1 TO f: PRINT; INK 0; "1"; BEEP .1,-10: LET s3=s3+5*INT (bn); " X
176 PRINT TAB 10; INT (bn); " X 176 PRINT 'TAB 10; INT (bn); " x ; (*5; " = "; s3 177 LET sc=sc+s2+s3: LET s2=0: LET 53=0 178 IF sc >= hs THEN LET hs=sc 180 IF s=6 THEN GO TO 190 185 FOR U=1 TO 200: NEXT U: GO TO 43 190 PRINT PAPER 0; INK 7; AT 0,9; sc; AT 0,26; hs: FOR g=1 TO 48; B EEP .01,9; BEEP .01,48-9; NEXT 9 INPUT "Another go7 (Y/N)"; 3\$ 192 IF a\$="Y" THEN CLS : RESTOR E 0: GO TO 25 194 STOP 200 LET (=r-1: POKE 23659,1: POKE 23689,2: PRINT AT 22,12+r; PARE 23689,2: PRINT AT 22,12+r; PARE 1;" POKE 23659,2: BEEP .0 1,40: FOR d=1 TO 6: IF INT (f(d) /8) = y PAND 21-(INT (a(d) /8)) = x THEN LET f(d) = f(e): BEEP .03,-10: PRINT AT x-1, y; INK 7; FLASH 1;" LET e=e-1: LET sc=sc+INT (bn) = 20; PRINT AT x-1, y; INK 7; FLASH 1;") #20: PRINT AT 0,9; PAPER 0; INK 7;3C 205 NEXT d 210 RETURN 400 PRINT AT X,4; OUER 0;" ": L T x2=INT (RND +10) +3: LET x=10: ET x2=INT (RND *10) +3: LET x=1 LET y=10: LET x1=x: LET y1=y 405 FOR k=1 TO 29: PRINT AT 406 PRINT AT X1, Y1; OVER 1; INK 410 IF 9 (28 THEN LET 9=9+(INKEY \$="8") - (INKEY\$="5")
420 IF X (17 THEN LET X = X + (INKEY 420 IF X(17 THEN LET X=X+(INKEY \$="6")-(INKEY\$="7") 430 PRINT AT X1,91; OVER 1; INK. 7; "X": LET X1=X: LET 91=9 440 IF X1=X2 AND Y1=K+2 THEN GO TO 450 445 IF X1=X2 AND 91=X+1 THEN GO TO 450 450 NEXT K: PRINT AT X2,29;" 455 RETURN 460 PRINT AT X2, K+1; FLASH 1; "E 470 LET SC=SC+500 #INT (50) 475 PAUSE 50 480 RETURN 1000 FOR N=0 TO 7: PRINT PEEK (U

"F"+n): NEXT n

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Street Life Street Life Street Life Street Life Street Life



Alec Fry, at work with some of his staff.

At the library in Liss

David Kelly talks to Alec Fry, founder of the Sinclair Owners' Software Library.

Mention the idea of a software library to some software producers and they turn puce and have to be restrained. They see the library as an institution set up specifically to deprive them of sales.

Other software companies are content to coexist with libraries and take an

altogether different view.

Alec Fry runs one such venture — the Sinclair Owners' Software Library, based in deepest Hampshire. After only six months — the service started in July 1982 — the library has over 1,000 members and has more than 150 ZX81 and ZX Spectrum titles for hire.

"Last Easter I bought a ZX81," says Alec, "and I quickly realised that it was easy to spend as much on software as on the machine.

"So it seemed like a good idea to build up a stock of programs and start a library — I was surprised that nobody had done it before."

Membership of the Sinclair Owner's Software Library costs £8.50 or £9.50 a year, depending on whether you wish to hire ZX81 or Spectrum cassettes. For this you get a quarterly newsletter, a library catalogue and your first order form. In addition to the membership fee, a charge is made every time a tape is loaned out.

The library has to keep more than one copy of many of its titles. There are as many as 20 copies of some of the most popular cassettes.

Each cassette has a surprisingly short life. "Usually a cassette won't last much more than 15 or so lendings," says Alec. "By that time someone has creased the tape or it gets damaged in the post."

Each cassette is loaned for a two-week period but, in practice, most are returned before the time expires. Just like a book library, every cassette has an accompanying card stamped with its return dates.

Looking at these it is easy to see that the library stock seldom languishes on the shelves — tapes are often taken out and returned several times a month.

"When members return their programs we encourage them to give it a score. These assessments are then fed into my ZX81 and we compile a top 20 list of cassettes — based on how the members rate the programs rather than on the number of times it is taken out. The ones most in demand do not necessarily get the highest score.

Most members hire new tapes immediately after returning the old ones. This means over 50 returns every day. So the library now employs three people part-time, as well as Alec and his wife Erna.

"Nearly all our tapes are out on hire at any one time — if we have tapes on our shelves they tend to be the 1K ZX81 programs. At the moment adventures are going well and we get a lot of demand for Spectrum utilities."

To a software house the main headache a library throws up is that of illegal duplicating. Copying cassettes while they are out on hire is a very difficult problem to control.

"To start with I wasn't sure what sort of reactions we would get from software suppliers. I made one or two tentative enquiries before we set up the library and those software companies we spoke to seemed quite happy with our idea.

"Our service operates just like any other lending library — it's all perfectly legitimate. In fact, many public lending libraries now offer a music cassette lending facility — the local library in Liss certainly does. We are only doing the same with computer cassettes.

"At first all the money we earned went into building up our catalogue. We soon discovered there was a big demand for what we were doing. Luckily, all my business experience has been in mail-order. For the last 16 years I have been the managing director of a photographic supplies mail-order company.

"I knew roughly what we would be in for if the library turned out to be a success. If I had not been prepared we would certainly have been swamped — we are still getting 50 to 60 new members per week!

"We cater equally for ZX81 and Spectrum owners — in fact our membership is split right down the middle. Our range of ZX81 programs is greater, simply because the machine has been around longer.

"We choose which tapes we stock. There is often more than one program that does' much the same thing, particularly with utilities. Selection is made on the basis of manufacturer's literature and all our main suppliers keep us informed of new products.

"Of course there are a few suppliers who just don't want to know about software libraries. Some state on the cassette that it may not be hired out.

"We always make our intentions clear when ordering tapes for the library. Of all the companies we have contacted, only eight will not sell to us — and we respect that view. In such cases we simply do not have those programs in our library.

"All the tapes we hire out are bought from the manufacturer and many companies regard us as a good customer because of the quantities we buy. We could never stock all of the material from each company. If a member hires a tape



Luckily, all his business experience has been in mail order.

from us and likes it then he or she may well go out and buy it for themselves. Alternatively, they may find that the programs from a particular company are very good and, when they have a new product, buy it.

"Obviously we discourage them from illegally making copies. Many of our suppliers send us special versions of their programs which auto-run and cannot be saved.

"It is a rule of membership that library cassettes must not be duplicated.

"It has been suggested that we should pay a royalty to software companies. A figure of 20 percent has been mentioned which would be ludicrous — it would be more than the hire fee.

"The software houses get their cut anyway — both on the new tapes we buy and on the replacements bought later. I'm sure tapes wear out much more quickly than books do in public libraries."

Escape!

John Scriven finds out whether the latest Spectrum games are good enough to save you money in the arcades.

A friend of mine said last year that he'd recently bought a micro to save money. On enquiring how this might be achieved, I was surprised to discover that it was not to help with home finances, producing sales graphs or calculating odds on football pools. He had calculated that he spent £1.50 on video games every time he visited his local hostelry.

If he were to buy a ZX81, he could stay in and play arcade games and, in less than four months, he'd have saved himself the purchase price. Needless to say, he was back at the 20p slot within a month, disillusioned with the standard of the games he'd acquired.

Most were in Basic, very slow and could not compete with the colour and sound of the real thing. In the 18 months since this happened, micros have advanced considerably. The speed has been improved by the use of machine code in many games.

This review will consider how far the successor to the ZX81, the Spectrum, can emulate the original arcade games, or even surpass them.

There are several games based on the Pacman theme as well as one or two Invader look-alikes. It would be pleasant to find rather more innovation in game concepts, but it seems the great British arcade-playing public prefers tried and tested ideas and new games take time to catch on.

Mazeman from Abersoft is a mazepursuit game that involves eating dots
while avoiding four little ghosts who pursue
you. If you've recently eaten a power pill,
the hunters become the hunted for about
eight seconds. Tackling them gives you
extra points. There is on-screen display of
men left, screens eaten, individual score
and hi-score. On the whole it is a competent high-speed version but the choice of
cursor control keys for movement,
although logical, does not make for ease of
playing.

Spookyman from Abbex is similar in concept to Mazeman and does have the advantage of easier control keys. In fact any key in the top row of the keyboard moves your player up, the bottom row moves it downwards, and the middle two rows are divided in half for left and right movement. This means you can select which keys are most suitable for you.

The reason why this is preferable to the cursor keys is that the movement on the screen is related to the geographical positions on the keyboard. It is more suitable for high-speed action games. The answer,



John Scriven, games evaluator.

of course, is to use joysticks, and few games mention this facility.

This will doubtless change in 1983 when Sinclair, as well as Kempston, produce a joystick. Spookyman is very fast and does have a one- or two-player option, although all your turns have to be taken consecutively.

Spectres is the Bugbyte maze game and is similar to the two previous games. The graphics are more advanced and there is the entertaining story of Eddie the electrician trying to turn the lights on in a haunted house. But it is still a Pacman sheep in wolf's clothing. This is a fine product, but at £8, it is £3 more than the other two games, and as such, rather over-priced.

In its newly-announced collection of



software, Sinclair has included what appears to be yet another Pacman in the guise of *Hungry Horace*. It is soon clear, however, that a spark of originality lifts this game above run-of-the-mill maze games.

The maze has bridges and tunnels, an exit and an entrance through which an endearing little man appears. He has to be steered round, munching fruit that occasionally appears, while you avoid purple guards. If you reach what appears to be a bell, you can temporarily turn the tables on the guards and chase them. Should you negotiate the first maze successfully, there are three others that increase in complexity, the last one leading back to the first, but with an increase in difficulty. There is a sensible choice for movement keys and the sound of munching is very realistic.

This is one of the best Spectrum games and very addictive. It is noticeable that all

the Sinclair cassettes produced in conjunction with Psion are easily loaded and well-written.

New Generation Software has managed to achieve a maze games (Escape) that is both original and entertaining. The maze appears viewed from an angle of 45°, giving a 3-D effect. Vertical paths are obvious, horizontal ones often obscured by hedges. Difficulty is selectable from 1 to 5, and the object is to find a hidden axe and use it to batter down the exit.

No problem, you may think, except that dinosaurs (the same number as the difficulty level) pursue you. The graphics are excellent, especially a horrifying pterodon from which it is almost impossible to escape. Top scores are recorded, as is the time taken. My one criticism is the familiar difficulty of using the cursor keys for control.

There are two versions of Asteroids: Planetoids from Sinclair/Psion, and Meteoroids from Softek. The original arcade game provided you with a small triangular spaceship in the centre of the screen. Two buttons controlled rotation, and two more thrust and lasers. A panic button could hyperspace you to another part of the video universe.

The main enemy consisted of large chunks of interplanetary detritus that broke up until they were eventually vaporised. Additional excitement was provided by enemy saucers that shot at you. Avoiding this collection while destroying it was a challenge, but the graphics belonged to an earlier generation of arcade moneyspinners.

Planetoids copies the original faithfully, but uses the user-defined graphics facility to produce a much more life-like ship. Unfortunately the movement is not realistic, being both jerky and too easy to control. The original needed great skill to learn to use reverse thrust to prevent the ship careering off screen.

Softek's version suffers from a similar disregard for the laws of physics and has a simpler spacecraft. The meteoroids, however, are very solid in appearance and the game is more involved than Sinclair's, having shield and movement for protection. There is also the option to temporarily halt the game while you do the washing-up, the gardening or your homework without destroying your brilliant score. These are two versions of a rather dated game. Softek just wins on points. Sinclair's version does have a short game called *Missile* on the reverse which probably makes them of equal value.

Next come the obligatory versions of Space Invaders (yawn!), one from Sinclair/ Psion, Space Raiders, and one from Quicksilva, Space Intruders. Both include banks of invaders, laser cannons and buildings to shelter beneath. Sinclair's game has better graphics but is painfully slow. Quicksilva's version produces neat little invaders but rather simplistic ground shelters that disappear in big chunks and



cannot be used to fire through. This was a favourite trick on the arcade version. It is, however, fast enough to keep you awake during play, which is more than can be said for Space Invaders.

Another game that involves protecting a base from falling objects is Rox III from Llamasoft. You will need plenty of practice with this game to become proficient at destroying meteors as they crash near your moon base. Unfortunately, the advertising calls these Cruise missiles, which is factually incorrect — Lunar ballistic missiles would be more accurate — and in any case probably offends the not inconsiderable number of unilateralists in this country. The game itself is exciting and well written, as well as being good value at only £2.95.

Two games that push the potential of the Spectrum to its limits both originate from Silversoft. Perhaps "originate" is not the best word as they are both extremely good copies of complex arcade games. Ground Attack is a version of Scramble, in which you negotiate a tortuous tunnel system, bombing fuel dumps and shooting at rockets. There are controls for up, down, and sideways movement as well as bombs and laser buttons. It is a test of real dexterity to cope with the later stages of the tunnel. Good value at £5.95.

Silversoft's Orbiter seems to have reached the limits of Spectrum graphics. It reproduces almost all the features of Defender and is only slightly slower. The attack waves are all there, complete with little men, mutants, aliens, cluster bombs and the ability to fly to the left or the right. There is also the small radar screen at the top to show what sort of nasties are approaching.

I even found that using Orbiter for a few days improved my score on the arcade version. My small criticism is that there was no provision for a table of best scores. I'm sure that a great incentive to play arcade games is the ability to flash your name to all and sundry when you reach the top ten. Notwithstanding this, it's well worth £5.95.

There are two recently released games that attempt to boldly go where no arcade games have gone before. Cosmos, from Abbex, puts you at the controls of a spacecraft defending a convoy from the ravages of marauding aliens and the odd meteoroid. A radar screen in the corner of the main screen shows your relative position while the rest of the screen is taken up with the view from the cockpit.

Rushing into the game without studying the clear, on-screen instructions caused me to blast away at my own convoy, thus scoring the minimum points in about 10 seconds flat. The next time, I took more care to explore the possibilities of the game. Although novel in concept, I felt it lacked the speed one expects from this type of game. It is interesting enough, however, to find a place in many people's collections.

Time-Gate from Quicksilva is described as a "4-D adventure". It is the most complicated cassette that is reviewed here, and contains not only the program of the game, but also a short training prog-

ram explaining the scenario and the use of the controls. This is obligatory viewing otherwise you will not have the faintest idea what is happening.

The sleeve notes on the cassette contain the traditional Quicksilva Sci-Fi story just to put you in the right mood. To be honest, I would have preferred a list of the large number of control keys. Meanwhile, the story so far . . . this end of the universe has been invaded for several millennia by reptilian thugs. In order to eradicate them it is necessary to discover time-gates that lead you back to the time when they first appeared. Destroy them before they breed and mankind is saved for posterity, or at least until you run the game again.

The screen display consists of the view from the front of the craft, a galactic co-ordinate chart, and a target computer. Steering and fire controls are simplified by a keyboard template that slips over a section of the keys. There is provision for use of a joystick. It is possible to change speed, to jump to another sector of the universe, and to land on a planet to refuel.

This graphic sequence is particularly striking, as is the 3D effect as you battle it out with assorted aliens. In spite of the excellent graphics and use of screen to show spacecraft condition, I was not alone in finding the initial excitement beginning to pall as I waded back through time. Waiting to catch up with fleeing aliens was irritating.

Although I have reservations, Time-Gate is a complex, visually superb game that is to be commended on its novelty.

All the games here show how far home computers have progressed over the past 18 months. I wanted to show my friend with the ZX81 what he was missing, but he wasn't at home, I discovered him later in the corner of my local, scampering up video trees as he played "Donkey Kong". "Now here's a real game," he said, feeding another 20p into the slot.

Name	Туре	Supplier	Cost	Value
Planetoids/Missile	A	Sinclair	24.95	7
Space Raiders	1000	Sinclair	£4.95	5
Hungry Horace	M	Sinclair	£5.95	10
Spookyman	M	Abbex	£4.95	7
Cosmos	3D	Abbex	€4.95	7
Escape	M	New/Gen	£4.95	9
Orbiter		Silversoft	£5.95	10
Ground Attack		Silversoft	£5.95	9
Meteoroids	A	Softek	£4.95	7
Rox III		Llamasoft	£2.95	8
Spectres	M	Bugbyte	28.00	6
Space Intruders		Quicksilva	£4.95	6
Time Gate	3D	Quicksilva	£6.95	7
Mazeman	M	Abersoft	€4.95	7
Sinclair Research, Freen Abbex, 20 Ashley Court, New Generation Softwar mon, Bristol BS15 6QE Silversoft, 20 Orange Str Softek, 329 Croxted Roa Llamasoft, Lindon House Quicksilva, 92 Northern Abersoft, 7 Maes Afallen Bugbyte, Freepost, Liver	A — Asteroic I — Invaders M — Maze p 3D — 3D sin * — see artic	ursuit iulation		

Open Forum is for you to publish your programs and ideas. Take care that the listings you send in are all bug-free. Your documentation should start with a general description of the program and what it does and then give some detail of how the program is constructed. We will pay the Program of the Week double our new fee of £6 for each program published.

Race Maze

on 7.X81

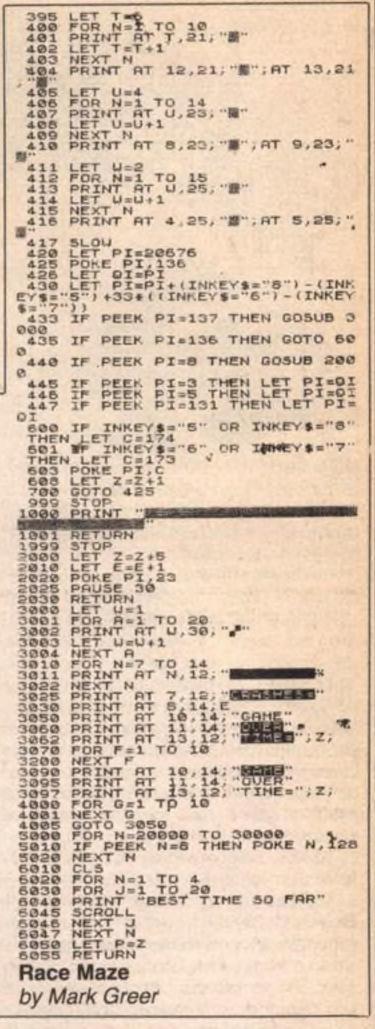
This is a games program, in which you are challenged to race your car through a complicated maze in the shortest possible time. If you are unlucky and crash, five seconds are added to your final time. At the very beginning of the program the

instructions are printed out, then the screen is cleared and the maze is printed out in fast-mode.

The movement of the car and the checking to see whether you have crashed is all done using *Peek* and *Poke*. Then the rest of the program is made up of the subroutines, one for crashing and one for printing out the end time and crashes.







Hoi Sin

on Spectrum

This not so ancient Chinese game will run happily on your equally not so ancient ZX Spectrum. It will require oriental patience and much eastern ingenuity.

There are no difficulty levels to choose between because there is only one level —

difficult. The instructions are included in the listing and are very comprehensive.

There are no aliens to shoot down, no mazes to get through, nor time limits to beat: all you have to beat is your own ability to think logically.

There is an old Chinese proverb which says the man who can be defeated is the man who does not try.

Program notes:

1 to 175 Setting up arrays and instructions.
185 Clears b\$.
190 to 210 Sets up a random board.

230 to 260 Inputs and checks move. 265 to 275 Makes the move. 280 to 285 Checks for completion.

290 to 315 Displays score, asks for another game. 335 to 380 Special move.

Subroutine 1130 prints reference board. Subroutine 1230 prints the up-to-date working board.

```
S LET s=0: LET m1=0: LET g=1:

DIM b(16): DIM bs(16)

10 INPUT "do you want instruct

1005 7 19/n)"; as

20 BORDER 1: CLS

25 POKE 23809,60

30 GU SUB 1130

45 IF as="n" THEN GD TO 180

55 PRINT AT 8.0: PRPER 1: "the b

card positions are", "randomity oc

tupled with the "; "letters as "TO

"", "the object of the game:
"", "the object of the game:
"", "order by ROTATING a group

of ", "four letters CLOCKUISE on

e position."; INK 0; PAPER

5; " you specify the upper left position of the four you wi

sh to rotote.

65 PRINT HT 21.3; PAPER 7; INK

2; BRIGHT 1; "Press any key to continue": PAUSE 9000: PRINT AT 4

14; PAPER 7; INK 2; "valid moves

are:"
```

```
70 PRINT PAPER 7; INK 1; AT 5,1
5; "1 2 3 5 6"; AT 6.15; "7 9 10 11
75 PRINT OUER 1; FLASH 1; AT 3,
1, "; AT 3,4; "; AT 3,7; "; AT
4,1; "; AT 5,4; "; AT 5,5; "; A
50 FOR (=5 TO 21; PRINT PAPER
1; AT 1,0; ; NEXT ; PAPER 7; INK
2; BRIGHT 1; "Press any key to c
ontinue PAUSE 9000; CLS : BORD
ER
7 90 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; "If th
board looked "; "like this :-
95 FOR i=1 TO 16; LET b$(i) = CH
R$ (i+64) NEXT i
100 LET b$(2) = "C"; LET b$(3) = "S
105 GO SUB 320
110 PRINT PAPER 6; OUER 1; BRIG
MT 1; AT 3,3; " AT 3,5; " AT 4,5
115 PRINT PAPER 5; AT 3.10; INK
```

```
O; "and you ":AT 4,10; "rotated

"AT 5.10: "position ":HT 6,10;"

"AT 3,3;" ": FOR f=0 TO 700: NEX

"AT 3,3;" ": FOR f=0 TO 700: NEX

120 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AT 9,1

0; "The board"; AT 10,10; "becomes

125 FOR 1=2 TO 7: LET bs(1) = CHR

130 GO SUG 1230

145 LET 0=1: PRINT PAPER 1; INK

7:HI 15.10; "And you "; AT 17,10

"would WIN"

150 PRINT HT 21,3; PAPER 7; INK

2; BRIGHT 1; "Press and key to continue": PAUSE 9000: CLS : BORD

ER 7

155 CLS

150 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; " AN

D you siso have one SPECIAL move

per game, which you may or may

not need. "In a ROW.

ENT letters", "In a ROW.
```



```
ILLEGAL MOVE- TRY AGAIN

": GO TO 235

265 LLT M*M+1: LET T$=8$(I): LE

T $$(I)=8$(I+4): LET 8$(I+1): LET 8

(I+5): LET 8$(I+5)=8$(I+1): LET 8

270 GO SUB 1230

275 PRINT PAPER 7; AT 19,0; ", P

APER 1: INK 7; AT 10,0; " MOUES

TRKEN 50 FAR 7: ", ", "

286 FOR I=1 TO 16: IF CHA$ (I+6

4) () 8$(I) THEN GO TO 235

285 NEXT I

290 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AT 10,0; ", YOU ORDERED THE BOARD IN

"; ", " MOUES

295 LET M1=M1+M: LET G=G+1

300 IMPUT "Play again (9/N) ?",

a$

310 FOR q=1 TO 60: BEEP .005, q:

NEXT q

315 PRINT PAPER 1; INK 7; AT 10,0; " you played "; g; " games and have an average score of "; mi/9; "

320 PRINT PAPER 7; INK 7; AT 10,0; " you played "; g; " games and have an average score of "; mi/9; "

320 PRINT PAPER 8: INK 0; " "; b$

(i); "; B$ (i+1); "; B$ (i+2); DRA

335 FOR i=1 TO 13 STEP 4

330 PRINT PAPER 8: INK 0; " "; b$

(i); "; B$ (i+1); "; B$ (i+2); DRA

U 65,0 DRAU 0, -33: DRAU -65,0:

DRAU 0, 33: RETURN

335 IF 5)=1 THEN GO TO 355

340 PRINT AT 21,0; "

345 FOR h=1 TO LEN X$: IF CODE

X$ (h) (48 OR CODE X$ (h) > 57 THEN G

O TO 340

350 NEXT h: LET X=UAL X$

355 INPUT PAPER 4; INK 0; "Secon

d position ?"; y$
```

PROGRAM OF THE WEEK

360 FOR h=1 TO LEN YS. IF CODE

9\$(h) (48 OR CODE YS(h)) 57 THEN G

0 TO 355
365 NEXT h: LET Y=UAL YS
370 IF X()Y+1 AND X()Y-1 OR X)=

17 OR Y)=17 THEN PRINT AT 19,0;

PAPER 1; INK 7; ILLEGAL MOUETRY AGAIN

NT AT 19,0; "GD TO 340

D75 LET S=S+1: IF S>1 THEN PRINT
Y ONE SPECIAL MOUE PER GAME "P

AUSE 120. PRINT AT 21,0; "GD TO 370

1130 LET b\$(y)=t\$: GO TO 370

1130 LET b\$(y)=t\$: GO TO 370

1135 FOR 1=1 TO 16: LET b(1)=1:
NEXT 1: PRINT
PAPER 6: TAB 1; b(1); TAD 4; b(1+1)
TAB 7; b(1+2); TAB 11; b(1+3): NEXT

140 PRINT PAPER 6; AT 3, 12; "; A

T 4, 12; "PLOT 1, 152; DHAU 104
,0; ORHU 0, -33: DRAU -104,0; DHA

U 3, 33

150 RETURN

1230 PRINT PAPER 7: INK 0: AT 12,
0; "B\$

1240 PRINT PAPER 6; INK 0; "B\$

1250 PRINT PAPER 6; INK 0; "B\$

1260 PRINT PAPER 6; INK

Hoi Sin by D. Wieckowski

Screen scrolls

on ZX81

The ZX81's Scroll and CLS routines are very slow, and this can be frustrating when you are trying to write fast-action games in Basic. Also the lack of lateral scrolls and a downward scroll can be quite maddening.

To get over this I have written five short machine code routines that are totally relocatable in Ram.

To work through, these routines need at least 31/4K of Ram.

The first listing is ready for treatment by Bug-Bytes ZXAS program — for those fortunate enough to own one. I have also given a simple Hex Loader program and a Hex Dump of the machine code, for programmers without the ZXAS program. To relocate the program just change the addresses set in line 20.

To enter the machine code type in the simple Hex loader and Run. Now key in the complete Hex Dump. If you make a mistake type "S" and Run again. When you have finished delete lines 10-130. The machine code is now held in line 2 and is ready for use.

To enter the machine code with an assembler enter line 2 as in the simple Hex loader and type in the Mnemonics. Now GOTO 9000 and then delete lines 3-9060.

If you do relocate the program, starting at address X then the call up points are as follows:

Scroll Up = x
Scroll Down = x + 27
Scroll Right = x + 56
Scroll Left = x + 85
CLS = x + 110

The routines only scroll the first 22 lines leaving the bottom two free for scores/ times to be *Poked* in and left unchanged after using the *Scrolls* or *CLS* routine.

Only one line is moved at once, like the

ZX81's scroll command does. It also blanks the line that is left stationary by the routines.

The Assembler Listing

Line 2 holds the machine code. Line 10 opens the assembler file.

Lines 30-150 scroll the screen up by using the instruction LDIR. The routine uses

registers DE, HL and BC. Lines 170-330 scroll the screen down by using LDDR. It uses registers BC, HL and DE.

Lines 350-530 move the screen to the right. It uses LDDR in a different configuration to before. The registers used are A, HL, DE and BC.

Lines 550-720 move the screen left.

The routine uses the instruction LDIR to do all the moving. Registers used are A, HL. DE and BC.

Lines 740-890 clear the screen. By adding lines:

815 SET 7,A CB FF 820 LD (HL),A 77

the CLS routine can become a screen invert routine. But to do this line 2 needs one extra "X" and the RESET-PRINT POSITION routine moves up by one byte but the label system on the Assembler automatically corrects this. The registers used are HL, BC and A.

Lines 910-980 are the reset print position routine. This is required by all routines otherwise some important system variables will be set incorrectly upon returning to Basic.

Line 990 closes the assembler file.

Lines 9000-9060 are the assembler control program. Line 9010 should be changed if you wish to relocate the program.

I have also written a very simple demonstration program just to show one way of using the routines, but they have limitless capabilities. These routines are very flexible so have a go at adapting them to do different jobs, such as blanking the unscrolled line with a different character. It is easier to manipulate the routines if they are stored above a lowered Ramtop.

```
HEX DUMP OF SCREEN SCROLLS
             16532
  16538
16546
                                                 E4ESF
  16554
  16552
16570
16578
                                                 2653AEFC0
  16536
16594
16682
   6518
  15534
  16650
            SIMPLE HEX LOADER
   2 REM ( 150 "X"S )
10 FAST
20 FOR A=16514 TO 16663
   30 SCROLL
40 PRINT A; "=";
   50 SLOW
 70 FAST

80 IF B$="" THEN GOTO 50

90 IF B$="S" THEN STOP

100 PRINT B$

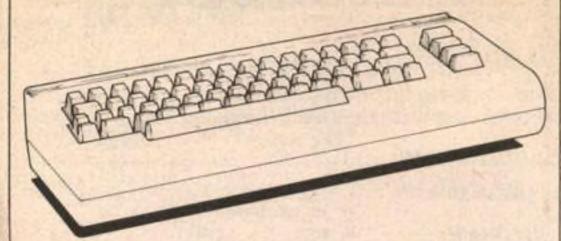
110 LET B=CODE B$+16+CODE B$(2)

120 POKE A.B

130 NEXT A
     MACHINE CODE CALL ADDRESSES
            16514=SCROLL UP
16541=SCROLL DOWN
16570=SCROLL RIGHT
16599=SCROLL LEFT
            16624=CL5
         DEHONSTRATION PROGRAM
3 LET UP=16514
4 LET DOUN=16541
5 LET RIGHT=16570
6 LET LEFT=16599
```

Continued on page 18

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```
PUSH DE
LD HL.33
ADD HL.DE
LD BC.693
 Continued from page 15
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        LD BC.S1
LD IR
LD (DE).A
ING DE
                                                                                                                                                                       40 REM
50 REM
60 REM
                    LET CLS=16624
LET CLSCHAR=16636
SLOW
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    540 REH
550 REM
550 REH
570 REH
    S LET CLSCHAR=16636
10 SLOW
20 GOSUB 1000
30 FOR A=1 TO 22
40 RAND USP UP
50 NEXT R
60 GOSUB 1000
70 FOR A=1 TO 22
80 RAND USR DOWN
90 NEXT R
100 GOSUB 1660
110 FOR A=1 TO 32
120 RAND USR RIGHT
130 NEXT R
140 GOSUB 1000
150 FOR A=1 TO 32
160 RAND USR LEFT
170 NEXT R
180 FOR A=0 TO 63
190 POXE CLSCHAR, R
200 RAND USR CLS
210 NEXT R
220 FOR A=128 TO 191
230 POXE CLSCHAR, R
240 RAND USR CLS
250 NEXT R
250 POXE CLSCHAR, R
                                                                                                                         90 REM POP SC
100 REM ROD HL.BC
110 REM LD 5.32
120 REM LD (HL).0
130 REM LD (HL).0
140 REM DJNZ.LO
150 REM JR L6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    730 REM JR L. (16

730 REM JR L. (16

730 REM INC HI

750 REM LD BC. 726

790 REM LD BC. 726

790 REM LSLD A. (HL)

800 REM LSLD A. (HL)

810 REM LD (HL).0

810 REM LD (HL).0

810 REM LD (HL).0

810 REM LD TINC HL

820 REM LD TINC HL
                                                                                                                                                               150 REM JR L6
160 REM + 50000
170 REM LD BC.726
180 REH LD HL. (16396)
185 REM PUSH HL
                                                                                                                                                                185 REH PUSH HL
198 REH ADD HL.BC
208 REH LD D.H
218 REH LD BC.693
238 REH LD BC.693
238 REH POP HL
268 REH ADD HL.BC
268 REH LD B.32
288 REH LD B.32
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     870 REH JR NZ.L5
880 REM CP 8
890 REM JR NZ.L5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               910 REM
910 REM
920 REM
930 REM
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          PRESENTER HITTERS INTOINS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           910 REM (L6LD HL. (16396)

920 REM INC HL

930 REM LD (18395).HL

940 REM LD (HL.).35

950 REM LD (HL).35

960 REM INC HL

970 REM LD (HL).24

980 REM RET

990 REM )

1000 REM FOR A 16K ZX-81

1010 REM
      250 POKE CLSCHAR, 0
270 RAND USR CLS
280 PRINT AT 11,12,"FINISHED"
999 STOP
                                                                                                                                                  318 REM INC HL
328 REM DJNZ.! 1
330 REM DJNZ.! 1
330 REM LB
340 REM *** RETURN
350 REM LD B.22
370 REM LD HL.(16396)
350 REM LD DE.725
390 REM LD DE.725
390 REM LD DE.1DE
400 REM LD D.H.
410 REM LD E.L
420 REM LD E.L
420 REM LD E.L
430 REM LD EC.31
450 REM LD SG.31
  1000 POKE CL3CHAR, 128

1010 RAND USR CL3

1020 PRINT AT 0,0,"TL"

1030 PRINT AT 0,30,"TR"

1040 PRINT AT 21,0,"BL"

1050 PRINT AT 21,30;"BR"
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              1020 REM URITTEN BY K. STREATER
                                 RSSEMBLER LISTING
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              1030 REM
9000 FAST
9010 LET ZZZ=16814
9020 POKE 32641, INT (ZZZ/256)
9030 POKE 32640, ZZZ-256 INT (ZZZ
2 REH GOSUB ?ERNDSTR$ 55; 2 CAL GOSUB GAT LPRINT #470 (CLS /? CHR$ EERND FAST #770 LPRINT FAST GOSUB GA LPRINT 70 7(CLS /? EERND) STR$ 77FUAL 3 GOSUB GA LPRINT 70 7(PAUSE /LECRND7 CHR$ 77FUAL 5 GOSUB GA LECRND7 CHR$ 77 GA NEXT LIST EERND75: RNDSTRNDG570/TA
                                                                                                                                                                    450 REH LDDR
                                                                                                                                                                  450 REH LDOR
460 REH LD (DE) .A
470 REH DEC DE
480 REM DEC HL
500 REM DEC HL
510 REM DEC HL
510 REM DJNI.L2
530 REM JR L6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                9040 PRINT AT 21,0, "ERROR ", PEEK
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               32651
9860 SLOU
                                                                                                                                                                    540 REM + XOR A
550 REM LD B. 3
 FOR ASSEMBLING BY BUG-BYTES ZXAS
                                                                                                                                                                   550 REH LD B.22
570 REH LD HL. (16396)
580 REH INC HL
590 REH LD D.H
500 REH LD E.L
          10 REM (
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                Screen scrolls
          20 REM + DE. (16396)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 by K A Streater
```

Calendar for 1983

on BBC Micro

This program will draw a 1983 calendar. The variables used are:

D\$(J) = Day of the week.

Y\$ = Year for the calendar (1983).

M = Number of days in the month.

M\$ = Name of the current month+Y\$.

L\$ and LL\$ are ruling lines.

S\$ = Two spaces.

T\$ = 20 spaces.

U\$

18

= Underscore the headings.

L = Length of each heading.

= End position of a heading.

= 1st January / loop variable.

= Days in month / loop variable.

To run the program:

1. Type 'RUN', then adjust position of

paper before switching on the printer to set the TOP OF FORM position. Press 'RETURN'.

At the end of a month the printout will stop to allow you to adjust the paper position, or insert a fresh sheet of paper.

Press' the SPACE BAR to continue printing, to the year's end.

- 4. Rulings can be changed by duplicating line 350 and inserting the extra L\$ rulings at new line 335 so giving more space for each day's entries. A dummy GET statement after the J = 1 on line 340 will halt printing at the end of each week.
- January 1st, 1983, is Saturday, the seventh day, hence J = 7 on line 220.
 For any other year the value for J must be reset and also Y\$ in line 50. On leap

years alter February 28 to 29 on line 150.

On the BBC Micro add line 90 VDU 1,27;1,65;1,10 to change the line spacing to 10/72 inch on the Epsom 80 printer and give a 10.5 inches page length for 31 days.

For many machines unpredictable results can be avoided by switching on the printer and entering all the printer instructions in direct mode from the keyboard first. These can be checked with a dummy run before the Basic program is loaded.

The 'string-forming' routine, on lines 260 to 300, is compatible with all Basics and will be found useful as a subroutine in other programs besides this one. M\$ is left padded with spaces to ensure good centring whereas the dates are left-justified to a standard format in line 330. A double line is ruled at the end of each week in line 340.

```
10 REM--
                                                       240 REM-
            CALENDAR FOR 1983
                                                       250 FORK=1TD12: READM$, M
20 REM
30 REM-
                                                             M$=M$+Y$: U$=""
                                                             L=LEN(M$): T=L/2+20
40 DIMD$ (7)
                                                       270
50 S$=" ":Y$=" 1983"
                                                             FORI=1TOL: U$=U$+"=":NEXT
                                                       280
60 T#="
                                                             PRINTRIGHTS (T$+M$, T)
                                                       290
                                                             PRINTRIGHT$ (T$+U$, T)
70 Ls="
                                                       300
310
                                                             PRINT
90 1
                                                       320
                                                             FORD=1TOM
100 DATASUNDAY, MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY
                                                               PRINTRIGHT$ (S$+STR$(D), 3); S$; D$(J)
                                                       330
                                                               IFJ=7 THEN PRINTLLS: J=1: GOTO 370
110 DATATHURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY
                                                       340
                                                       350
                                                               PRINTL$
130 REM SET FEBRUARY, 29 ON LEAP YRS.
                                                       360
                                                               J = J + 1
140 REM-
                                                               NEXT D
                                                       370
                                                                    REM DUMMY INPUT PAUSE
150 DATAJANUARY, 31, FEBRUARY, 28
                                                       380
                                                             X=GET:
160 DATAMARCH, 31, APRIL, 30, MAY, 31
                                                       390
                                                             NEXT K
170 DATAJUNE, 30, JULY, 31, AUGUST, 31
                                                       400 END
180 DATASEPTEMBER, 30, OCTOBER, 31
190 DATANOVEMBER, 30, DECEMBER, 31
200 FDRJ=1TD7:READD$(J):NEXT
                                                       Calendar for 1983
220 J=7: REM Saturday = 1st January
                                                       by L Hurst
230 REM ALTER J TO SUIT ANOTHER YEAR
```

Trace

on Vic 20

This program is an analogue display for Vic20 with 3K Super Expander, which uses a twin moving trace resembling that used in electrocardiographs, oscilloscopes, etc. The various parameters can be quickly altered to suit any particular

application. I reckon this program could be of immense value to hobbyists and experimenters for monitoring and displaying various inputs from external equipment.

The inputs are made through the control port of the Vic using the two paddle inputs. The program as I've supplied it runs as fast as possible (fastest trace scan) but should the user need a more rapid trace, he can dispense with the Vertical numerical col-

umn or alternatively, increase the increments in lines 50, 52 and 55.

The "unaffected" position of the two traces can be changed by altering the plussed-on values in lines 28 and 30. The traces automatically renew after each scan using line 56. Sound could be added to give a signal if the traces or just one trace, perhaps, reaches a certain position, to sound an alarm.

```
1 REM TWIN-TRACE DISPLAY
2 REM R. BARTON.
3 A=50
4 GRAPHIC2
6 COLOR0,3,1,1
10 CHAR0,0,"9":CHAR1,0,"8":CHAR2,0,"7":CHAR3,0,"6":CHAR4,0,"5"
11 CHAR5, 0, "4": CHAR6, 0, "3": CHAR7, 0, "2": CHAR8, 0, "1": CHAR9, 0, "0"
12 CHAR10,0,"9":CHAR11,0,"8":CHAR12,0,"7":CHAR13,0,"6":CHAR14,0,"5"
13 CHAR15,0,"4":CHAR16,0,"3":CHAR17,0,"2":CHAR18,0,"1":CHAR19,0,"0"
28 Y1=PEEK(36872)+35
30 Y2=PEEK(36873)+560
50 DRAW2, A, Y1TOA+30, Y1
52 DRAW2, A, Y2TOA+30, Y2
55 A=A+30
                                         Trace -
56 IFA>=1020THEN:SCNCLR:A=50
                                         by Richard Barton
100 GOTO10
```

Screen store

on Spectrum

This program is based on a very short machine code routine, stored above Ramtop, which will load one of up to five screens stored in memory immediately into the screen memory area. It needs only a small Basic program to display these screens instantly. The Spectrum can produce high resolution pictures, but it takes a long time. This program will not speed up that process, but at least they can be called up fairly rapidly.

A screen of data on the Spectrum is 6912 bytes long, so starting at the top of memory, and subtracting, we end up with the following addresses: 58624, 51712, 44800, 37888, 30976. The machine code is 12 bytes long giving us address 30964. So to reserve the space in memory we CLEAR 30963.

I used "prog 1" to load the machine code and if all has gone well on running it,

the result shown should be printed. The machine code is based on the LDIR instruction which will perform a transfer of a block of memory from one place to another. BC is loaded with the length of the block, HL with the address the block starts at and DE with the destination address. So BC is loaded with 6912, HL with 58624—the first address of our screens and DE is loaded with 16384 the starting address of the display file. A RANDOMISE USR 30964 will now call up this machine code.

When this space has been reserved and the code entered it is possible to load up to five different high resolution screens into memory. This is done by using a pre-recorded screen and using the direct command LOAD " " CODE 'address'. Where 'address' can be one of the five mentioned previously. To move a different screen to the one at location 58624 we must change the value of HL. So different values must be poked directly to addresses 30968 and 30969. Fortunately the length of the Spectrum's display file is an

exact multiple of 256 so we can leave address 30968 at '0' and poke 30969 with the required value. These are: 229, 202, 175, 148, 121.

The driver program will (from line 2) display a different screen every few seconds, depending on the *Pause* value in line 5. Once all five screens have been entered above Ramtop they can be stored on tape by SAVE 'name' CODE 30964,34572. What I did was to save "SL" line 1, the driver program, just before all the code so that it would load and run the code automatically.

It is possible to lower Ramtop even further and get another screen in but this leaves only enough room for about three lines of Basic! Alternatively Ramtop could be raised to store the minimum required number of screens. This program allows a high resolution screen to be instantly available in an ordinary Basic program and so it does not have to be loaded in separately at the beginning directly on to the screen.

```
30967 LD
30970 LD
30973 LDIR
                                                                                                                                                            HL,58624
DE,16384
                                                                    30974 176
      1 REM
               SCREEN LOADER
                                                                    38954 LD
                                                                                        BC,6912
                                                                                                                                             B) REM
Five screens may be loaded, at locations: 58624 : 51712 : 44880 37885 : 38976 Using the command LOAD "" CODE (location).
                                                                    30967 LD
                                                                                        HL,58624
                                                                                                           33
                                                                                                           229 RESTORE
    10 CLEAR 30963
20 FOR n=30964 TO 30975: READ
   20 FOR n=30964 TO 30975: READ POKE n,a 30 PRINT n;" ",PEEK n: NEXT n 40 DATA 1,0,27 50 DATA 33,0,229 60 DATA 237,176 80 DATA 201
                                                                                        DE,16384
                                                                   30970 LD
                                                                                                                                       1 BORDER 0: PAPER 0: INK 7: C
LEAR 30963: PRINT " LOADING LE
AUE TAPE RUNNING ": LOAD ""COD
                                                                                                           64
                                                                                                           237 GO SUB
176 UAL
                                                                   30973 LDIR
                                                                                                                                             2 DATA 175,202,229,202,175,14
                                                                                                                                       8,121,148,1
3 READ a: IF a=1 THEN RESTORE
                                                                                                           201 ()
                                                                   30975 RET
30964 1
30965 0
30966 27
30967 33
30968 0
                                                                                                                                                POKE 30969,8: RANDOMIZE USR
                                                                                                                                              S PAUSE 5: GO TO 3
30969 229
30970 17
30971 0
30972 64
30973 237
                                                                    30964 LD
                                                                                        BC,6912
                                                                                                                                       Screen store
                                                                   30975 RET
30976 NOP
30977 NOP
                                                                                                                                        by Keith Robertson
```

Polar plotting

on BBC Micro

This program is written in Basic for a BBC Microcomputer with 32K of Ram. It uses Mode 2 to produce a series of shapes with the high-resolution graphics. The computer will draw screens of circles, ellipses, spirals, and flowers.

Between each screen there is a brief pause, the screen will then clear and the next set of shapes will be drawn. Pressing Escape at any point will end the program, otherwise it will loop continuously.

Program notes:

50 to 80 Initialise - Calls PROCintro, which prints

a brief introduction, ON ERROR set by line 790, the cursor is turned off by line 70 and a graphics window is defined in line 80.

100 to 580 Main loop - Draws screensful of each of the shapes, each one being separated by a delay of several seconds. PROCplot is called to do all the drawing.

600 to 770 PROCplot - This procedure controls all of the plotting used to draw the various shapes. Eight parameters are passed from the main loop to this procedure. The first is the polar equation of the shape to be plotted. The other parameters control the size of the shape, its position on the screen and whether it is to be filled in or not. Lines 640 to 690 is the loop that converts each polar co-ordinate supplied from the equation into ordinary X-Y co-ordinates, Lines

710 to 760 fill in the shape if required_i.e.: if FL1% is passed as true. 780 to 930 PROCintro - initialise.

PROCwait - Provides delay of required number of seconds.

The technique used to draw all the shapes is that of polar plotting, which allows points to be represented by a distance and an angle rather than two distances. All this does is allow complex shapes to be represented by simple equations, i.e.: the equation of a spiral is r = theta.

The program is quite slow, since it is written in Basic, however, it does produce some nice effects. With Rem statements removed it occupies under 2K.

```
610 DEFPROCPlot(eqn#, XX, YX, SF, S, NX, FLX, FL2%)
 10 REM Polar Plotting Demonstration
                                                           620 LOCAL theta, r, x, y, x1%, y1%
 20 REM Written for the BBC MICRO
                                                           630 IF FL2% THEN x1%=RND(200)-100:91%=RND(200)-100
 30 REM Model B by M.J. Dunn
                                                           640 FOR theta=0 TO NX*PI STEP .063
 40 REM Initialise
 50 MODE 7: PROCintro
                                                                 r=(EVAL(eqn事)*S)
                                                                  x=n*COS(theta)*SF+X%: y=n*SIN(theta)*SF+Y%
 60 MODE 2
                                                           660
 65 REM Turn off cursor
                                                           670
                                                                 IF theta=0 THEN MOVE KIY ELSE DRAW XIY
 70 VDU 23;11,0;0;0;0
                                                                 IF FL2% THEN PLOT 1, x1%, 91% MOVE x, 9
                                                           680
 75 REM Define graphics window
                                                           690
                                                                 NEXT
                                                           700 IF NOT FL% THEN ENDPROC
 80 VDU 24,0,0,1279,975;
 90 REM Main Loop
                                                           705 REM Fill Shape
100 REPEAT
                                                           710 MOVE XX, YX
                                                           720 FOR theta=0 TO N%*PI STEP . 063
      COLOUR 1 PRINT TAB(6); "CIRCLES"
110
      FOR N%=1 TO 8
                                                           730
                                                                  r=(EVAL(eqn事)*S)
120
                                                                  MOVE r*COS(theta)*SF+X%, r*SIN(theta)*SF+Y%:
                                                           748
        GCOL 1, RND(7)
130
                                                               PLOT 85, r*COS(theta+.063)*SF+
        PROCP lot("2", RND(1279), RND(1023), RND
140
                                                               XX, n*SIN( theta+. 063 )*SF+Y%
      (100)+40,1,2,TRUE,FALSE)
150
        NEXT
                                                           750
                                                                  MOVE XX, YX
      PROCuait(3)
160
                                                           760
                                                                  NEXT
170
      CLG
                                                           770 ENDPROC
      FOR N%=1 TO 8
180
                                                           780 DEFPROCIntro
        GCOL 1, RND(7)
190
                                                           790 ON ERROR MODE 7 END
        PROCP Lot("2", RND(1279), RND(1023), RND
200
                                                           800 VDU 23:11.0:0:0:0
      (100)+40,1,2,FALSE,TRUE)
                                                           810 V=RND(-TIME)
                                                           820 PRINT TAB(6,6); CHR#(141)CHR#(131), "GRAPHICS
210
        NEXT
      PROCWait(3)
                                                                DEMONSTRATION"; TAB(6,7); CHR#(1
220
                                                                41 )CHR#(131)) "GRAPHICS DEMONSTRATION"
230
248
      COLOUR 2:PRINT TAB(6); "ELLIPSES"
250
      FOR N%=1 TO 8
                                                           840 PRINT " This program draws on the screen a
        GCOL 1, RND(7)
268
                                                                series of geometrical figures, such as
        PROCPlot("3/(2+COS(theta))", RND(1279),
270
                                                                circles, ellipses, spirals etc."
      RND(1023), RND(100)+40,1,2, TRUE, FALSE)
                                                         1 1850 PRINT
280
        NEXT
                                                           860 PRINT "After each screen there will be a
290
      PROCWait(3)
                                                                short pause, the screen will clear
300
      CLG
                                                                , and the nextsection will be drawn."
310
      FOR N%=1 TO 8
                                                            870 PRINT
        GCOL 1, RND(7)
320
                                                           880 PRINT "Press"; CHR#(129); "ESCAPE"; CHR#(135);
        PROCP lot("3/(2+COS(theta))", RND(1279),
330
                                                                "to halt the Program."
      RND(1023), RND(100)+40,1,2, FALSE, TRUE)
                                                            890 PRINT
340
        NEXT
                                                            900 PRINTTAB(6); CHR#(134); "Press any key to
350
      PROCWait(3)
                                                                start"
360
      CLS
                                                            910 *FX 15,1
      COLOUR 3: PRINT TAB(6); "SPIRALS"
370
                                                            920 A=GET
388
      FOR NX=1 TO 7
                                                            938 ENDPROC
390
        GCOL 8, N%
                                                           935 REM Delay Proceedure
400
        PROCPlot("theta", 640, 512, 10, N%, 4, FALSE,
                                                           948 DEFPROCWait(S):LOCAL T:T=TIME:REPEAT UNTIL
      FALSE)
                                                                TIME>T+S*100 ENDPROC
410
        NEXT
      PROCWait(3)
420
                                                         Polar plotting
430
      CLG
                                                          by M Dunn
      FOR NX=1 TO 7
440
450
        GCOL 1, N%
460
        PROCPlot("theta", 640, 512, 10, N%, 4, FALSE,
      TRUE )
470
        NEXT
      PROCwait(3)
488
490
      CLS
500
      COLOUR 4: PRINT TAB(5); "FLOWERS"
      FOR N%=1 TO 8
510
520
        GCOL 0, RND(7)
530
        A%=RND(16)+4
540
        PROCPlot("1+COS(theta*A%)", RND(1279),
      RND(1023), 100, 1, 2, FALSE, FALSE)
```

Hypnotist

on Spectrum

This compact program gives an infinite

array of changing patterns.

As you can see from the examples the pattern is generated on plain and vertically-striped backgrounds, thus giving differing effects. Sound is produced at the end of each drawing sequence.

To copy on to the printer, press 'Break -Copy' and when printed 'Continue'. The pattern will then commence from the last drawing sequence. Try alternative patterns by adjusting line 40.

550

560

570

580

590 END

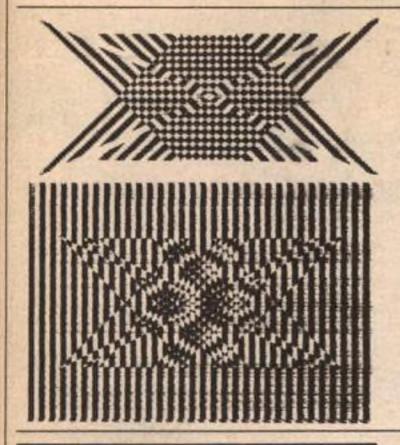
NEXT

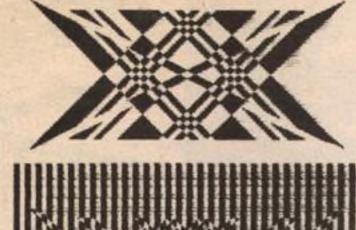
CLS

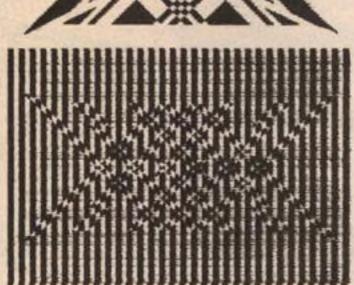
PROCWait(3)

UNTIL FALSE

600 REM Proceedure to Plot shapes







10 REM HYPNOTIST
20 BORDER 0: GO SUB 120
30 LET ==175: LET c=94: OVER 1
40 LET b=1NT (RND*18)
50 FOR b=1 TO 6+b: LET d=40
60 PLOT d+b,d: DRAW b,b
70 PLOT d+a-b,d: DRAW b,-b
90 PLOT d+a-b,d+c: DRAW -b,-b
100 NEXT b: BEEP .1,b-40
1100 PAPER 0: CL5: INK 1+6*RND
130 IF RND?.5 THEN RETURN
140 FOR a=0 TO 87
150 PRINT "8+CHR\$ 133";
150 RETURN

Hypnotist by Paul Reynolds

Bird and caterpillar

on Vic-20

A hungry caterpillar is crawling over your screen. The caterpillar spots a nice piece of lettuce and it is up to you to see that it gets the lettuce. You have full control over the direction in which the caterpillar moves. The direction can be changed by pressing one of four keys as follows:

Z for LEFT.

X for RIGHT.

for UP.

Danger lurks. The caterpillar must not hit the wall (the edge of the screen display), otherwise it gets squashed. Also the caterpillar musn't suddenly go backwards, otherwise it bites itself and the game ends. Thus, for example, if the caterpillar is going down don't press / for up, press Z or X first. As soon as a piece of food is eaten another piece appears.

There is more danger around. A bird is

flying around the screen, it may eat the caterpillar or the food. The bird usually heads straight towards the food and hovers around the food, waiting for you. If you are fast you'll be able to make the caterpillar eat the food and escape from the bird. You'll do well if the caterpillar eats more than ten bits of food.

The program will run on any Vic20, expanded or not, lines 11 and 12 take care of the necessary changes. The many Rem statements explain the program.

```
2 REM
           X BIRD AND CATERPILLAR X
3 REM
4 REM
           X BY CZES KOSNIOWSKI X
5 REM
6 REM
           7 REM
8 REM
18 REM XXXXXXXXX INITIAL SETTINGS XXXXXXXXXXX
11 PP=7688+(PEEK(44))=18)#3584
12 QQ=38488+(PEEK(44))=18)#512
13 V0=3687E S0=V0-1
14 POKE VO+1,26
21 PRINT CHR#(147)
22 PRINT " BIRD AND CATERPILLAR "
23 PRINT "CONTROLS : " : PRINT
24 PRINT "Z LEFT
                    . DOWN" PRINT
25 PRINT "X RIGHT
26 PRINT " PRESS ANY KEY TO GO"
27 DET OF IF 0#"" THEN 27
TO REM MODOWOOD SETTINGS FOR EACH NEW GAME
31 REM XXXXXXXX CATERPILLAR XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
32 A(8)*PP+238
33 A(1)=A(8)-1
34 A(2)=A(1)-1
35 X=1 Y=0
36 SA=0
42 U=8:V=1
58 REM MODINION SCREEN MODININGOCKOCKOCK
51 PRINT CHR$(147)
52 FOR J=0 TO 22
53 POKE 00+22#J.2
54 POKE PP+22#J.168
55 POKE 00+22#J+21:2
56 POKE PP+22*J+21.168
57 FOR I=1 TO 28
58 POKE 00+1+22#J.5
59 NEXT NEXT
61 K=PP+463+INT(RND(1)#28)
62 POKE KJBB
63 M=INT((K-PP)/22)
64 NeK-PP-22#M
```

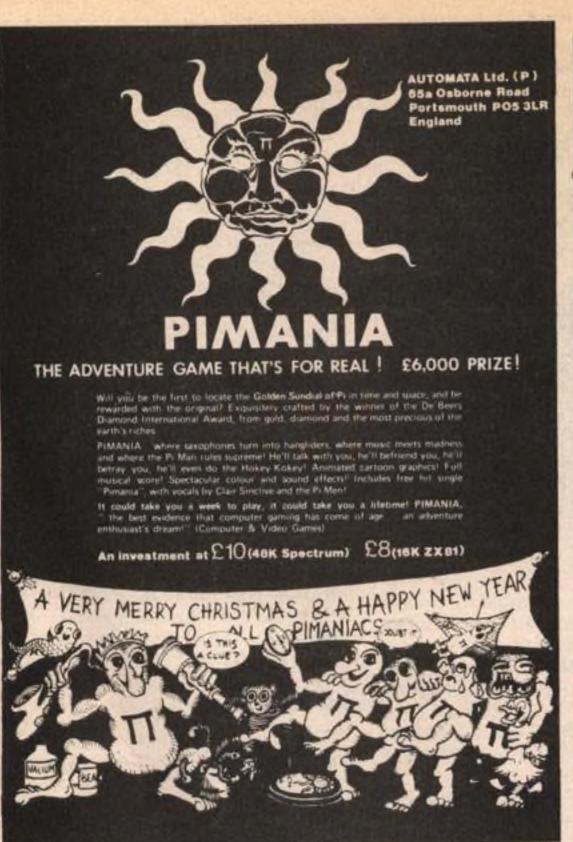
```
71 REM XXXXXXXXXX CATERPILLAR CONTROLS XXXXXXX
72 BET R#
73 IF As="Z" THEN X=-1 Y=0
74 IF AFO"X" THEN X=1 Y=8
75 IF As=" . THEN X=0:Y=-1
76 IF R#="/" THEN K=0:Y=1
88 REM XXXXXXXX HAS CATERPILLAR HIT WALL? X
81 W=R(8)+X+22#Y-PP+1
82 IF W2586 OR W(1 THEN Z=1 00TO 178
83 HH-H-22*INT(H/22)
84 IF MM=1 OR MM=8 THEN Z=1 GOTO 178
98 REM XXXXXXXX HAS CRTERPILLAR BIT ITSELF?
91 IF A(8)=A(2) THEN Z=2:00TO 178
188 REM XXXXXXXXX THE CATERPILLAR XXXXXXXXX
101 POKE 8(2),32
102 A(2)=A(1) A(1)=A(0)
193 H(0)=H(0)+K+22#Y
184 POKE A(8),168
118 REM XXXXXXXX HAS CATERPILLAR EATEN FOOD?
111 IF R(8)=K THEN SR=SR+1 COSUB 200
128 REM XXXXXXXX RANDOM CHANGE OF BIRD'S DIRECTION
121 IF MOINT(D/22) THEN V=V#V COTO 124
122 IF M=INT(1/22) THEN U=1 V=0
123 Va-V#V
124 IF NODE THEN U=U*U-00TO 129
125 IF N=DD THEN U=0 V=1
126 U=-U*U
127 1F HOINT(D/22) THEN V=V+V GOTG 129
129 V=-V#V
129 ON INT(RHD(1)#9) GGSUB 228
138 REM XXXXXXXX MAKING SURE BIRD DOES NOT CRASH
131 D=B+U+22*V-PF+1
132 DD*D-22*INT(D/22)
133 IF DO586 OR DC1 OR DDC2 OR DDD21 THEN U=-U:V=-V
140 REN REGORDER THE BIRD RERECTIONSERVED COM
141 POKE D. 32
142 B=B+U+22#V
143 POKE B. 65
150 REM NOROCONN HAS BIRD EATEN CATERPILLAR
151 FOR 1=8 TO 2
152 IF B=R(1) THEN Z=3:GOTO 178
153 NEXT
168 REM MONOCOUNT HAS BIRD ERTEN FOOD MONOCOUNT
161 IF B=K THEN COSUB 200
162 0010 72
170 REM XXXXXXXXX CATERPILLAR DEAD XXXXXXXXXXX
```

171 POKE S0.223

172 FOR I=15 TO 0 STEP -2

```
173 POKE VO. I
174 FOR J=1 TO 188 NEXT
175 NEXT
176 POKE 50,8
177 POKE VO.8
178 PRINT CHR#(147)
179 PRINT " BIRD AND CHTERPILLAR " PRINT
180 PRINT " THE CATERPILLAR ATE ".SA:
181 IF SA=1 THEN PRINT "BIT OF FOOD":00TO 183
182 PRINT "BITS OF FOOD"
183 PRINT
184 IF Z=1 THEN PRINT " CRTERPILLAR SQUASHED "
185 IF Z=2 THEN PRINT "CATERPILLAR BIT ITSELF "
197 FOR I=1 TO 1000 NEKT
188 POKE 198/8
189 PRINT PRINT " ANOTHER GO? Y OR N
198 GET G# IF G#="" THEN 198
191 IF G##Y" THEN 38
192 END
200 REM XXXXXXX FOOD HAS BEEN EATEN XXXXXX
282 FOR 1=15 TO 8 STEP -1
203 POKE 50,225+1
204 POKE VO. I
285 FOR J=1 TO 18 NEXT
286 NEXT
207 FOKE SO. 8
288 POKE VO.8
210 REM WXXXXXXX NEW FOOD WXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
211 M=INT(RND(1)#23)
212 N=INT(RND(1)#20)+1
213 K=H+22*H+PP
214 IF KOB THEN 211
215 FOR I=8 TO 2
216 IF A(1)=K THEN 211
217 NEXT
218 POKE K,88
219 RETURN
228 UU=V V=U U=UU RETURN
```

Bird and caterpillar by Czes Kosniowski





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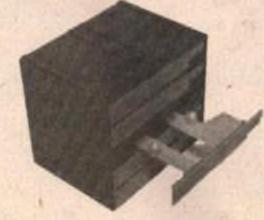
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Storing data above ramtop

Kevin Griffiths explains how to transfer data between programs on the 16K ZX81.

The programs in this article show how to Load separate data files from cassette into the ZX81 while a program is already in the machine, by storing data above ramtop. All the programs require a 16K Ram pack.

On many occasions it may be beneficial to transfer data used in one program to another, so that it may be handled in a different format. Let us take an example. Suppose you were selling software and you wanted to store customers' records on computer, eg create a datafile, produce labels to stick on the packages, produce a cheque schedule for the bank and update your computer-stored accounts. If you received say, 50 orders on a given day, then you would need to type in name, address, cheque number and amount of each order into four separate programs. A far less time consuming and daunting task would be to type the information in once and pass it into each program.

Here are one program and two routines to enable you to do just that. The two routines are included within two example

programs.

Program 1 will be repeated each time you use the technique. It would be advisable therefore to type in this program and Save it on to tape before following the example.

We are going to use a simple telephone directory, which will contain just five records as a demonstration. The directory will use the following arrays As(5,10), B\$(5,50), C(5) and the string Z\$. These have been used to show that any type of data may be passed.

First, enter program 1. Then add the following lines to the beginning of the program.

10 DIM A\$(5,10)

20 DIM B\$(5,50)

30 DIM C(5)

40 LET Z\$ = "(6 spaces) TELEPHONE DIRECTORY (7 spaces)"

Any arrays which you Dimension must always be at the beginning of the program for this technique to work (if you wanted machine code routines you would need to store them in an array instead of a Rem line).

After entering the above lines, type Run followed by Newline. The number of bytes that will need to be made available to hold your data above ramtop should appear on the screen. If you are satisfied with your arrays, do as the computer asks and type Y followed by Newline, if not type N and correct your arrays. After typing Y the computer will automatically New the program and the K cursor will appear in the bottom left-hand corner. Now enter program 2.

The beginning of the second program already contains our Dimensioned arrays. This program would normally be your data entry type program. If you Run the program the computer will ask for name. address and telephone number five times. As it does so, you should invent some data and enter it. On completion, the computer will go into Fast mode and store a copy of your data above ramtop. Having done so. it will ask you to New and enter the next program. Lines 200 to 290 are the lines you would need to add to your data entry program.

The next program will recall the data and handle it as necessary, eg print labels. In our example, this program is merely going to print the data that we have entered. However, before you enter program 3. type in as a direct command:

PRINT Z\$

or

PRINT A\$(2)

On both occasions the computer will return a report code of 2/0, proving that it cannot find the data. Now enter program 3 and simply type Run followed by Newline.

Again the computer will go into Fast mode and, after a few seconds, will return to Slow mode and print the data on the screen.

The routine for recovering the data is between lines 60 and 120 and must be entered in any program which needs to access the data. Note the word access, as this is all the program does. It copies the data from above ramtop, it does not destroy it so all you need to do is keep Loading programs with the above routine to keep using the same data.

The most important point to remember is that you must Dimension your arrays at the beginning of each program and in the same order. Programs 1 and 2 Dimensioned Zs using a Let statement. Zs was 32 characters long and contained the title. Program 3, however, just defined Zs as an empty string 32 characters long. This is necessary for the computer to have an area to put the title in when recalling data from above ramtop.

The program and routines are simple to use and a little bit of thought by the user about program ideas and design can open up endless possibilities.

```
PROGRAM 1.
        200 LET A=PEEK 16400+256+PEEK 1
   5401
210 LET B=PEEK 16404+256*PEEK 1
6405
        220 LET C=B-A
230 PRINT "YOUR DATA WILL REQUI
       240 PRINT "BYTES ABOVE RAMTOP."
        250 PRINT "IF YOU WISH RAHTOP T
        BE SET " TO ACCOMODATE YOUR A
  RRAYS THEN" PLEASE TYPE ""Y"", T
                                                                                                                                                                 PROGRAM 3.
   HEN LOAD"
280 PRINT "NEXT PROGRAM."
290 PRINT
                                                                                                                                                                          10 DIM A$(5,10)
20 DIM B$(5,50)
30 DIM C(5)
40 LET Z$="
                      PRINT "IF YOU WISH TO CHANG
   E THE ARRAYS"
310 PRINT "IN ANY WAY PLEASE TY
      320 PRINT "AND AMEND."

330 INPUT Z$

335 IF Z$(>"Y" THEN CL5

340 IF Z$(>"Y" THEN LIST

350 LET X=C-7

360 POKE 16369, INT (126-(X/256)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      THIS SECTION RECALLS
THE DATA TO BE USED
IN THE REST OF THE
PROGRAM
                                                                                                                                                                 60 FAST
70 LET A=32768-(PEEK 16388+256
*PEEK 16389)
80 LET B=PEEK 16400+256*PEEK 1
        370 POKE 16388, (256+(128-PEEK 1
                                                                                                                                                                     98 FOR X=0 TO (A-1)
180 POKE B+X, PEEK (32768-A+X)
110 NEXT X
120 SLOU
125 REH EXAMPLE PROGRAM
  PROGRAH 2.
                                                                                                                                                                     130 CLS
140 FOR
                                                                                                                                                                                      FOR I=1 TO 5
                                                                                                                                                                   150 PRINT Z$
160 PRINT A$(I)
170 PRINT A$(I)
1
          10 DIM A$(5,10)
20 DIM B$(5,50)
30 DIM C(5)
40 LET Z$="
                                                                                       TELEPHONE DIR
  ECTORY
          50 FOR I=1 TO 5
55 CLS
60 PRINT "NAME "; I
70 INPUT A$(I)
     80 PRINT A$(1)
85 PRINT A$(1)
87 PRINT "ADDRESS"
100 INPUT B$(1)
110 PRINT B$(1)
       120 PRINT "TEL. NO."
     130 PRINT "TEL. NO."
140 INPUT C(I)
150 PRINT C(I)
170 NEXT I
160 CLS
200 REM THE SECTION FOLLOWING
TRANSFERS THE DATA
ABOVE RAMTUP.
  205 FAST
210 LET A=32768- (PEEK 16388+256
*PEEK 16389)
*PEEK 16389)
220 LET B=PEEK 16400+256*PEEK 1
6401
230 FOR X=0 TO (A-1)
240 POKE (32768-A)+X,PEEK (B+X)
250 NEXT X
260 SLOU
270 PRINT "DATA HAS BEEN STORED
      280 PRINT "PLEASE ""NEW"" AND L
OAD NEXT" "PROGRAM."
```

At your command

David Nowotnik explains how you can Peek and Poke to the Spectrum display file.

Because of the complex layout of the Spectrum display file, the handbook suggests that you are unlikely to want to use Peek or Poke to this area of Ram. However, for high resolution interactive games or animation effects, you probably will want to use these commands. The problem lies in the calculation of addresses in the display file from row and column data.

To demonstrate the order in which the display file is arranged, try this one-line program. It can be entered as a direct command:

FOR I = 16384 to 22527: POKE I, BIN 111111111: NEXT I

The Bin number causes all pixels to be Ink. A mixture of 0s and 1s will produce a striped pattern. You should notice several things from this routine:

 The display file is divided into three groups of eight character rows each.

Each character square is made up of eight rows of pixels.

Each character square is also eight pixels across, this eight pixel row forms one byte in the display file.

 In each group of eight rows, the top pixel row of all character squares is filled in first, then the second row, and so on.

To be able to calculate addresses, this pattern has to be expressed mathematically. One method of doing this is to turn to binary arithmetic. Expressing display file addresses as a 16-bit binary number, I found that certain groups of bits controlled certain aspects of the screen position corresponding to that address. This is demonstrated in figure 1.

Fig 1. Groups of binary bits within the screen address

010000000000000

Group

1 — Bit 14 is set to indicate values above 16383.

2 — These two bits hold values 0,1, or 2; they indicate which group of eight rows.

3 — Pixel row number within a character (0-7).

4 - Character row number within a group (0-7).

5 — Column number (0-31).

From this relationship, I obtained the following expression for calculating screen addresses:

Address = 16384 + 32 * (y AND 192) + 256 * (y AND 7) + 4 * (y AND 56) + x

Where y is the pixel row number (0-191) and x is the byte column number (0-31). Position 0,0 is at the top left of the screen.

Unfortunately, the Spectrum does not carry out conventional And or Or operations (unlike the ZX80 and ZX81), so, this routine will not work using the Spectrum

And. To overcome this problem, I turned to three simple machine code routines to perform And in the demonstration program in figure 2.

Written for the 16K Spectrum, the Read/ Data lines (100-140) Poke the machine code into the UDG area. Lines 140-180 set columns in the attribute file to random Ink colours, whilst lines 200-230 draw a random high-resolution bar chart. The length of the bars grows one pixel row at a time as you watch the display. The subroutine in lines 20-30 *Pokes* the *y* value into the three machine code routines; line 30 calculates the addresses according to the aforementioned formula. All the machine code does is:

LD B,0 LD A,y AND 7 LD C,A RET

similarly for And 56 and And 192.

fig 2. Barcharts

10 GOTO 100

20 POKE 32747,y: POKE 32755,y: POKE 32763,y

30 LET a=16384+32* USR 32760+

256* USR 32744+4* USR 32752+x

40 RETURN

100 FOR i=32744 TO 32767

110 READ a: POKE i,a

120 NEXT i

130 DATA 6,0,62,0,230,7,79,201,

6,0,62,230,56,79,201,6,0,62,0,

230,192,79,201

140 FOR i=22528 TO 22559

150 LET a=56+ RND*7

160 FOR j=0 TO 767 STEP 32

170 POKE i+j,a

180 NEXT j: NEXT i

200 FOR x=0 TO 31

210 FOR j=190 TO INT(RND*120)

STEP -1

220 GO SUB 20: POKE a,254

230 NEXT Y: NEXT X





Plotting data according to scale

G Morton presents a graph plotting routine to represent data on an x, y scale.

I devised this program to enable me to quickly plot the results obtained from electrical experiments.

Lines 10-100 input the experimental results in the form x,y. Lines 110-150 and lines 160-200 determine the peak values of x and y respectively, so as to be able to scale the screen axis correctly. Lines 210-220 determine the scaling factors for the x and y axis.

Lines 240-270 are required because the Dragon cannot print text to the graphics screen. These lines merely tell the operator the values corresponding to the graduations on the axis.

Line 280 gives the operator time to read the previous screen. Please note that the print statements have been laid out correctly to fill the lines without breaking any words, so don't miss the spaces. Line 280 could be changed to a press "a" to continue form, but I found the time allowed quite adequate.

Lines 310-340 adjust the data by using the scaling factors. Lines 330-340 change the data to integer form suitable for the *Pset* statements. This produces an error of less than ½ percent, quite suitable for experimental data.

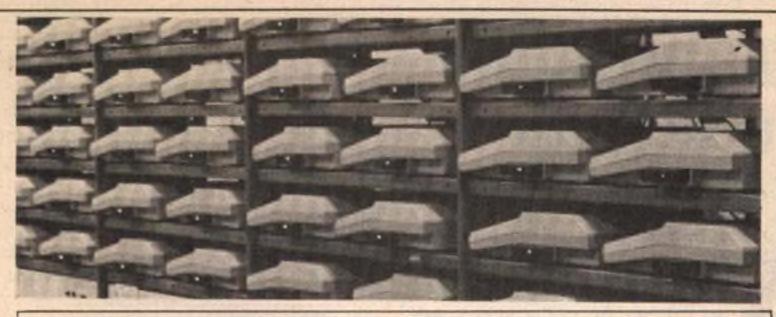


Line 350 prints the data to the screen while lines 370-380 plot the x and y axis Lines 390-440 plot the graduations on the axis.

Line 290 defines the mode as 3. This is not the highest definition, but does allow the simultaneous plotting of several sets of data in different colours.

While I do not think this is the most efficient method of setting out the program, it is quite quick enough for this purpose. If required, an added line at 355 could be used to plot lines between each data point.

For more than 40 points of data, change the dimension statements in line 30.



- 10 CLS1
- 20 INPUT "HOW MANY POINTS ? MAXIMUM OF 40"; L
- 30 DIM As(40), Bs(40)
- 40 FOR M=1 TO L
- 50 CLS
- 60 PRINT "INPUT X COORDINATE OF POINT ";M
- 70 INPUT AS(M)
- 80 PRINT "INPUT Y COORDINATE OF POINT ";M
- 90 INPUT B\$(M)
- 100 NEXT M
- 110 B=VAL(A\$(1))
- 120 FOR M=2 TO L
- 130 IF VAL(A\$(M))>B THEN GOTO 140 ELSE GOTO 150
- 140 B=VAL(A\$(M))
- 150 NEXT M
- 160 C=VAL(A=(1))
- 170 FOR M=2 TO L
- 180 IF VAL(B\$(M))>C THEN GOTO 190 ELSE GOTO 200
- 190 C=VAL(B\$(M))
- 200 NEXT M
- 210 D=230/B
- 220 E=170/C
- 230 CLS
- 240 PRINT"THE FOLLOWING GRAPH REPRESENTS THE DATA PREVIOUSLY DEFINED"
- 250 PRINT"THE PEAK VALUE OF X IS ";B
- 260 PRINT"THE PEAK VALUE OF Y IS ";C
- 270 PRINT" HENCE EACH LINE REPRESENTS 1/10TH OF THESE ANSWERS ON THE RESPEC TIVE SCALES"
- 280 FOR S=1 TO 8000: NEXTS
- 290 PMODE 3,1:SCREEN 1,0:PCLS
- 300 FOR M=1 TO L
- 310 日本(M)=STR本(D*(VAL(日本(M))))
- 320 B\$(M)=STR\$(EX(VAL(B\$(M))))
- 330 X=INT(VAL(A\$(M)))
- 340 Y=INT(VAL(B\$(M)))
- 350 PSET(X+22,170-Y,3)
- 360 NEXT M
- 370 LINE(22,170)-(22,0), PSET
- 380 LINE(22,170)-(252,170), PSET
- 390 FOR F=1 T010
- 400 LINE(230*F/10+22,172)-(230*F/10+22,168), PSET
- 410 NEXT F
- 420 FOR F=1 TO 10
- 430 LINE(20,170*F/10)-(24,170*F/10), PSET
- 440 NEXT F
- 450 GOTO450

In principle it's easy

This is the last article in our current series on machine code. Further machine code articles, programs and routines will follow shortly.

To get a horizontal line, 10 characters long, on the top line of the display, we could execute the following code:

3E 88 LD A, 88 set value to be displayed LDB. OA 06 0A set loop count LD HL, (400C) 2A 0C 40 point to first character in display file INC HL 23 LOOP: LD (HL), A 77 display INC HL 23 point to next character DJNZ LOOP 10 FC do it again

To do the same job anywhere else on the display, all we need to do is alter the start value of *HL* by an appropriate offset. In principle it's easy to calculate the necessary offset. Let's think about the display file (see figure below).

If the HL is incremented after having been loaded from D-file so that it points at column 0, row 0, then we simply multiply the row number we want by 33 and add on the column number. That is:

offset=row * 33+column

Provided the row value never exceeds 7, we could use our 8-bit multiplier here. But there's a neater way:

offset=row * (32+1)+column =row * 32+row+column

Despite the fact that this expression for the offset seems more complicated than the original, it has the advantage that the multiplication is now by a power of 2 (2⁵), so all we have to do is shift row left 5 times to evaluate row * 32.

Now let us imagine that the row value is available in the E-register, and the column value is in the C-register. We can calculate the offset like this:

LD B, 05 06 05 SHIFT: SLA E CB 23 DJNZ SHIFT 10 FC

But it's not quite as easy as that! This piece of code shifts the E register contents left 5 times all right. That's fine if row * 32 is less than 255, but it could easily be more

than that, and then the E-register will overflow.

So we need a 16-bit register. If we use De, the above code can be used as a basis for the routine, but there are some pieces to add on. First, we will have to make sure that D contains zero to begin with. Second, as bits shift left off the end of E we want them to appear in D and then shift along D. This will work:

LD D, 00 1600 clear D load loop count into B LD B, 05 06 05 CB 22 | SHIFT: SLAD shift left DE CB23 SLA E go to End of loop on JRNC EOL 30 01 no carry put the carry into the INC D junior bit of D

Now we want to add this into HL, having first loaded it with the address of the first character in the display file:

LD HL, (400C) 2A 0C 40 INC HL 23 ADD HL, DE 19

Well, there was:

Unfortunately, what we now need to do is to add the row value into HL, and the copy in E has been destroyed by the shift operations. That's no real problem, because we presumably passed the row value from Basic by Poking it to a byte just before the beginning of the machine code routine in the usual way, and it's still available there. So all we have to do is zero D, load E from this byte and Add HI, De again. But this does prompt the question, "Was there a neather order in which to do things?"

LD HL, (400C)2A 0C 40 compute address of first character INC HL 23 in display file 16.00 LD D, 00 add row value to it ADD HL, DE 19 LD B, 05 06 05 ******************* compute 32 * row as before EOL: DJNZ SHIFT 10add this into HL ADD HL, DE 19 add column value into ADD HL, BC 09

Now we simply execute the "draw a line" routine as before:

LD A, 88 3E 88 (or whatever) LD B, 0A 06 0A LOOP: LD (HL), A 77 INC HL 23

DJNZ LOOP 10 FC

The hex codes are given below, tidied up.

There's no test in the routine to check

that the line being drawn doesn't go over the right-hand edge of the display, and of course, such a check should be included. Otherwise a pile of end-of-line returns could get clobbered. The easiest way of doing this would be to test whether the character we're about to overwrite is a newline. If so, dont.

This routine produces a horizontal line because of the *Inc HI* instruction in the loop. Change *HI* by some value other than 1, and we get different shapes. *Inc HI* twice, and every other print position will display the character, for instance. Add 33 (decimal) into *HI* in every loop and we get a vertical line. Add 34 (decimal) into *HI* in each loop and we get a diagonal line.

You could have a library of such routines and simply call one whenever you want that kind of line.

Here is the complete code. This time we won't bother with addresses in the listing: they're not important (thanks, once again, to relative jumps).

LD C. 00 0E 00 1E 00 LD E, 00 LD HL, (400C) 2A 0C 40 23 INC HL 16 00 LD D. 00 ADD HL, DE 19 06 05 LD B, 05 CB 22 SHIFT: SLAD **CB 23** SLAE 30 01 JRNC EOL 14 INC D 10 F7 EOL: DJNZ SHIFT ADD HL, DE 19 ADD HL, BC 09 LD B. 00 06 00 3E 00 LD A, 00 LOOP: LD (HL), A 77 LD DE, 00 00 11 00 00 ADD HL, DE 19 10 F9 DJNZ LOOP

The zero bytes underlined must be poked before calling the routine, as follows:

Start address+ 1: starting column (e.g. 05 for

Start address+ 3: starting row e.g. 07 for row 7)
Start address+25: number of characters to be plotted (e.g. 0A)
Start address+27: code of graphics character (e.g. 86 for (e.g. 01 for a horizontal line, 21 for a vertical line, 20 or 22 for diagonal lines)

Start address+31: not normally used unless the

value to be added exceeds

Once you have loaded this up, and seen what it does, think about incorporating it into Basic programs to generate, say, a series of squares. Use Rnd to find the top left-hand corner (column and row) and the length of side. Then Poke the relevant

addresses in the machine code routine, and call it via *Usr*. Do this four times for the four sides of the (open) rectangle. Don't forget to test the sizes to see if it will all fit on the screen!

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		1 2 3
Colum	in →	01234567890123456789012345678901
Row	Ø	>00000000000000000000000000000000000000
1	1	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
	2	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
	3	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
and so	4	

Is there anything about your computer you don't understand, and which everyone else seems to take for granted? Whatever your problem *Peek* it to lan Beardsmore and every week he will *Poke* back as many answers as he can. The address is *Peek & Poke, PCW,* Hobhouse Court, 19 Whitcomb Street, London WC2 7HF.

COMPLICATIONS IN COLOUR

Julian Bowden of London SE9, writes:

Q I own a ZX81, and read with interest your article about its US counterpart the Timex 1000. Jeff Naylor said that he adapted his for use over here by by-passing the US modulator and attaching the unit from his own ZX81.

This reminded me that I had been given an Atari video games machine for a Christmas present, and of course I could not use it. I contacted Atari who said that a modification would cost £28.75. I am wondering why it cost this much when a US computer can be adapted quite easily to run on British television.

A You miss one important fact. The ZX81 and Timex 1000 are both black and white video output. Your Atari games machine is colour. Therefore, this requires a much more complex conversion from NSTC to PAL. It would include some internal modification. I am sure that Atari could do it as they have all the plans, but it would be a very different matter for anyone else to attempt it.

The other point is that a conversion done by a non-registered dealer would void your guarantee. Unless you go to the opposite extreme and buy an NSTC compatible television, I would suggest that the only practicable way out of this situation is to send the machine to Atari.

YOU WILL NEED SPECIAL INTERFACING

M Ridgeway of Taylor Road, Southcourt, Alyesbury, Bucks, writes:

Q Hopefully, at Christmas I will be getting an Atari 400 computer. I would like to ask some questions. Can the Amber 2400 printer be used with the Atari 400 without special interfacing? Will the track ball for the Atari VCS,

which is available in America, be able to fit the 400, and will it be released over here?

Lastly, as yet you have not published any programs for the Atari. Now that the price has been lowered to £199, I am sure that a lot more people will be buying it. So, will you publish some programs for it in the future?

A The Amber 2400 will need special interfacing for use with either of the Atari machines. A cable will be needed to interface the Amber to one of the joystick ports. You will also need a special routine, which comes on cassette, to add the controls to the computer.

The price of the printer is £80.40, the conversion cable and cassette is £18.34, and postage and packing is £2.95. All these prices are fully inclusive of VAT. You will also receive complete instructions, a spare inking ribbon and a spare roll of paper.

A couple of people have asked about the track ball. At the moment, Atari does not make one, either here or in America. The one in the US is manufactured by an independent company. A track ball is being considered for the new Atari computer based on the 400, but it is not due for release over here until well into 1983. None of the current games software employs the track ball, so you would have to write you own routines.

As for publishing Atari programs, we are more than happy to consider programs for any micro computer. But so far we have had little response from Atari owners. So, how about sending some in?

IS THE FAULT AT

C Steneson of Military Road, Pembroke Dock, Dyfed, writes:

Q I own a Vic20 which I have had for a week. However, after being on for half an hour, it constantly

crashes or resets itself. The power light also flashes on and off. Is this a fault in my Vic or are mains fluctuations causing this.

A I cannot see how mains fluctuations can cause this, unless you are having similar trouble with other domestic appliances in your house. If you are, then you will have to call an electrician quickly.

Far more likely is a fault in your Vic. I have not met this problem before on the Vic, which has a good record for reliability. It would seem that somewhere along the line the power input is being overloaded, or else there is a loose wire. If the power light goes out then obviously you have lost power, which is the reason why the computer resets itself—it has the same effect as turning your machine off.

The only thing that puzzles me slightly is why the computer waits half an hour before going off. Is this time pretty constant, or is it variable? If it is constant then it might be a component at fault, such as a capacitor not discharging properly. If the time varies a great deal, then it is more likely to be a loose wire.

It would be as well to check the external wiring, which in effect means checking the plug, to see that a wire has not come loose. If not, you will have to take your computer back to where you bought it and ask for it to be changed or repaired.

CONTRAST CONTROL CUTS DAZZLE

Norman Peckett of Court Close, High Wycombe, Buckinghamshire, writes:

Q I have had my Spectrum for two and a half weeks. Right from the start it has dazzled me. Should the colours be less bright?

Could you also explain to me how I can ask a question in a program, (eg with a Y/N answer) so that I can redirect the user to the beginning of the program, or the end, using the Inkey\$ function. By the way, I received my Spectrum after cancelling my order and buying a Dragon for cash.

A It is most likely that the television is not set cor-

rectly, which is the cause of your being dazzled. It should not happen. Try re-setting the contrast slightly.

To use Inkey\$ all you need is a line like If Inkey\$ = "Y"
Then Goto ... and If Not Inkey\$ = "Y" Then Goto
... You are not restricted to Goto, but can use any of the statements that can be put after a Then. for example Print, Gosub, Let and Stop, are all possible.

LOADING AND SAVING NOT ZX81 PROBLEMS

R W Denney of Taunton, Somerset, writes:

Q I would appreciate your advice on my ZX81 with QS 3K expansion. After initial problems with Loading and Saving, I found that it worked if I took out the Ear jack when Loading. However, after about three weeks my programs failed to Load. The first to go wrong were those near the memory limit.

I wrote to Sinclair Research and they sent me a printed sheet on this problem. The sheet advised that 'output from the cassette should be 2 to 41/2 volts, peak to peak.' This output seems excessive - the output from my hi-fi is only 21/2 volts. Although pleased with the ZX81, I am disappointed with the storage facilities. I did think of buying a Spectrum, but not if the programs are going to become difficult to store, and can only be stored for a short while.

A Loading and Saving remains the largest single problem with the ZX81. You do not actually say if the measures advised by Sinclair have been of any use. You need not worry about the output of 4 volts from the Ear socket. The output is AC and there are capacitors in the circuitry to cut down any overload. Also remember that 4-4½ volts is the peak voltage — much of it is less than that.

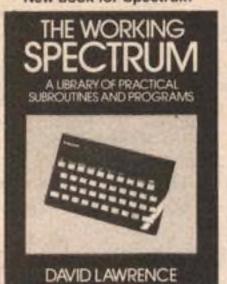
The 2½ volts from your hi-fi is probably DC, to which different laws apply.

As I have said on several occasions before, whatever problems you might or might not get with a Spectrum, there is no evidence that Loading and Saving will be among them.

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TANGERINE COMPUTER, 16K Ram, two high res, boards, all options, Apple PSU keyboard + keypad, extended Basic, fully cased with fan, lots of software. Offers. Tel: 0483 31949.

DRAGON 32, six weeks old, still under guarantee, £165 ono, Space Invader cartridge, £12. Mrs Mawlavaux, 01-304 3659

TI994/A THERMAL PRINTER for sale, offers over £150. H. Jones, Kerry, Wales (068688) 502 (evenings and weekends).

SHARP PC1500, colour printer plotter + 8K Ram, one month old, hardly used, £279. Tel: 01-464 0845.

9" MONITOR, black and white, £20 ono. Tel: 01-301 4763.

8K PACK BASIC III, cassette deck, dust cover, manuals, games, boxed, £400 ono. Tel: 01-363 8901 (Nick).

VIC20 CARTRIDGE for exchange, Pirates Cove, Super Lander, Super Shot. Tel: 0438 811634 after 6 pm.

Wanted

SWAP VIC20 Adventure, Golden Baton, for Time-Machine or Arrow of Death or other Vic adventure. Phil McDonald, Bournemouth (0202) 682974.

WANTED, ZX Spectrum, 16K or 48K. John Ireland, Cardionoe (0492) 77439.

VIC20 SOFTWARE to swap. Star Battle cartridge plus Lair 16K Adventure for any CBM Adventure cartridge, except Private Cove. Harland, Aycliffe (0325) 316956.

SWAP. Adventure land cartridge for any other adventure. Tel: 0733-237101.

ZX SPECTRUM. Any K. Mr Holt. Tel: 061-794 5172 evenings.

ZX81, Sinclair built, 16K, power pack, leads, etc. full size moving key keyboard + software, £70. Tel: 01-301 1482, Mr. Sims, evenings.

SWAP VIC20. Audio genie, Tank Attack cartridge for any other Commodore cartridge. Tel: 0772 744439. after 5 pm.

ALIEN FOR NIGHTRACER or Superslot. Phone 051-487 7840. Phone between 5.15 and 6.00 pm.

SWAP VIC20 Pirate Cove cartridge for another adventure. Tel: Stevenage (0438) 811634 (after 6 pm).

VIC20 OR SINCLAIR (possibly extras), locally. Tel: Bromsgrove 75225, Mr.

VIC20 + cassette deck. Will offer cash. Tel: 01-575 3779. Martin (evenings).

WANTED, ZX81, 16K, about £50. Tel: Arundel (0903) 883063 (evenings or weekends).

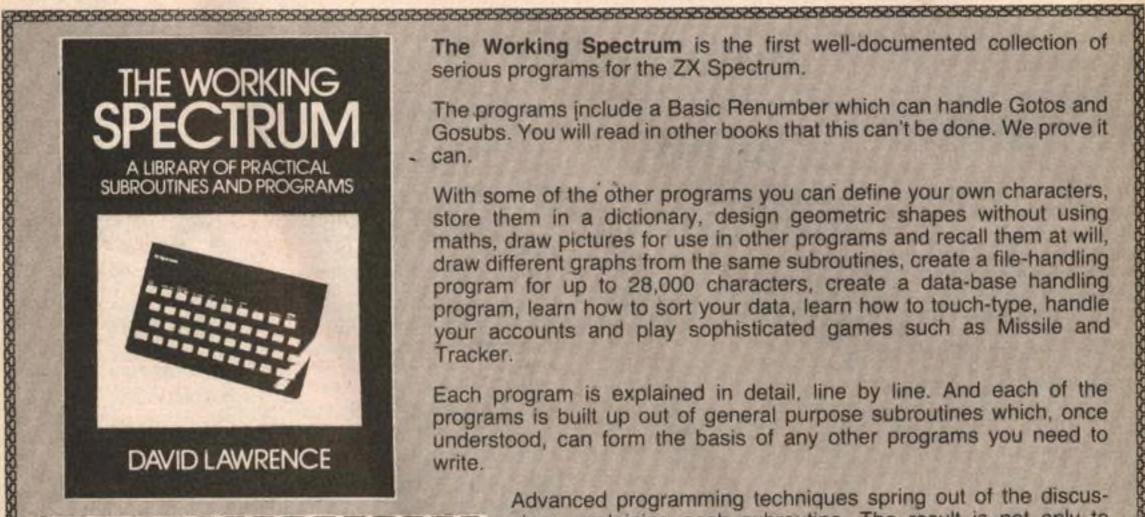
DRAGON OR SIMILAR, exchange musical instruments. Tel: Stephen, after 7 pm, Bradford 603500.

1 QUICKSILVA CHARACTER BOARD, any price considered. Tel: Gregory 0349 882026.

WANTED: 48K SPECTRUM. Mr. Toorad, 01-834 7743827 (daytime).

WANTED: VIC20, super expander or 3K Ram, or any other cartridges, in exchange for software. Tel: 01-888 0510, after 4 pm.

WANTED: TWO BOOKS from Melbourne House Publishers, The Complete Sinclair ZX81 Basic Course. Machine Language Programming Made Simple. Tel: 0271 64184.



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Ziggurat



Beautiful programs

There is a German proverb which, roughly translated, says "Could everything be done twice, everything would be done better". What this boils down to is that it is easy to be wise after the event — hindsight is twenty-twenty!

In computing, I wonder if those critics who pontificate about this and that have ever produced an original work themselves. Aristotle wrote (in *Politics*) "They who are to be judges must also be performers".

This introduction is intended to set the stage for some critical comments of my own, about a program published in *Open Forum*. I am not going to say which issue — it was some time ago — or use the exact lines from the program, but I assure you that the program is no mirage. It is easy to knock with the experience of hind-sight, but as I have published programs myself for others to criticise (and they certainly have) perhaps I might be allowed a few observations.

The program was written by a ten-year-old child, which I think is very important. To have written a program of the complexity of that child's attempt, at the age of ten, is commendable. However, at that age it is very easy to get carried away with a program and it is difficult to hold oneself back.

When I was looking through the listing of the program, my attention was attracted to lines such as:

1000 IF T = A OR U = 1 THEN PROCBANG 1010 IF T = B OR U = 2 THEN PROCBANG 1020 IF T = C OR U = 3 THEN PROCBANG 1030 IF T = D OR U = 1 THEN PROCBANG

1040 IF T = E OR U = 2 THEN PROCBANG

There seemed to be a rather obvious regularity. The repetition consisted in the five If statements which all referred to the same procedure.

This repetition was compounded in my search to discover the nature of the variables A to E. The original assignments to the variables were contained in one line:

10 A = RND (9); B = RND (9); C = RND (9); D = RND (9); E = RND (9)

The form was there for all to see. All the five variables A to E were the same, though of different value.

When faced with such a display of repetition, it is difficult to understand why it was not exploited in some way when the program was written. The reason of course is that form and symmetry are in the eye of the beholder — and such an eye is sharpened by hindsight. The ten-year-old in question obviously did not see the program as a whole, just as a collection of parts.

So what is wrong with that? Nothing, except it is a very inefficient way of programming.

The aforementioned program could be improved by finding a way of coping with variables which are the same, yet can take different values:

5 DIM VAR(5)

10 FOR I = 1 TO 5:VAR(I) = RND(9):NEXT I

When we come to the If statements, we can see that the numbers to which U is compared have a logical pattern. So we can write:

1000 FOR I = 1 TO 5 1010 IF T = VAR(I) OR U = I - INT((I - 1)/3) + 3 THEN PROCBANG 1020 NEXT I

Sad to say, however, as far as the routine programming one tends to see published is concerned, both the use of arrays (dimensioned variables) and modular (or clock) arithmetic is

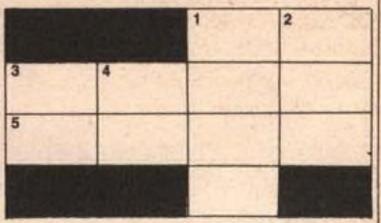
The potential saving in programming space is considerable though. The amount to which we can economise depends on the way we approach programming. Beauty is all!

Boris Allan

Puzzle

A's down

Puzzle No 36



Across: 1. A - B; 3. A + B; 5. A². Down: 1. B²; 2. 8B; 3. B; 4. A - B.

Solution to Puzzle No 32

This algorithm produces Pascal's triangle. The number of families in each cave is given by the sum of the numbers of families in the two adjacent caves immediately above.

1	Row 0
11	Row 1
1 2 1	Row 2
1 3 3 1	Row 3
1 4 6 4 1	Row 4
5 10 10 5 1	Row 5

The numbers in the rows correspond to terms in the Binomial expansion (a + x)n. For example, to find the terms in the fifth row we expand: $(a + x)^5 = 1a^5 + 5a^4x + 10a^3x^2 + 10a^2x^3 + 5ax^4 + 1x^5$.

The numbers in front of the terms (called the coefficients) give the numbers of families at each level of the cave system.

The sum of the coefficients in each row gives the probability of successive tossing of a coin producing a head (or a tail) repeatedly. For example — what is the probability of getting four heads in four tossings? Look at the fourth row of the triangle. 1 + 4 + 6 + 4 + 1 = 16 — so the probability is 1 in 16.

Winner of Puzzle No 32

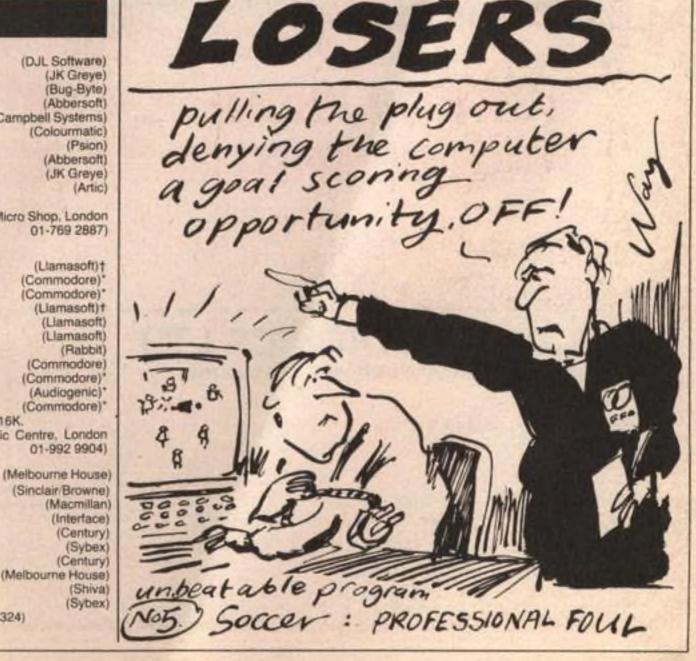
The winner is: W R Masefield, Slade Road, Holland-on-Sea, Essex, who receives £10.

Top 10

		Married Mr. 1		
1(1) Preppie (A	dventure International)	1(3)	Frogger	(DJL Software)
2(7) Scott Adams Adve	ntures (Adventure In-	2(2)	3D Defender	(JK Greye)
ternational)		3(1)	Mazogs	(Bug-Byte)
3(4) Air Strike	(English Software)	4(4)	Mazeman	(Abbersoft)
4(2) Jumbo Jet Pilot	(Thorn EMI)*	5(5)	Gulp II	(Campbell Systems)
5(3) Submarine Comm		6(6)	Gauntlet	(Colourmatic)
6(5) Snooker and Billian		7(7)	Flight Simulation	(Psion
7(-) Hell Cat Ace (Adventure 1	(Abbersoft
8(-) War (Ad	venture International)†		3D Monster Maze	(JK Greye
9(-) Soccer	(Thorn EMI)*		Chess	(Artic
10(-) Snooper Troops 1	(Spinnaker)†	"All T		111111111111111111111111111111111111111
*Cartridge, †Disc.				r Micro Shop, Londor
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Spectrum 1(1) Time Gate	(Outeballus):		Traxx	(Llamasoft)†
A COMPANY OF COMPANY OF COMPANY	(Quicksilva)*	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Sargon II Chess	(Commodore)
2(-) Spectres	(Bug-Byte)	3(7)	Jellymonsters	(Commodore)*
3(3) Escape	New Generation)	4(2)		(Liamasoft)†
4(2) Orbiter	(Silvasoft)	5(1)	Grid Runner	(Llamasoft)
5(6) Adventure 1	(Abbersoft)	6(4)		(Llamasoft)
6(8) Football Manager	(Addictive Games)*	7(8)	The state of the s	(Rabbit)
7(10) Master File	(Campbell Systems)*	8(9)		(Commodore)
8(7) Espionage Island	(Artic)*		Adventureland	(Commodore)
9(-) Night Flite	(Hewson)		10) Spiders of Mars	(Audiogenic)
10(-) Gulpman	(Campbell Systems)		-) Voodoo Castle	(Commodore)
*Requires 48K.		"Carti	ridge. †Requires 8K	or 16K.
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	London 01-769 2887)	1/435		01-992 9904
Books		-		
1(1) Spectrum Machine	Language for the Absolu	ие вед	inner, Tang	(Melbourne House
2(5) ZX Spectrum Explo	ored, Hartnell			(Sinclair/Browne
3(-) Assembly Language		BEC Mic	ro, Birnbaum	(Macmillar
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(Figures compiled by Watford Technical Books, Watford, 0923 23324) (Last week's position in brackets)

ZX81"



GBC Micro Revealed, Ruston

Programming the 6502, Zaks

B(-) Over the Spectrum, various authors

10(-) Programming the Z80, Zaks

ne Spectrum Handbook, Langdell

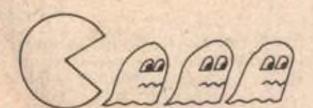
35 Programs for the Dragon 32, Langdell

9(6) Machine Code and Better Basic, Stewart and Jones

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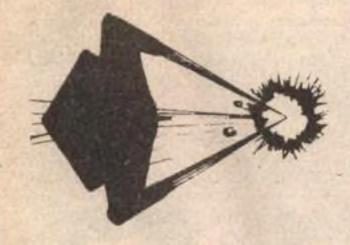
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